



ESTIMATED CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19) PANDEMIC FEDERAL FISCAL RELIEF FUNDING

This memorandum provides information regarding estimated federal funding that may be available to North Dakota state and local government agencies as a result of fiscal relief legislation passed by the federal government in response to the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and amounts approved by the Budget Section to date.

UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BILL NO. 6074

On March 6, 2020, President Donald Trump signed a \$8.3 billion bill to provide economic stimulus to states, territories, and tribes. The bill, also called the Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2020, allocates:

- \$3.4 billion to the federal public health and social services emergency fund for vaccine efforts, therapeutics, diagnosis, medical supplies, medical surge capacity building, health services, and oversight;
- \$2.2 billion to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) for federal, state, and local public health efforts, surveillance, testing, infection control, mitigation, and replenishing funds;

Of this funding, the CDC may use approximately \$1.05 billion to reimburse state, local, and tribal governments for expenses incurred since January 2020 related to COVID-19. The funding may be in the form of grants or cooperative agreements.

- \$985 million for global health programs by supporting health systems overseas, international disaster assistance, and economic support;
- \$836 million to the National Institutes of Health for research and development of vaccines, therapeutics and diagnostics, and training to reduce exposure of hospital employees and first responders;
- \$500 million for temporary reimbursement for telehealth for all Medicare enrollees;
- \$264 million to the Department of State for consular operations, emergency evacuation, and other preparedness efforts; and
- \$82 million for other purposes, such as the Food and Drug Administration, Small Business Administration, and United States Agency for International Development.

UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BILL NO. 6201

On March 18, 2020, President Trump signed the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA), which provides the following:

- \$1.2 billion to the National Disaster Medical System for the reimbursement of costs for testing uninsured individuals for COVID-19;

- **\$1.0 billion for emergency transfers to states to pay for unemployment benefits;**

Each state would receive a proportional amount based on the share of federal unemployment insurance taxes paid by its employers. Of the total, \$500 million is for immediate funding to all states for staffing, technology, systems, and other administrative costs. The remaining \$500 million would be distributed to states if a state's unemployment claims increased by at least 10 percent over the same quarter in the previous year.

Eligible laid-off workers can receive regular unemployment benefits for as long as 26 weeks. After exhausting those benefits, individuals in states with rising unemployment can qualify for an additional 13 weeks of benefits through the extended benefit program. The state matching requirement for the extended benefits program is waived for the rest of calendar year 2020.

- \$250 million for Department of Health and Human Services for the elderly, including \$160 million for home-delivered nutrition services, \$80 million for congregate nutrition services (such as adult day care centers and meal sites), and \$10 million for nutrition services for Native Americans;
- \$500 million for the women, infants, and children program;
- \$400 million for the commodity assistance program for emergency food assistance;
- \$64 million to the Indian Health Service;
- Provides additional supplemental nutritional assistance program (SNAP) aid to children and families when a child's school is closed for at least 5 days due to COVID-19 public health emergency;
- Increases state federal medical assistance percentages (FMAP) by 6.2 percent. This applies to regular FMAP and not for Expanded Medicaid rates under the Affordable Care Act;
- Requires most employers to provide emergency sick leave to employees, excluding governmental entities. Employers will be eligible for a refundable tax credit to offset costs of providing the leave; and
- Requires private sector employers with 500 or fewer workers and government entities to provide 12 weeks of job-protected leave, of which the first 2 weeks are unpaid, under the Family and Medical Leave Act for employees who must be quarantined because of exposure to the virus, is providing care to a family member who must be quarantined, or must provide care to a child younger than 18 years of age whose school or day care has closed because of the virus.

UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BILL NO. 748

On March 27, 2020, President Trump signed a \$2.2 trillion bill to provide economic stimulus to states, territories, and tribes. The bill, also called the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act:

- Creates a \$500 billion lending fund for businesses, cities, and states, including major industry corporations, such as the airline industry companies;
- Provides \$350 billion for a paycheck protection program to incentivize small businesses to continue paying workers;
- Creates a \$150 billion coronavirus relief fund for state, local, and tribal governments, of which **North Dakota is estimated to receive \$1.25 billion;**

Of this amount, \$8 billion is for tribal entities, \$3 billion is for United States territories including the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico, and \$139 billion is for the states. The \$139 billion dedicated for states will be distributed based on population. Every state will receive a minimum of \$1.25 billion.

