

# MICROFILM DIVIDER

OMB/RECORDS MANAGEMENT DIVISION  
SFN 2053 (2/85) 5M



ROLL NUMBER

DESCRIPTION

2243

2007 SENATE APPROPRIATIONS

SB 2243

## 2007 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. 2243

Senate Appropriations Committee

Check here for Conference Committee

Hearing Date: 01-22-07

Recorder Job Number: 1510

Committee Clerk Signature

*Alicia Gelzer*

Minutes:

**Chairman Holmberg** opened the hearing on SB 2243 at 10:30 a.m. on January 22, 2007 regarding the funding for community service supervision grants through the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (DOC).

**Honorable District Judge Gail Hagerty** testified in support of SB 2243. She shared about the community service program and how it is working very well through the Drug Court program as well as first time alcohol offenders under 21. There is a slight fee assessed however it does not cover the costs involved in the coordinating, monitoring, supervising, or office work that must be done for this program to work successfully. She shared that this is a vital program and is one of the tools she likes to have as a Judge.

**Chairman Holmberg** requested information regarding the budget from OMB for DOC and a summary of what's happening with community service programs in that budget.

**Dave Krabbenhoff, Director DOC** testified in support of SB 2243. We prioritize the needs of the Department and felt the community service program was not a priority item. The reason being it is a community involvement and the funding perhaps could come from local funds in the community. We do feel the program is very beneficial and support the bill. He also testified concerning the budget concerns that Senator Holmberg had.

**Chairman Holmberg** asked if their bill is on the table in the House and made inquiry regarding this request being put in the budget. He also had questions regarding the general fund in the Department of Human Services (DHS) for this type of program. You asked for it low down on the list, it didn't make the cut, so there is not the money in that budget. Senator Nething has a Workmen's Comp Bill of general public interest and will be testifying in relation to this bill.

**Senator Krauter** had questions regarding the dollar amount and what have we done regarding funding in the current biennium. Also had questions about this program not being funded in their original budget.

**Terry Traynor, Association of Counties** testified in support of SB 2243.

**Senator Robinson** shared regarding the Taskforce, the Drug Force enhancement through the DHS, there is a couple of FTE's involved. That taskforce is very supportive of this concept and that funding in the DHS because we want to get into Minot with some FTE's. This is a popular program and it saves dollars and makes sense and provides an option to keep criminals out of jail.

**Senator Krebsbach** inquired about the amount in the DHS's budget.

**Senator Wardner** asked how the money leaves DOC and goes into this program and do local people apply for the grants.

**Charles Placek Program Manager for the Department of Corrections** explained that the base grant and then population so larger cities or more populated areas would get a bigger grant than some of the rural areas. It is funded with a 50% match so an agency would request funding, most of them on a monthly basis. They would submit the forms and photocopies of the bills that they paid and we will reimburse them fifty cents on the dollar.

**Senator Fischer** asked OMB what section of the DHS budget do we find the funding for this program.

**Senator Krauter** wanted to hear the thought process and rationale when we funded certain dollar amounts for this biennium and what erupted that to the point that you didn't get the grants anymore. It was explained that there was a shortage in the halfway housing area and other areas as well. The County Service Grants fell at the bottom of the budget.

**Senator Christmann** requested further information concerning the dollar amount.

**Chairman Holmberg** explained that the other money that was talked about in DHS is for Drug Courts. We don't have the full picture here.

**Nancy Keating, Community Service Coordinator for the South Central District** presented written testimony (1) and gave oral testimony in support of SB 2243.

**Keith Gilleshammer Executive Director for CENTRE, Inc.** The CENTRE has the Community Service programs for Burleigh and Morton Counties and nine other counties in the area. This is my program, but if another one of my programs gets cut, I am in a unique position, where I'd like to see this passed but at what cost to other programs that we provide to the DOC.

**Chairman Holmberg** expressed that is a good point and it will be awhile before it all gets worked out.

**Senator Tallackson** asked how many people are enlisted in the Community Service Program.

**Senator Robinson** stated it is difficult to make a decision in relation to this deficit. Without this program our population in the prisons will grow. He stated he supports this bill.

