The state canvassing board in examining and making a statement of the votes for, and in
determining and certifying the persons chosen as, presidential electors shall proceed in the
manner prescribed in this title for the canvass of votes for state officers. The secretary of state
likewise shall file and record such statement and determination. In canvassing the returns for
presidential electors, the group of electors having the greatest number of votes is to be declared
elected. If two or more groups of electors are found to have an equal and the greatest number
of votes, the election of one group must be determined by a drawing of names, with the
governor drawing the names in the presence of the other members of the state canvassing
board.

16.1-14-02. Secretary of state to prepare certificates of election.
The secretary of state shall prepare certificates of election for each presidential elector
chosen at the election. Each certificate must be signed by the governor and the secretary of
state and the great seal of the state must be affixed thereto. One certificate must be delivered to
each of the electors chosen.

Within ten days after the state canvassing board completes the canvass of the votes cast
for presidential electors, as certified by the auditors of the respective counties, the governor
shall declare by proclamation, to be printed in the official county newspaper printed and
published at the seat of government, the names of the persons who have received the highest
number of votes returned for such office. If the election of such persons has not been contested
by notice of contest having been filed with the governor within ten days after the date of such
proclamation, then such persons must be deemed elected, and the governor shall transmit to
each person so chosen a certificate of election.

Presidential electors shall meet at one p.m. in the office of the governor in the state capitol
on the first Monday after the second Wednesday in December next following their appointments
by election for the purpose of casting their ballots as members of the electoral college. The
secretary of state shall notify the electors of the date of the meeting.

If a vacancy exists in the office of an elector for any reason, the electors present at the
meeting provided for in section 16.1-14-04 shall first proceed to fill such vacancy by ballot by a
plurality of the votes. When all the electors appear, or the vacancies have been filled as
provided in this section, they shall proceed to perform the duties required of them by the
constitution and laws of the United States.

16.1-14-06. Compensation of presidential electors.
The electors provided for in this chapter shall receive the same per diem and the same
mileage as members of the legislative assembly.

The board for the trial of contests of elections for presidential electors shall consist of the
chief justice of the supreme court, who must be president of the board, and two judges of the
district court designated by the governor. If the chief justice is unable to attend at such trial, the
next senior judge on the supreme court shall preside in place of the chief justice. The secretary
of state must be the clerk of the board, or in the secretary of state's absence or inability to act,
the clerk of the supreme court must be the clerk. Each member of the board, before entering
upon the discharge of the member's duties, shall take an oath, before the secretary of state or
some other officer qualified to administer oaths, that without fear, favor, affection, or hope of
reward, the member will, to the best of the member's knowledge and ability, administer justice
according to law and the facts of the case.

16.1-14-08. Contestant may apply to board.
A group of electors appearing, by the proclamation of the governor, to have received not
less than one-fifth of the votes cast at an election for presidential electors, may apply to the
board provided for in section 16.1-14-07 for a declaration of election as presidential electors.

16.1-14-09. Application to state grounds of contest.
The application provided for in section 16.1-14-08 must be made by petition in writing to be
filed in the office of the secretary of state within ten days from the date of the proclamation
provided for in section 16.1-14-03. The petition, regardless of its mode of delivery, must be in
the possession of the secretary of state before four p.m. on the tenth day as provided in this
section, and the secretary of state shall convene the board forthwith. The petition must set forth
the names of the persons whose election is contested and the ground for such contest. The
petitioner, before any proceedings are had upon the petition, except the convening of the board,
shall file a bond to this state in a sum and with such surety as the board shall order, conditioned
for the payment of all costs incurred in the prosecution of such contest in the case the
contestants do not prevail.

Upon the filing of the petition and bond as provided in section 16.1-14-09, the board for the
trial of an election contest shall order written notice of the petition to be given to the governor
and to the persons whose election is contested. Notice must also be published in a newspaper
as the board shall order. Notices provided for by this section must contain a concise statement
of the facts alleged in the petition and a designation of the time and place fixed by the board for
the hearing, which must be not less than three nor more than fifteen days from the filing of the
petition.

At the time fixed for the hearing, the petitioners shall appear and produce their evidence,
and the persons whose election is contested may appear and produce evidence in their behalf.
Any party to the contest proceedings may appear in person or by attorney, and no other person
is entitled to be made a party to the proceedings or to be heard personally or by counsel therein.
If more than one petition is pending, the board, in its discretion, may order the contests to be
heard together.

The board shall hear the contest and decide all questions of law and fact involved. The
burden of proof in each case must be upon the petitioners, and the hearing must be confined to
the grounds stated in the petition, but the board in its discretion may allow the petition to be
amended. No ex parte affidavits shall be competent evidence at the hearing. A person may not
be excused from testifying or from producing papers or documents at the hearing on the
grounds that such testimony will tend to incriminate the person, but no person so testifying may
be subject to any suit or prosecution, civil or criminal, for any matter or cause in respect to which
the person is examined or to which the person's testimony relates. The board has the same
power to compel the attendance of witnesses as the district courts of this state possess, and
nothing contained in this chapter may be held to limit the power of the board to make such
regulations as to the conduct of the proceedings as it may deem proper, not inconsistent with
the provisions of this chapter. The board has all powers necessary to the complete performance
of the duties and authority conferred upon it by this chapter.
The board shall determine in each case which of the parties to the proceedings are entitled to the office of elector, and shall cause its determination to be entered of record in a manner and form as it shall direct, and shall certify the same to the governor and secretary of state. The certified determination is final and conclusive that the persons stated therein are duly elected. The governor shall transmit to such persons their certificates of election, and every such certificate must recite that it is issued pursuant to a determination under the provisions of this chapter.