Local governments with populations of at least 500,000 may request a direct payment from the treasury secretary. State distributions are reduced by the local payment, but the portion of a state's distribution which can be provided directly to local governments is capped at 45 percent, resulting in states receiving at least 55 percent of the total distribution.

Funds may be used for necessary expenditures incurred due to COVID-19 which were incurred between March 1, 2020, and December 30, 2020, and were not accounted for in the most recently approved state budget.

- Provides an additional \$190 billion to state and local governments for higher education, K-12 schools, family programs, block grants, and other programs to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic;
- Provides \$179.5 billion for public services, including \$100 billion for hospitals and \$20 billion for veterans' health care;
- Provides \$45 billion for the federal disaster relief fund for the immediate needs of state, local, tribal, and territorial governments to protect citizens and help them respond and recover from the effects of COVID-19;
- Provides \$44 billion for temporary suspension of principal and interest payments on federally held student loans through September 30, 2020;
- Creates a \$30 billion education stabilization fund for states, school districts, and institutions of higher education for cost related to COVID-19;
- Provides \$25 billion for transit systems, to be distributed through existing formulas, such as urbanized area formula grants and formula grants for rural areas, using federal fiscal year 2020 apportionment formulas;
- Provides \$4.3 billion for the CDC to provide support to federal, state, and local public health agencies to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the pandemic;
- Provides \$1.4 billion for deployments of the National Guard. This funding is expected to sustain up to 20,000 members of the National Guard providing state and local support, as directed by the governors of each state, for 6 months;
- Provides \$400 million in election security grants to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19 in the 2020 federal election cycle;
- Provides approximately \$300 billion to distribute direct payments of \$1,200 to citizens with certain income levels and \$500 for each dependent child;
- Extends the Real ID deadline for full implementation by states from October 1, 2020, to September 30, 2021; and
- Expands unemployment insurance from 3 to 4 months, and provides temporary unemployment compensation of \$600 each week, which is in addition to and the same time as regular state and federal unemployment insurance benefits. The CARES Act included \$260 billion for the additional federal unemployment compensation programs.

UNITED STATES HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES BILL NO. 266

On April 24, 2020, President Trump signed a \$484 billion bill to provide additional funding for the paycheck protection program, hospitals, and increased COVID-19 testing. The bill, also called the Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act provides for the following:

- \$320 billion for the paycheck protection program, providing a total of \$670 billion for the program;
- \$75 billion to reimburse health care providers for health care-related expenses or lost revenues that are attributable to the COVID-19 outbreak;
- \$60 billion of emergency disaster loans and grants for financial institutions;
- \$25 billion to research, develop, validate, manufacture, purchase, administer, and expand capacity for COVID-19 tests to effectively monitor and suppress COVID-19 testing.

Of this amount, \$11 billion is for state, local, and tribal governments; and

- \$2 billion for salaries and expenses of the Small Business Administration to administer programs related to COVID-19.

CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND

Of the \$150 billion coronavirus relief fund established in United States House of Representatives Bill No. 748, North Dakota was allocated \$1.25 billion for direct costs associated with the COVID-19 pandemic. The costs:

1. Must be necessary due to the COVID-19 pandemic;
2. Cannot be accounted for in the most recently approved budget; and
3. Must be incurred during the period March 1, 2020, through December 30, 2020.

In April 2020, North Dakota received its \$1.25 billion allocation from the coronavirus relief fund. **As of May 15, 2020, the Budget Section has received and approved state agency requests totaling \$524.2 million from the state's allocation from the coronavirus relief fund**, as follows:

Agency	Planned Use of Funding	Potential Funding Available	Funding Approved by Budget Section
112 - Information Technology Department	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. \$17,000,000 - Funding to be used for cybersecurity to address an increase in security incidents related to the COVID-19 pandemic. Costs will include contractor support, additional software and licenses, staff training, and on-call third party support for large scale incidents. 2. \$23,868,226 - Funding to be used for telework needs, including upgrading Microsoft Office 365, and purchasing equipment, such as laptops, headsets, and network and server hardware to meet additional capacity needed for state employees working remotely. 3. \$26,750,000 - Funding to be used for digital government costs to establish an enterprise level call center, automate manual processes, and conduct an assessment of state employee remote work capabilities. 		\$67,618,226
226 - Department of Trust Lands	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. \$100,000 - Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the department could not conduct in-person auctions. Instead, the department conducted online surface lease auctioning, incurring a 3 percent convenience fee from the auction platform vendor. 2. \$20,000 - The funding will be used for a shut-in well analysis due to an increase in shut-in oil and gas well requests as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The funds were requested based on economic scenarios to estimate shut-in wells and production and the department's related cashflow. The analysis will allow the department to better manage cashflows and disbursements obligations through cash deposits instead of selling investments. 		120,000
301 - State Department of Health	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. \$51,888,807 - Department staff overtime, laboratory supplies, laboratory equipment, personal protective equipment, travel, IT equipment, medical supplies, delivery costs for laboratory specimens, and contract costs, including contact tracing, hotline, laboratory technicians, scientists, courier services, and nursing services. 2. \$20,000,000 - Local public health funding allocated through the existing formula and distributed by the department on a cost reimbursement basis. 		85,557,461