**Chairman Holmberg** recessed the hearing on this bill.

## 2007 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. 2243

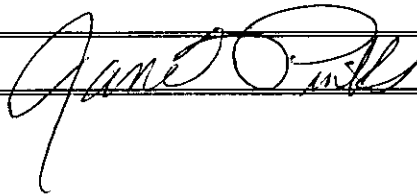
Senate Appropriations Committee

Check here for Conference Committee

Hearing Date: 01/23/07

Recorder Job Number: 1666 and 1667

Committee Clerk Signature



Minutes:

**Chairman Holmberg** opened the hearing on SB 2243 on 1/23/07.

**Senator Dave Nething, District 12, Jamestown**, testified on SB 2243 urging support. He stressed that this bill would provide grants for supervision of offenders. There is a need for people in communities to carry out the sentence of the people who have for instance community service.

**Chairman Holmberg** closed the hearing on SB 2243.

## 2007 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. 2243

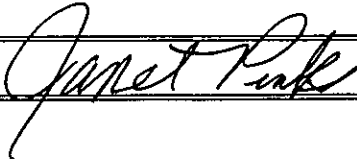
Senate Appropriations Committee

Check here for Conference Committee

Hearing Date: 02-09-07

Recorder Job Number: 3283

Committee Clerk Signature



Minutes:

**Chairman Holmberg** opened the hearing on SB 2243.

**Senator Mathern** moved a **DO PASS**, **Senator Wardner** seconded. Discussion followed.

A roll call vote was taken resulting in 9 yes, 1 no, 4 absent. The motion passed.

**Senator Wardner** will carry the bill.

**Chairman Holmberg** closed the hearing on SB 2243.

Date: 2/9/07  
Roll Call Vote #: 1

2007 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE ROLL CALL VOTES  
BILL/RESOLUTION NO. 2243

Senate Appropriations Committee

Check here for Conference Committee

Legislative Council Amendment Number \_\_\_\_\_

Action Taken DP

Motion Made By Mather Seconded By Wardner

Senators	Yes	No	Senators	Yes	No
Senator Ray Holmberg, Chrm		✓	Senator Aaron Krauter	✓	
Senator Bill Bowman, V Chrm	✓		Senator Elroy N. Lindaas		
Senator Tony Grindberg, V Chrm	✓		Senator Tim Mathern	✓	
Senator Randel Christmann			Senator Larry J. Robinson	✓	
Senator Tom Fischer			Senator Tom Seymour	✓	
Senator Ralph L. Kilzer	✓		Senator Harvey Tallackson		
Senator Karen K. Krebsbach	✓				
Senator Rich Wardner	✓				

Total (Yes) 9 No 1

Absent 4

Floor Assignment Wardner

If the vote is on an amendment, briefly indicate intent:



REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE (410)  
February 9, 2007 2:02 p.m.

Module No: SR-28-2769  
Carrier: Wardner  
Insert LC: . Title: .

**REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE**

**SB 2243: Appropriations Committee (Sen. Holmberg, Chairman) recommends DO PASS**  
(9 YEAS, 1 NAY, 4 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). SB 2243 was placed on the  
Eleventh order on the calendar.

2007 HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS

SB 2243

## 2007 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

### Bill No. SB 2243

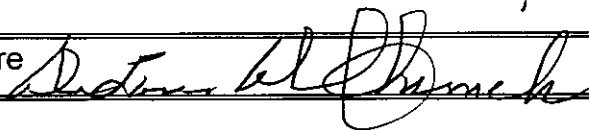
House Appropriations Committee  
Human Resources Division

Check here for Conference Committee

Hearing Date: March 7, 2007 2:00 PM

Recorder Job Number: 4610

Committee Clerk Signature



Minutes:

**Chairman Pollert** opened the hearing on SB 2243.

**Senator Nething:** Sponsor of the bill. The work that the community service supervisors do needs to have additional funding. They supervisor low risk patrol cases that are ordered by the court. We receive referrals from the municipal and district court; from patrol and probation and juvenile services and officers. These people have lost funding and need funding to do their jobs. This legislation will provide \$380,000 to the Department of Corrections and Rehab for purposes of providing community service supervision of these offenders. This money was mentioned in the governor's budget but in OAR but it did not make it.

**Dale Haggerty, District Judge in Bismarck:** We are looking at doing things that will keep people out of jail. There is an expense involved, but we think it is a lesser expense and money well spent. As a judge I use community service when I want to have a meaningful consequence short of sending someone to jail. It allows me to sentence people to something that will be a positive for them. Community service is a good tool to avoid the county or state correctional facilities. Discussed use of community service. Urge your support.

