CHAPTER 12.1-13
CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION - CONFLICT OF INTEREST - IMPERSONATION

A person is guilty of a class C felony if, in knowing violation of a statutory duty imposed on
him as a public servant, he discloses any confidential information which he has acquired as a
public servant. "Confidential information" means information made available to the government
under a governmental assurance of confidence as provided by statute.

12.1-13-02. Speculating or wagering on official action or information.
1. A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if during employment as a public servant,
or within one year thereafter, in contemplation of official action by himself as a public
servant or by a government agency with which he is or has been associated as a
public servant, or in reliance on information to which he has or had access only in his
capacity as a public servant, he:
   a. Acquires a pecuniary interest in any property, transaction, or enterprise which
      may be affected by such information or official action;
   b. Speculates or wagers on the basis of such information or official action; or
   c. Aids another to do any of the foregoing.
2. A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if as a public servant he takes official
   action which is likely to benefit him as a result of an acquisition of a pecuniary interest
   in any property, transaction, or enterprise, or of a speculation or wager, which he
   made, or caused or aided another to make, in contemplation of such official action.

12.1-13-03. Public servant's interest in public contracts.
1. Every public servant authorized to sell or lease any property, or to make any contract
   in his official capacity, alone or in conjunction with other public servants, who
   voluntarily becomes interested individually in the sale, lease, or contract, directly or
   indirectly, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
2. Subsection 1 shall not apply to:
   a. Contracts of purchase or employment between a political subdivision and an
      officer of that subdivision, if the contracts are first unanimously approved by the
      other members at a meeting of the governing body of the political subdivision,
      and a unanimous finding is entered in the official minutes of that body that the
      contract is necessary because the services or property contracted for are not
      otherwise obtainable at equal cost.
   b. Sales, leases, or contracts entered into between school boards and school board
      members or school officers.

1. A person is guilty of an offense if he falsely pretends to be:
   a. A public servant, other than a law enforcement officer, and acts as if to exercise
      the authority of such public servant.
   b. A public servant or a former public servant and thereby obtains a thing of value.
   c. A law enforcement officer.
2. It is no defense to prosecution under this section that the pretended capacity did not
   exist or the pretended authority could not legally or otherwise have been exercised or
   conferred.
3. An offense under subdivision b or c of subsection 1 is a class A misdemeanor. An
   offense under subdivision a of subsection 1 is a class B misdemeanor.