Agency	Planned Use of Funding	Potential Funding Available	Funding Approved by Budget Section
313 - Veterans' Home	<p>3. \$13,668,654 - Temporary contact tracing and testing positions and operating expenses for June 1, 2020, through December 30, 2020.</p> <p>1. \$35,395 - Salary expenses incurred for planning, preparing, and mitigating COVID-19 in the Veterans' Home.</p> <p>2. \$95,702 - Purchase of personal protective equipment, cleaning supplies, sanitizer, costs related to a quarantine unit, and equipment for delivering meals and laundry to resident rooms.</p>		131,097
325 - Department of Human Services	<p>1. \$19,200,000 - Child care emergency operations grants.</p> <p>2. \$2,500,000 - Emergency rent bridge grant program, which is available to qualified individuals unable to pay rent during the COVID-19 pandemic. The funding will be provided to landlords to assist in preventing homelessness. This funding is in addition to the \$2.5 million of federal funds approved for the Department of Human Services to receive from the Department of Commerce from community development block grant funding.</p> <p>3. \$1,414,276 - Increased costs for meal delivery services for elderly and vulnerable populations, costs related to telehealth services, and additional cleaning and supplies at the State Hospital and Life Skills and Transition Center.</p> <p>4. \$1,000,000 - Funding for three pilot programs for infection control at long-term care facilities, including funding for additional sanitation compliance costs.</p> <p>5. \$500,000 - Consultant service costs to convert processes from paper to electronic due to telework needs.</p> <p>6. \$285,000 - County social services costs, including overtime, personal protective equipment, and telework costs, such as the purchase of laptops.</p>		24,899,276
380 - Job Service North Dakota	<p>Funding to be transferred to the unemployment insurance trust fund to pay for state unemployment insurance claims. NOTE: This funding will not be used for costs related to federal unemployment programs. The federal government will be reimbursing Job Service North Dakota for claims paid from the unemployment insurance trust fund related to federal pandemic unemployment compensation benefits (\$600 weekly benefit), the 13-week pandemic emergency unemployment compensation extension program, and the pandemic unemployment assistance program for self-employed individuals.</p>		110,000,000
405 - Industrial Commission	<p>Funding for abandoned well plugging and reclamation costs due to small oil and gas well owners that are not expected to survive the COVID-19 demand shock and will declare bankruptcy, resulting in the well plugging and reclamation becoming a responsibility of the state.</p>		33,175,000
471 - Bank of North Dakota	<p>Funding for a COVID-19 disaster relief program similar to the PACE program to provide interest rate buydowns on loans to businesses for operating expenses.</p>		200,000,000

Agency	Planned Use of Funding	Potential Funding Available	Funding Approved by Budget Section
530 - Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. \$880,202 - To pay counties for housing individuals sentenced but who have not been admitted to a department facility due to the COVID-19 pandemic. 2. \$222,347 - Funding to pay for the offender per diem portion of the daily rate charged by community housing partners for individuals whose employment has been negatively impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. 3. \$120,000 - Overtime and related fringe benefits. 4. \$65,000 - Cost of supplies and materials. 		1,287,549
602 - Agriculture Commissioner	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. \$1,300,000 - Funding for a meat processor cost-share program for meat processing plants to address increased demand for retail meat products and slaughter of livestock. Funding will be used for the purchase of various equipment to allow for increases in production and protection of the food supply. 2. \$95,000 - Funding to purchase a database software program designed to gather and organize animal health data to detect, contain, and eradicate outbreaks of dangerous diseases in animals. 		1,395,000
Total state coronavirus relief fund allocations		\$1,250,000,000	\$524,183,609