**Rep. Nelson:** Since last summer when the funding ran out did you see the drop off of the ability to use community service or did that service get picked up by other sources of funding?

**Dale Haggerty:** I did go to the Burleigh County Commission to encourage them to help with some interim funding for this because I thought it was so important. I told them I was going to go to the legislature too because I know that you are being caught off guard and I don't think it is unreasonable that they would continue funding some portion of it, but I think the state needs to support it as well. Local funding is not a long term solution.

**Rep. Nelson:** Is the \$380,000 in the bill get us back to a whole funding for these services?

**Dale Haggerty:** I remember when we were working on the alternatives to the incardination commission, what we intended was to put back the money that had been taken out. Half of the biennium funds were taken out during the last biennium. The second half there was no funding so what we want to do was to restore that.

**Rep. Ekstrom:** When you are sentencing someone to this community service is there a typical length of service you are sentencing them to?

**Dale Haggerty:** We do that because we want to verify the community service and make an appropriate referral and provide insurance for them. We want someone to monitor the community service and if they don't do it we want someone to come back and tell us. There is a fee for people who go into the program, but it doesn't take care of all the costs. I typically use the service for young people under 21 years and have consumed alcoholic beverages. I think those people have too much money and time.

**Rep. Bellew:** You mentioned that a lot of these young adults are under the age of 21. Would it help to raise court fees, would that help?

**Dale Haggerty:** We did raise court fees significantly. Right now for anyone with a Class B misdemeanor there is a minimum of \$225 plus an added \$25 so that is \$250.

**Chairman Pollert:** Where would that money go?

**Dale Haggerty:** That money goes to the state and it goes to pay for indigent defense and fees that are granted out to the counties to improve the courthouses. They pay the costs of providing attorneys.

**Chairman Pollert:** Read email from Becky Keller (copy attached).

**Keith Gilleshammer: Centre, Inc.** In support of this bill. When the funding was taken out we went to different counties and asked if they would provide more financial support than they were just to keep the program going and now it seems like we are in the middle of a pond jumping up and down and trying to get there once in a while. There are a number of people here that have statistics here and will be supportive to the bill. Folks that work in this area do a really good job of monitoring people that are doing community service and collection of fees and that kind of thing.

**Chairman Pollert:** We had the DORC budget in front of us. We never cut a program out of the DORC budget. Do we give up part of your funding out of the DORC budget?

**Keith Gilleshammer:** I am here representing senate programs and this is separate from the DORC budget and I know you have a tough job. I don't know what to tell you about picking and choosing programs.

**Rep. Nelson:** Last session it looks like the legislature took \$226,748 out of the community service line. Is that correct?

**Chairman Pollert:** That is not correct. The DOCR prioritized what they were going to do and they are the ones that cut the funding.

**Allen:** There was a number of changes made to the DOCR budget. The legislature reduced \$226,748. and did not specifically say what they would relate to so after the session the department then decided to reduce the community services program.

**Chairman Pollert:** Money was taken out. The department did not prioritize this as an area of concern. The number of counties and cities did so they did fund it through the county and picked up that piece. In your analysis to Keith, would not this be sold back to the counties as property tax relief if the counties are picking up the pieces for this and the courts are obviously asking for this? If we took some of this out of the reduction in revenue it does that same thing, doesn't it. Allen in the current DOCR there has been no money allocated for the 07-09 biennium for community service grants. That is why the \$380,000 is in there.

**Allen:** The counties that we provide these services for all contribute part of the amount that we need. If this was left up to each individual county it would cost them way more than us being able to consolidate the services and do this for everyone. If one county dedicated one staff and services I don't think it would be cost effective for them.

**Dell Horn: Jamestown Community Corrections:** You asked about specific numbers. (written report + Community Corrections Association). Went over the information. Does not include Barnes and Richland Counties because they had not submitted any numbers. Judges put on community services hours so they are keeping people out of jail. If we say every day of jail is worth 8 hours of work these are the number of days we would save. 16,756 days in jail; maybe not prisons, but jails for sure. Per diem rate for counties is roughly \$75. You are looking at a total savings to the taxpayers of ND of \$2 million per year so we are asking for \$190,000 or \$380,000 biennium, which is basically a 91% return on the money you would put into it.

**Chairman Pollert:** Does someone have the statistics about how many cases we are referring to here. How many are local cases?

**Dell Horn:** Each offender can have multiple cases. He is only counted one for us, but he could have four cases.

**Chairman Pollert:** Are there people who are charged with a misdemeanor fine that are put into community service like that?