If any petitioners fail to appear and prosecute their petition against the persons who have been made respondents thereto, according to the requirements of this chapter and of any rules made by the board, the board shall determine that they have failed, and shall cause the determination to be entered of record in such manner and form as it shall direct, and forthwith shall certify the determination to the governor and secretary of state. The determination is a final and conclusive bar to the claim of the petitioners against such respondents as fully and completely as if the claim had been heard and determined on its merits, and the governor shall issue certificates of election as provided in section 16.1-14-13.

The costs of an election contest under the provisions of this chapter must be taxed under the direction of the board. If two or more cases are heard together, the costs must be apportioned as the board shall direct. In each case in which the petitioners do not prevail, the costs must be paid by them, and in each case in which the petitioners prevail, the costs must be paid by the state. If the costs are required to be paid by the state, the board shall certify the costs to the office of management and budget, which shall issue a warrant upon the state treasurer in payment of the same.

The final hearing and determination under the provisions of this chapter must be by a majority of the board, but any single member may exercise any of the other powers given to the board by this chapter.

16.1-14-17. Mileage and per diem of board members.
The members of the board trying the presidential election contest must be compensated in the same manner as state officers pursuant to sections 44-08-04 and 54-06-09.

16.1-14-18. Eligibility of new residents to vote.
Each citizen of the United States who, immediately prior to the citizen's removal to this state, was a citizen of another state and who has been a resident of the precinct for less than thirty days prior to a presidential election, is entitled to vote for presidential electors at that election, but for no other offices, if:
1. The citizen otherwise possesses the substantive qualifications to vote in this state, except requirement of residence; and

16.1-14-19. Eligibility of former residents to vote.
Each citizen of the United States who was a qualified elector in this state immediately prior to establishing residence in another state and who has not qualified for voting purposes due to the residency requirement of that state may vote in North Dakota for president and vice president only, by applying for a separate ballot at least one day before the election in accordance with sections 16.1-14-20, 16.1-14-23, 16.1-14-24, 16.1-14-25, 16.1-14-26, and 16.1-14-27, provided the statements relative to new residents contained therein must, for this purpose, be changed by the county auditor and inspector of elections to comply with the provisions of this section.

A person desiring to qualify to vote for presidential electors is not required to register but, not less than ten days in advance of the election, shall make an application in the form of an affidavit executed in duplicate in the presence of the county auditor substantially as follows:

State of North Dakota
County of ____________

I, ____________, do solemnly swear that:
1. I am a citizen of the United States.
2. Before becoming a resident of this state, I resided at ________ street, in the (town) (township) (city) of ________, county of ________, in the state of ________.
3. On the day of the next presidential election, I shall be at least eighteen years of age. I have been a resident of this state since __________, ____, now residing at __________ street, in the (town) (township) (city) of ________, county of ________, in the state of North Dakota.
4. I have resided in ________ precinct for less than thirty days. I believe I am entitled under the laws of this state to vote at the presidential election to be held on November ________, ___.
5. I apply for a presidential election ballot. I have not voted and will not vote otherwise than by this ballot at that election.

Signed _______________________________
(Applicant)

_______________________________
(Applicant's telephone number)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this ________ day of ________, ___.
Signed _______________________________
(Title and name of officer authorized to administer oaths)


The county auditor shall immediately mail to the appropriate official of the state in which the applicant last resided the duplicate of the application.

16.1-14-22. Filing and indexing information from other states.

The county auditor shall file each duplicate application or other official information received by the county auditor from another state indicating that a former resident of this state has made application to vote at a presidential election in another state and shall maintain an alphabetical index thereof for a period of four months after the election.


If satisfied that the application is proper and that the applicant is qualified to vote at the presidential election, the county auditor shall deliver to the applicant a ballot for presidential electors no sooner than thirty days nor later than one day prior to the next presidential election.


1. The applicant, upon receiving the ballot for presidential electors, shall immediately mark the ballot in the presence of the county auditor but in a manner that the official cannot know how the ballot is marked. The applicant shall then fold the ballot in the county auditor's presence to conceal the markings and deposit and seal it in an envelope furnished by the county auditor.

2. The voter shall enclose the envelope containing the ballot in a carrier envelope which must be securely sealed. There must be imprinted on the outside of the carrier envelope a statement substantially as follows:

   CERTIFICATION OF NEW RESIDENT VOTER
I have qualified as a new resident voter in this state to vote for presidential electors. I have not applied nor do I intend to apply for an absent voter's ballot from the state from which I have removed. I have not voted and I will not vote otherwise than by this ballot.

Dated _________________________
Witness _______________________
County Auditor

(Signature of Voter)

The voter shall sign the certification upon the carrier envelope as set forth above and shall then deliver the sealed carrier envelope to the county auditor who shall keep the carrier envelope in the county auditor's office until delivered by the county auditor to the inspector of elections of the precinct in which the applicant resides.

The county auditor shall keep open to public inspection a list of all persons who have applied to vote as new residents with their names, addresses, and application dates for a period of two years.

1. The county auditor shall deliver the ballots for new residents to the inspector of elections in the manner prescribed by law for absentee ballots. The ballots must be processed in accordance therewith.
2. The inspector of elections shall record the new resident voter's name with a notation designating the person as a new resident voting for presidential electors only.

Except as provided in sections 16.1-14-18 through 16.1-14-27, the provisions of law relating to absent voters' ballots apply also to the casting and counting of ballots of new residents, the furnishing of election supplies, ballots, canvassing of ballots, and making proper returns of the results of the election.

As used in sections 16.1-14-18 through 16.1-14-27, "state" includes the District of Columbia.