OTHER ESTIMATED FEDERAL FISCAL RELIEF FUNDING FOR STATE AGENCIES

The following is a summary of the federal fiscal relief funding that may be available to North Dakota state government agencies and the allowable uses of the funds, **excluding funding available from the coronavirus relief fund**. With the exception of certain programs (see footnotes below), these estimates are provided from the Federal Funds Information for States (FFIS) and based on guidance from the federal government as of May 19, 2020. Excluding funding from the coronavirus relief fund, estimated funding totals \$1.1 billion for state government agencies, including higher education institutions. **As of May 15, 2020, the Budget Section has received and approved state agency requests totaling \$153.8 million of federal fiscal relief funds under these programs related to the COVID-19 pandemic, excluding funding available from the coronavirus relief fund.**

Agency	Allowable Uses of Funds	Potential Funding Available	Funding Approved by Budget Section
101 - Governor Governor's emergency education relief fund	Section 18002(a) emergency education relief grants to the governor of each state to provide: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Emergency support through grants to local educational agencies that the state educational agency deems have been most significantly impacted by COVID-19 to support the ability of local educational agencies to continue to provide educational services to their students and to support the ongoing functionality of the local educational agency; 2. Emergency support through grants to institutions of higher education serving students within the state that the governor determines have been most significantly 	\$5,932,707	

	<p>impacted by COVID-19 to support the ability of institutions to continue to provide educational services and support the ongoing functionality of the institution; and</p> <p>3. Support to any other institution of higher education, local educational agency, or education-related entity within the state that the governor deems essential for carrying out emergency educational services to students for authorized activities described in section 18003(d)(1) of the CARES Act or the Higher Education Act, the provision of child care and early childhood education, social and emotional support, and the protection of education-related jobs.</p> <p>A press release by the United States Department of Education on April 14, 2020, indicated the funding is an emergency block grant designed to enable governors to decide how best to meet the needs of students, schools (including charter schools and nonpublic schools), postsecondary institutions, and other education-related organizations.</p>		
<p>Total Governor</p>		<p>\$5,932,707</p>	
<p>108 - Secretary of State Election security</p>	<p>Acceptable uses of the funds include replacing paperless voting machines, conducting postelection audits, addressing cybervulnerabilities in election systems, providing election officials with cybersecurity training, instituting election system cybersecurity best practices, and making other improvements to the security of federal elections.</p>	<p>\$3,000,000</p>	<p>\$3,000,000</p>
<p>Total Secretary of State</p>		<p>\$3,000,000</p>	<p>\$3,000,000</p>
<p>125 - Attorney General Justice assistance grants</p>	<p>Expenditures for staff overtime; equipment (including law enforcement and personal protective equipment); supplies (such as gloves, masks, and sanitizer); training; travel; addressing medical needs of inmates in state, local, and tribal prisons, jails and detention centers; and other items or projects related to the prevention, preparation, and response to the COVID-19 pandemic.</p>	<p>\$2,082,871</p>	<p>\$2,082,871</p>
<p>Total Attorney General</p>		<p>\$2,082,871</p>	<p>\$2,082,871</p>
<p>201 - Department of Public Instruction Elementary and secondary school emergency relief fund</p>	<p>Section 18003(a) elementary and secondary school emergency relief grants to each state educational agency with an approved application. Each state must allocate not less than 90 percent of the funds as subgrants to local educational agencies in the state in proportion to the amount of funds local educational agencies received in the most recent fiscal year under Part A of Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA) of 1965. The CARES Act identified the following uses of the funds:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Any activity authorized by the ESEA of 1965. 5. Coordination of preparedness and response efforts of local educational agencies with state, local, tribal, and territorial public health departments, and other relevant agencies, to improve coordinated responses among such entities to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19. 6. Providing principals and others school leaders with the resources necessary to address the needs of their individual schools. 7. Activities to address the unique needs of low-income children or students, children with disabilities, English language learners, racial and ethnic minorities, students 	<p>\$33,297,699</p>	<p>\$36,600,000</p>

- experiencing homelessness, and foster care youth, including outreach and service delivery to meet the needs of each population.
8. Developing and implementing procedures and systems to improve the preparedness and response efforts of local educational agencies.
 9. Training and professional development for staff of the local educational agency on sanitation and minimizing the spread of infectious diseases.
 10. Purchasing supplies to sanitize and clean the facilities of a local educational agency, including buildings operated by such agency.
 11. Planning for and coordinating during long-term closures, including providing meals to eligible students, provide technology for online learning to all students, providing guidance for carrying out requirements under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.) and ensuring other educational services can continue to be provided consistent with all federal, state, and local requirements.
 12. Purchasing educational technology (including hardware, software, and connectivity) for students who are served by the local educational agency that aids in regular and substantive educational interaction between students and their classroom instructors, including low-income students and students with disabilities, which may include assistive technology or adaptive equipment.
10. Providing mental health services and supports.
 11. Planning and implementing activities related to summer learning and supplemental afterschool programs, including providing classroom instruction or online learning during the summer months and addressing the needs of low-income students, students with disabilities, English language learners, migrant students, students experiencing homelessness, and children in foster care.
 12. Other activities that are necessary to maintain the operation of and continuity of services in local educational agencies and continuing to employ existing staff of the local educational agency.