**Dell Horn:** Minor in possessions could be put on probation and community service. We do the same things throughout the state.

**Chairman Pollert:** Do you have an idea of what would be a local case as compared to DOCR?

**Dell Horn:** Total number of offenders is shown on the information. The offenders decided they would rather go to jail than do community service and pay the fees. That is why those numbers are actually down from where they were. You can see the numbers for total number of probation went up. Stutsman County decided not to fund us since they have a jail there. They made the decision the county operating the jail is sufficient money and services.

**Chairman Pollert:** Some of these cases are local cases that should be funded locally.

**Rep. Kerzman:** How do you determine which county has the liability?

**Dell Horn:** The county responsibility comes back to the county to which they were sentenced. If they live in Fargo or where ever we try to have them do community service there.

**Rep. Nelson:** Was there ever any federal money that followed state money in this program?

**Dell Horn:** I don't know the answer to that question.

**Dave Krabbenhoft:** About five or six years ago there was federal money tied to it. There has not been any for the last biennium.

**Rep. Nelson:** it was the last legislative sessions intend that the \$226,000 was taken out because of lost federal funding. This should not have been dropped last time. I would say the department is in a gray area reallocating funds to determine whether this program should go away without legislative intent, is my point. Who had authority to do that?

**Rep. Bellew:** You said these defenders pay a fee to you? Who sets that rate?

**Dell Horn:** Yes all offenders do. Fees are set by the correctional advisory board.

**Rep. Bellew:** I don't think it is the responsibility of the taxpayers of ND?

**Dell Horn:** Jamestown Community Corrections has raised their fees beginning January 1.

**Rep. Bellew:** The fees are set by the Community Correction Advisory Boards. Can the legislature set these fees?

**Allen Krabbenhoft:** I think you would have to do some checking but I think you could set the fee. I am not sure who would collect it and it could be deposited in a special fund and used for this purpose.

**Dell Horn:** Our \$50 fee will not meet our operating budget.

**Rep. Bellew:** Most of the people who are doing community service are working off some fines because they don't have any money.

**Nancy Keating, Program Manager:** South Central District: I am been doing this close to 11 years so perhaps I should have come up before. Regarding fees, we raised out fees to \$40 per month. We did contact the courts and they agreed to go with it. We have lost some judges. There are judges who no longer refer people to do community service because when they look at the court fees and fines; maybe the ACT class evaluations and some of those things they may think they are moving into a point where they don't want to use our service any more. Even if we are good at collecting them, there seems to be like a lot of logic of when we get referrals. We did go to Burleigh and Morton County we went to them three times and Morton County did come up with \$500/ month support. Their \$500 a month does not even begin to cover the work and the taxpayers are saving at the community center and some other places that we work with. Volunteer work is over; alot of people are working two or three jobs in a family and a lot of our work sites; we are the ones that pickup the slack. My case is



probably 180 open cases and my coworker is probably 150. Discussed how the program works.

**Chairman Pollert:** You said Morton County was \$2,000/month.

**Rep. Nelson:** What about the work being done in the counties. It saves counties money with not placing them in jail. Do you think it would be worth while to explore the possibility of the state of ND and the Political Subdivisions that they get some value from the community services program to share in the costs of the administration and implementation of the program?

**Nancy Keating:** I think anything that works would be helpful? I don't have an issue of where the money comes from.

**Chairman Pollert:** Is there anyone that can tell us on the community supervision how many cases might be a local issue and how many might be a state issue?

**Nancy Keating:** the problem with that is some of the people we get that may be in the Department of Corrections caseload, they may not be supervision fees, they might be just court ordered community service hours. That might make it harder to split up.

**Rep. Nelson:** Is the case mix, that has to change from time to time as well and I guess I am thinking we should work toward a common ground whether it is a match and determine from year to year who gets it.

**Rep. Weiland:** Do we know where the money goes? It goes to DOCR; how does it get to you?

Nancy Keating: We had some sort of a matching system based on population and up to 50% of that would be paid to whoever the organization was.

**Aaron Burst: Association of Counties:** We would be willing to look at some sort of partnership. The bad offenders are state property because they go to the state pen.

**Chairman Pollert:** I would like the committee to have a breakdown of the counties that have a fee schedule. What counties are doing some thing?

**Aaron Burst:** The larger communities are the ones that can support the community service, obviously. The smaller ones aren't without the state help. We are willing to look at numbers too.