With funds not otherwise allocated to local educational agencies, the state may reserve not more than .5 percent for administrative costs and the remainder for emergency needs as determined by the state educational agency to address issues responding to COVID-19, which may be addressed through the use of grants or contracts. The state must return any funds not awarded within 1 year.

A local educational agency receiving grant funds must provide equitable services in the same manner as provided under Section 1117 of the ESEA of 1965 to students and teachers in nonpublic schools, as determined in consultation with representatives of nonpublic schools.

The state's application must include assurances that the state will maintain support for elementary and secondary education in fiscal years 2020 and 2021 at least at the levels of such support that is the average of such state's support for elementary and secondary education provided in the 3 fiscal years preceding the date of the CARES Act. The secretary of education may waive the maintenance of effort requirement for the purpose of relieving fiscal burdens on states that have experienced a precipitous decline in financial resources.

The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) commodities	Funding is provided under the Families First Coronavirus Response Act as authorized by Section 27(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2036(a)) to purchase a variety of nutritious and useful commodities and Section 204(a)(1) of the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 7508(a)(1)) to pay for the direct and indirect costs related to processing, storage, transporting, and distributing commodities to eligible recipient agencies. Funding includes costs associated with the distribution of commodities.	681,333	
The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) commodities ¹	Funding is provided under the CARES Act as authorized by Section 27(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2036(a)) to purchase a variety of nutritious and useful commodities and Section 204(a)(1) of the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 7508(a)(1)) to pay for the direct and indirect costs related to processing, storage, transporting, and distributing commodities to eligible recipient agencies. Funding includes costs associated with the distribution of commodities.	766,500	
Total Department of Public Instruction		\$34,745,532	\$36,600,000
North Dakota University System			
Higher education emergency relief fund	The funding is for each institution of higher education to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19. Institutions may use the funds received to cover any costs associated with significant changes to the delivery of instruction due to COVID-19, so long as such costs do not include payment to contractors for the provision of pre-enrollment recruitment activities; endowments; or capital outlays associated with facilities related to athletics, sectarian instruction, or religious worship. Recipients of funds must retain current employees to the maximum extent practicable and at least 50 percent of funds awarded to institutions must be used to provide direct emergency aid to students, including grants to students for food, housing, course materials, technology, health care, and child care.	\$914,066	
227 - Bismarck State College		110,878	
228 - Lake Region State College		338,809	
229 - Williston State College		5,491,551	
230 - University of North Dakota		7,728,326	
235 - North Dakota State University		823,352	
238 - North Dakota State College of Science		640,093	
239 - Dickinson State University		312,720	
240 - Mayville State University		1,275,782	
241 - Minot State University		452,941	
242 - Valley City State University		234,429	
243 - Dakota College at Bottineau	Institutional amounts are primarily calculated as 75 percent using full-time equivalent enrollment of Pell students at an institution and 25 percent using full-time equivalent enrollment of non-Pell students. Students who were exclusively online are removed from the calculation.		
Small rural hospital improvement program (SHIP)	Small rural hospital improvement program funds support rural hospitals with 49 beds or fewer and enables small rural hospitals to:	3,035,412	
232 - University of North Dakota School of Medicine and Health Sciences	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Become or join accountable care organizations; • Participate in shared savings programs; and • Purchase health information technology, equipment, and training to comply with quality improvement activities such as advancing patient care information, promoting interoperability, and payment bundling. <p>The SHIP funds will flow through the Center for Rural Health at the University of North Dakota School of Medicine and Health Sciences to small rural hospitals in the state.</p>		
Area health education centers program	Funding available to improve access to quality health care, particularly primary and preventive care, and to recruit, train, and retain health professionals for underserved populations.	95,455	
232 - University of North Dakota School of Medicine and Health Sciences			