**Rep. Kerzman:** They went together and built a multi county jail and so much of what is happening is out of their hands. Their request for funds is out of their hands. They have already spent the big bucks.

**Aaron Burst:** That is why there is this larger physiological issue and it is for that reason. We have state court judges that are employed by the state imposing community service. County prosecutors and then the county has to implement that. There is always that friction between those entities. There should be a look at whether state judges should order community service.

**Rep. Kerzman:** Lot of the fines don't even come back to the counties?

**Aaron Burst:** The state controls the court system with the exception of municipal courts. The court system, fines and fees all goes to the state fund.

**Chairman Pollert:** Aren't they required by law they so much have to go on to buildings and the other goes into defense so it is being spread out. It is not being kept at the state. By statues it has to be trickled down, if that is what you want to say.

**Rep. Kerzman:** It is just like a balloon, you squeeze it at one end and it pops up somewhere else and that is what happens here. This is no surprise that the bottom end service was going to get cut when we cut funds.

**Chairman Pollert:** This committee did not cutting of programs. It was brought for us at the DORC budget this session.

**Rep. Kerzman:** I would disagree, if we don't fund them it is the same thing as cutting the program.

**Rep. Nelson:** We said if the federal funding went away; then we said the areas where the funding was attached to would be the areas where the reduction would happen. The department made the decision to cut this program.

**Rep. Weiland:** This is a federal and state mandate. I want some facts and figures on this program so we can figure out a way to fund the program. I have no problem and Rep. Nelson wants to work with the Association of Counties. We need more information.

**Joanie Brunner: Coordinator for Rehab Services in Minot.** (copy of attached letter from Deanne Markle). Told of many success stories in the community. Teen challenge people are not able to work and they are referred over to us and we set them up working off their supervision fees which is \$40/month. I charge them \$20. to open their case and that is for 12 months to take care of their supervision fees.

Irene Webster, Fargo: I strongly recommend passage of this bill. I work for Dakota Boys and Girls ranch for the past 20 years and I oversee all the thrift stores and warehouse across the state and throughout the years we have utilized community service and worked with them during all this time. We have hired many of these people throughout the years and they have become very good employees for us.

Opposition: None

Neutral: None

**Chairman Pollert:** We read the papers and there are certain groups that are giving the legislature a bad time. If we don't spend some money it is going to be more expensive and I have a frustration with me. Appointed a subcommittee: Rep. Kerzman, Rep. Weiland, Rep. Nelson work with Dell. Rep. Weiland appointed-chairman.

## 2007 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. **SB 2243**

House Appropriations Committee  
Human Resources Division

Check here for Conference Committee

Hearing Date: 03-23-07

Recorder Job Number: 5558

Committee Clerk Signature

*Donna Kramer*

Minutes:

The hearing for SB 2243 was opened.

Chairman Pollert: Asked that they review the amendments. The amendments were not drawn up as of yet and was hoping that this would be okay with the committee to review the changes proposed by Rep Wieland, Nelson, Kerzman and with the help of Kreidt.

Rep Wieland: What we did was we looked at a way at which we could stay on similar basis. I believe this was funded last time directly through the DOCR or was funded with some participation from the counties and the cities.

The counties indicated that they were involved with approximately 58% of the number of cases that were involved. They indicated that they would be willing to support it to that amount and that was \$220,000. The participating cities, not all cities participate, show that they are approximately \$35,000 of the cost.

We went up to the Supreme Court and we talked to them and there is approximately 2,500 cases a year that are sent to community service. If we were to add a \$50 fine in addition to what they already are fined then that would raise, over a 2 year biennium, indicated that approximately 50% of them would pay, it would be about \$125,000.

The funding would come from special funds not General Funds and the money goes to the DOCR.

Chairman Pollert: The money goes to the DOCR and they implement the program?

Rep Weiland: That is correct.

Rep Bellew: Will there be language that states the DOCR has to implement this program?

Because what they did last biennium, my faith in them is not real high.

Chairman Pollert: Alon can we make that request?

Rep Weiland: The appropriation will include that the purpose of that appropriation is for that program.

Chairman Pollert: I would suspect that the parties involved, if not we will hear about that, and we will definitely make changes.

Rep Nelson: I share Rep Bellew issue there. Could we also have that the any unexpended money be held in the fund and not spread across the DOCR budget or something like that.

Chairman Pollert: Our objective is that any dollars from the counties and cities and from the fines do not go to the DOCR to help their budget.

Rep Weiland: I think that we will be creating a special fund for this money to go into and they will be appropriated out there and there won't be any other funds be appropriated other than for this purpose.

These funds would stay in this special fund and would have to ask for a special appropriation out of the fund for the next biennium, where to spend it.

Rep Nelson: For the committee's information, we did ask what kind of cases that this involves.

Out of those 2,500 cases, possession or consumption of alcohol by persons under 21 is 1,466 cases. The next is possession of drug paraphernalia at 421.

Because of this high amount, it would not surprise me if we would get over our 50% of return.

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House Appropriations Committee  
Human Resources Division  
Bill/Resolution No. SB 2243  
Hearing Date: 03-2307

Rep Weiland: I feel we should make sure that the money stays in this fund so that it will not take as much money next time around.

This is also sunsets. So we will be looking at this in 2 years.

Rep Weiland: Do you want the fee and the fund and everything to sunset or just the appropriation in 2 years?

We would review the dollars.

Rep Weiland: made a motion to pass the amendments.

Rep Kreidt: seconded the motion.

A voice vote was taken on the amendment and the amendment passes.

Rep Weiland: Made a motion a "Do pass as amended".

Rep Kreidt: seconded the motion.

Roll Call Vote 7 yes, 0 no and 1 absent.

Rep Weiland is the carrier.

# 2007 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

## Bill No. SB 2243

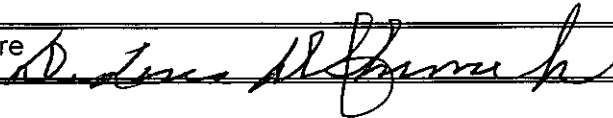
House Appropriations Committee

Check here for Conference Committee

Hearing Date: March 26, 2007

Recorder Job Number: 5551

Committee Clerk Signature



Minutes:

**Chairman Svedjan:** I was told we were going to do a verbal amendment. So there are no amendments being distributed.

**Rep Wieland:** The amendments basically will accomplish several things. Number one it will remove the appropriations of general funds of \$380 thousand as follows: currently the counties and cities and DOCR are funding this so they wanted to put in a general appropriation. I went to the counties and I have the counties agreeing they will partnership to the tune of 58% or roughly \$220,000. \$35,000 is from participating counties. Participating cities of about \$55,000 and the balance would come from an increase in fines for anyone who is fined and using community service. There are about 2500 of those people per year which is a total of \$5,000. \$50 fine would give us approximately \$250,000, but only 50% of that is deemed collectible so therefore that is \$125,000; that would total \$380,000. The money will go to the DOCR and they must do the program. This is all in the amendments. They can not spend the money for anything else and then we will have to look at the appropriation when it sunsets in two years.

**Chairman Svendjan:** So, just for clarification you said the \$ 220,000 you said was from the participating counties; \$35,000 from participating cities.

**Moved amendment Motion Made By Rep. Wieland Seconded By Rep. Ekstrom**

Discussion:

**Chairman Svedjan:** It really takes the entire appropriation from the general fund out to special funds.

**Rep. Glassheim:** So these are counties who are already \$225,000 towards there programs?

**Chairman Svedjan:** Yes, they are participating to the tune of 58%; and that is the \$220 and the county said they would agree to continue that partnership.

**Rep. Glassheim:** New counties could participate if they wish. I understood these programs were really short of money and several were closing in counties where they weren't getting any support and DOCR had an appropriation last time but they didn't spend it for this purpose. I meet with them and there were several where counties weren't supporting them and they were going to close. It seemed like these services helps the state or helps local entities by organizing cheaply a way to work off fines and time served instead of going to jail. Did you hear testimony about a bunch of them going to close?

**Chairman Svedjan:** I don't remember hearing testimony about that affect.

**Rep. Nelson:** What happened in the current biennium the Department of Correction funded that program. They use to fund that program; their decision was that their funding not comes from DOCR. So the second year of the biennium they stopped funding these community service programs in this particular year so it was up to those counties that continued had to find a source of funding and that is where the local funding took over so that might be where some of that confusion may have come in. We did bring that up in the DOCR budget as well and they have no interest in DOCR of funding that particular program.

**Rep. Aarsvold:** I think this community services were in the DOCR budget for several years. It was a line item for those people, but they were naturally under funded by the legislature and so