Geriatrics workforce enhancement program 232 - University of North Dakota School of Medicine and Health Sciences	Funding to prepare health care providers to meet the needs of aging populations .	90,625	
Higher education funds - Minority serving institutions 227 - Bismarck State College 228 - Lake Region State College 239 - Dickinson State University 240 - Mayville State University 241 - Minot State University 243 - Dakota College at Bottineau	The funding is for institutions of higher education that serve minority populations to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19.	45,861 5,610 31,786 15,448 63,459 11,574	
Higher education funds - Unmet needs 228 - Lake Region State College 229 - Williston State College 240 - Mayville State University 242 - Valley City State University 243 - Dakota College at Bottineau	The federal Department of Education has allocated the unmet needs funding to prioritize schools that received less than \$500,000 under the higher education emergency relief fund and minority serving institutions programs. The department has distributed funds in an amount that, when added to the funds received under the higher education emergency relief fund and minority serving institutions programs, brings each institution eligible to receive funds to an award amount of \$500,000.	383,512 161,191 171,832 47,059 253,997	
Total North Dakota University System		\$22,735,768	
250 - State Library Institute of Museum and Library Services	Funding is provided to expand digital network access, purchase Internet accessible devices, and provide technical support services.	\$68,860	\$200,000
Total State Library		\$68,860	\$200,000
301 - State Department of Health CDC COVID-19 response grant	Awards to date under the Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Act to contain and mitigate the spread of COVID-19.	\$4,567,500	\$6,000,000
CDC minimum public health emergency preparedness grant	Additional minimum CDC grant under the CARES Act to carry out surveillance, epidemiology, laboratory capacity, infection control, mitigation, communications, and other preparedness and response activities.	5,075,000	5,075,000
CDC COVID-19 response grant	Additional funding provided through the Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act for epidemiology and laboratory capacity for testing. Funding may be available beyond December 30, 2020.	52,621,819	
Supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children (WIC) ²	Available to provide food to low-income pregnant, postpartum, and breastfeeding women and their infants and children until 5 years of age.	833,415	
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	Hospital Preparedness Program - COVID-19 Supplemental Award - Funding would support health care coalitions, emergency medical services, state/jurisdiction Ebola treatment centers, and other health care entities to prepare them to identify, isolate, assess, transport, and treat patients with COVID-19 or persons under investigation for COVID-19, and to purchase N95 mask fit testing kits and to train additional instructors to provide fit testing.	473,417	475,000

Family violence	Provide temporary housing and other support to victims of domestic violence. Funding will be used to provide funding to domestic violence/rape crisis agencies to assist the agencies with increased costs related to the COVID-19 pandemic.	79,837	201,000
HIV Care Formula Grant	Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Part B COVID-19 Response - Funds are available for costs related to the vulnerable HIV population.	50,000	
HIV Care Formula Grant ³	Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program Parts C, D, and F.	60,000	
Total State Department of Health		\$63,760,988	\$11,751,000
325 - Department of Human Services			
Medicaid	Temporary increase of 6.2 percent in the FMAP during the COVID-19 pandemic. The temporary increase is effective from January 1, 2020, through the last day of the calendar quarter in which the public health emergency declared by the secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services terminates.	Unknown	\$31,000,000
Low-income energy assistance program	Additional assistance to allow low-income individuals to heat and cool their homes.	\$5,176,454	5,500,000
Child welfare services	Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program funding for additional support for at-risk youth.	76,858	
Congregate and home-delivered meals	Additional assistance for nutrition services for the elderly.	3,600,000	3,600,000
Child care block grant	Provide continued payments and assistance to child care providers in case of decreased enrollments or closures	6,037,905	6,000,000
Family caregivers	Increase assistance to individuals caring for family members.	500,000	500,000
Protection of vulnerable older Americans	Increase assistance to protect vulnerable individuals who are elderly	100,000	100,000
Emergency food and shelter program	Additional funding for emergency needs of homeless individuals, including nutritional needs and funding for the transition from temporary shelters to permanent homes.	382,532	150,000
Emergency grants to address mental and substance use disorder	To provide crisis intervention services, mental and substance use disorder treatment, and other related recovery supports for children and adults impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The program will assist Americans struggling with increased depression, anxiety, trauma, and grief due to the pandemic. Funding also is available for individuals and families for increases in substance misuse as lives are impacted due to the pandemic. The program is specifically to address the needs of individuals with serious mental illness, individuals with substance use disorders, or individuals with co-occurring serious mental illness and substance use disorders. Additionally, the program will focus on meeting the needs of individuals with mental disorders less severe than serious mental illness, including those in the health care profession.	2,000,000	2,000,000
Support services	Increase support services to older adults, people with disabilities, and families and caregivers.	1,000,000	1,000,000
Aging and disability resource centers	Funding for benefits screening, education, and options counseling on long-term care services and support for individuals who are elderly or have a mental or physical disability.	300,000	300,000
Community development block grant	Funding received by the Department of Commerce from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The funding will be used for a household emergency rent bridge program. See the Department of Commerce for additional program detail.	0	2,500,000

SNAP	The FFCRA provided \$23,811,414 of additional SNAP funding for North Dakota, of which \$10,058,706 is for meals to children who previously received meals from schools prior to schools closing due to the COVID-19 pandemic and \$13,752,708 is for increased SNAP benefits for recipients from March 2020 through July 2020.		23,811,414
Total Department of Human Services		\$19,173,749	\$76,461,414
380 - Job Service North Dakota			
Unemployment insurance (UI) - Base UI - Supplemental	Expenditures for staff overtime, programming fees for changes to the agency website and UI software, the purchase of new servers due to the volume of claims, and other UI administrative costs.	\$1,205,504 1,205,504	
Dislocated worker grants	For necessary expenses to reemploy laid off workers and enhance their employability and earnings when large, unexpended layoff events cause significant job losses. Funding is provided to create temporary employment opportunities to assist with cleanup and recovery efforts when an area impacted by disaster is declared eligible for public assistance by the Federal Emergency Management Agency or otherwise recognized by a federal agency with authority or jurisdiction over federal response to the emergency or disaster. Funding provided from the CARES Act may be used to replace grant funds previously obligated to other impacted areas.	509,615	
Short-term compensation	Funding available to employers as an alternative to laying off employees due to a decline in available work. The program, also known as a work sharing or shared-work program, maintains the employees' jobs and allows employers to retain trained workforce during times of decreased economic activity. The program allows employers to reduce hours of work for some employees rather than laying off the employees, while other employees continue to work full-time.	240,498	
Total Job Service North Dakota		\$3,161,121	
405 - Industrial Commission (472 - Public Finance Authority)			
Municipal liquidity facility	Funding may be provided through December 31, 2020, for bonds and other similar short-term notes to counties and cities to better manage cashflow pressures in order to continue to serve households and business. Repayment is required within 3 years of issuance. Interest rates are dependent on bond ratings.	\$946,300,000	
Total Industrial Commission (Public Finance Authority)		\$946,300,000	
473 - Housing Finance Agency			
Public housing operating	Additional funds to public housing agencies to maintain normal operations.	\$643,537	
Tenant-based rental assistance	Additional funding for rental assistance programs, including Section 8 programs.	988,902	
Supportive housing for persons with disabilities	Rental assistance for individuals with disabilities.	639,982	
Total Housing Finance Agency		\$2,272,421	
540 - Adjutant General			
Emergency management performance grant	Available to assist state, local, territorial, and tribal governments in preparing for all hazards, as authorized by the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act.	\$887,801	
Total Adjutant General		\$887,801	

601 - Department of Commerce			
Community development block grant	Available to provide for the prevention, preparation, and response to COVID-19, based on public health needs, risk of transmission of COVID-19, number of COVID-19 cases compared to the national average, and economic and housing market conditions. Funding is to be distributed pursuant to the existing fiscal year 2020 community development block grant formula for infrastructure, economic development, public facilities installation, community centers, housing rehabilitation, public services, microenterprise assistance, code enforcement, and homeowner assistance needs.	\$4,458,916	\$2,345,392
Community services block grant	Additional funding to alleviate the causes and conditions of poverty in communities; address the needs of low-income individuals, including the homeless, migrants, and the elderly; and provide services and activities addressing employment, education, better use of available income, housing, nutrition, emergency services, and health. Funding provided may be expended in the next 2 federal fiscal years.	1,283,797	1,283,797
Homeless assistance/emergency solutions grant program	Available to provide additional homeless assistance to those who are homeless or are receiving homeless assistance. Funds are to be allocated for the benefit of unsheltered homeless, sheltered homeless, and those at risk of homelessness, to geographical areas with the greatest need based on certain factors, including the risk of transmission of COVID-19, high numbers or rates of shelter and unsheltered homeless, and economic and housing market conditions.	1,673,841	1,673,841
Total Department of Commerce		\$7,416,554	\$5,303,030
709 - Council on the Arts			
National Endowment for the Arts grants	Grants to nonprofit arts organizations to support operations.	\$421,700	\$421,700
Total Council on the Arts		\$421,700	\$421,700
801 - Department of Transportation			
Rural area formula program	Additional funding for eligible uses, including capital, operating, and administrative assistance to state agencies, local public bodies and nonprofit organizations (including Indian tribes and groups), and operators of public transportation services.	\$17,996,449	\$17,996,449
Total Department of Transportation		\$17,996,449	\$17,996,449
Total		\$1,129,956,521	\$153,816,464

¹The Department of Public Instruction has not received notification regarding TEFAP commodities and administration included in the CARES Act.

²The State Department of Health has indicated funding for WIC will be provided only if needed and currently North Dakota has adequate food dollars even with the increases in caseload.

³Funding is based on FFIS estimates, however the State Department of Health has not been notified regarding funds available for North Dakota.

ESTIMATED FEDERAL FISCAL RELIEF FUNDING FOR OTHER NORTH DAKOTA ORGANIZATIONS

The following is a summary of the economic stimulus funding that may be available to other North Dakota organizations. The table includes known funding available to local and tribal governments, private organizations, and other institutions, but is not intended to be a complete list of funding available to nonstate government agencies. Most amounts are estimates from FFIS and based on guidance from the federal government as of May 19, 2020.

Program	Recipient	Potential Funding Available
Justice assistance grants	Local law enforcement agencies	\$831,523
Head Start	Local Head Start agencies	\$1,679,287
Higher education	Tribal government agencies, private organizations, and other institutions	\$4,964,437
Higher education - Minority serving institutions	Other institutions	\$7,045,224
Higher education - Unmet needs	Other institutions	\$301,162
National Endowment for the Humanities	North Dakota Humanities Council	\$412,900
Manufacturing extension	Manufacturers	\$119,000
Community development block grant	Local government agencies	\$971,414
Coronavirus aid and supplemental funding	Community health centers	\$3,193,037
Centers for Independent Living	Independent living centers	\$795,704
Expanding capacity for COVID-19 testing	Community health centers	\$1,000,216
Tribal self-governance, Indian self-determination, special programs for the aging, substance abuse and mental health services projects, child welfare services, child care and child development block grants, low-income home energy assistance, community services block grants, family violence prevention, and emergency grants to address mental and substance use disorders during COVID-19	Various tribes	\$11,127,850
Independent living and homeless youth services grants	Various independent living centers and youth services	\$954,704
Family violence prevention/domestic violence coalitions	North Dakota Council of Abused Women	\$80,357
Hospital preparedness	North Dakota Healthcare Foundation	\$430,311
Urbanized area formula program ¹	Cities with a population over 50,000 for public transit programs	\$15,075,108
Grants to airports	Aid grants to 53 airports in the state.	\$85,019,530
Public health and social services emergency fund	In North Dakota 841 health care providers and systems will receive payments from the \$30 billion in immediate payments Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services awarded to all facilities and providers that received Medicare fee-for-service reimbursements in 2019.	\$91,064,579
Allocation for rural providers	In North Dakota 59 providers will receive payments from the \$10 billion allocation for rural providers. Awards are provided to rural acute care general hospitals, critical access hospitals, rural health clinics, and community health centers located in rural areas	\$135,152,313
Paycheck protection program ²	Small businesses	\$3,307,977,512
Economic injury disaster loan program ²	Small businesses	\$65,730,000
Economic injury disaster loan advance program ²	Small businesses	\$24,333,000

¹Additional funding for eligible activities, including planning, engineering, design, and evaluation of transit projects and other technical transportation-related studies; capital investments in bus and bus-related activities such as replacement, overhaul and rebuilding of buses, crime prevention and security equipment, and construction of maintenance and passenger facilities; and capital investments in new and existing fixed guideway systems, including rolling stock, overhaul and rebuilding of vehicles, track, signals, communications, and computer hardware and software. In addition, associated transit improvements and certain expenses associated with mobility management programs are eligible under the program. All preventive maintenance and some Americans with Disabilities Act complementary paratransit service costs are considered capital costs.

²The paycheck protection program, economic injury disaster loan program, and economic injury disaster loan advances program are administered by the Small Business Administration. The amounts shown for these programs include applications approved through May 16, 2020, for the paycheck protection program, May 17, 2020, for the economic injury disaster loan program, and May 7, 2020, for the economic injury disaster loan advance program.