Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2070

Introduced by

Energy and Natural Resources Committee

(At the request of the Department of Environmental Quality)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact sections 23.1-10-04, 23.1-10-05, 23.1-10-06, 23.1-10-07,
- 2 23.1-10-08, 23.1-10-09, 23.1-10-10, 23.1-10-11, 23.1-10-12, 23.1-10-13, 23.1-10-14,

3 23.1-10-15, 23.1-10-16, and 23.1-10-17 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the

4 regulated substance response; to amend and reenact sections 11-33-01, 40-47-01, and

5 58-03-11 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the regulated substance response; and

6 to repeal sections 23.1-04-04 and 23.1-10-01 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to

7 contaminated properties.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 11-33-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10 amended and reenacted as follows:

11 **11-33-01.** County power to regulate property.

12 For the purpose of promoting health, safety, morals, public convenience, general prosperity, 13 and public welfare, the board of county commissioners of any county may regulate and restrict 14 within the county, subject to chapter 54-21.3, the location and the use of buildings and 15 structures and the use, condition of use, or occupancy of lands for residence, recreation, and 16 other purposes. The board of county commissioners and a county zoning commission shall 17 state the grounds upon which any request for a zoning amendment or variance is approved or 18 disapproved, and written findings upon which the decision is based must be included within the 19 records of the board or commission. The board of county commissioners shall establish zoning 20 requirements for solid waste disposal and incineration facilities before July 1, 1994. The board 21 of county commissioners may impose tipping or other fees on solid waste management and 22 incineration facilities. The board of county commissioners may not impose any fee under this 23 section on an energy conversion facility or coal mining operation that disposes of its waste 24 onsite. The board of county commissioners may establish institutional controls that address

- 1 environmental concerns with the department of environmental quality as provided in section
- 2 23.1-04-0423.1-10-16.
- 3 SECTION 2. Section 23.1-10-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
 4 as follows:
- 5 **23.1-10-04. Definitions.**
- 6 <u>As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:</u>
- 7 <u>1.</u> <u>"Containment unit" means any one or a combination of containers, vessels, and</u>
- 8 <u>enclosures, including structures and appurtenances connected to them, which or has</u>
- 9 been used to contain or dispense a regulated substance and is either stationary or
- 10 <u>attached to a motor vehicle. The definition includes pipeline facilities that transport and</u>
- 11 <u>store regulated substances.</u>
- <u>"Corrective action" means an action taken to investigate, minimize, contain, eliminate,</u>
 remediate, mitigate, monitor, or clean up a release including any necessary
- 14 <u>emergency remedial effort.</u>
- 15 <u>3.</u> <u>"Corrective action cost" means any cost incurred by the department in conducting or</u>
- 16 <u>overseeing corrective actions performed on a release; or the performance of</u>
- 17 reasonable measures undertaken to prevent or mitigate damage to the public health,
 18 public safety, public welfare, or environment of the state.
- <u>_____</u>
- 19 <u>4.</u> "Department" means the department of environmental quality.
- 20 5. "Emergency remedial effort" means an action taken to protect the public health, public
 21 safety, or environment from imminent danger resulting from a release, and an action
- 22 taken to contain a release that, if not contained, will pose in time a greater threat to the
- 23 public health, public safety, or environment than if the action is not taken immediately.
- <u>Environment</u> means land, including public and private property, surface and
 <u>underground waters</u>, fish, wildlife, biota, air, and other similar resources within the
- 26 <u>state.</u>
- 27 <u>7.</u> <u>"Fund" means the environmental quality restoration fund.</u>
- 8. "Institutional controls" and "activity and use limitations" are restrictions on the use and
 management of real property, including buildings or fixtures, containing or preventing
- 30 migration of regulated substances or other pollution or contamination, or protecting

1		receptors from exposure or the threat of exposure to regulated substances or other
2		pollution or contamination. Institutional controls may apply:
3		a. During environmental remediation activities; or
4		b. To residual regulated substances, pollutants, or other pollution or contamination
5		or the byproducts of residual regulated substances, pollutants, or other pollution
6		or contamination which may remain on property after active environmental
7		remediation activities are concluded or while natural attenuation of regulated
8		substances or other pollution or contamination is occurring.
9	<u>9.</u>	"Potentially responsible party" means a person identified as a possible cause of, or
10		contributor to, contamination or pollution on a site or property.
11	<u>10.</u>	"Regulated substance" means a compound designated by the department, including
12		pesticides and fertilizers regulated by the department of agriculture; the hazardous
13		substances designated by the Federal Water Pollution Control Act [Pub. L. 80-845; 62
14		Stat. 1155; 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.]; the toxic pollutants designated by the Federal
15		Water Pollution Control Act and the Toxic Substances Control Act [Pub. L. 94-469; 90
16		Stat. 2003; 15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.]; the hazardous substances designated by the
17		federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
18		[Pub. L. 96-510; 94 Stat. 2767; 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.]; petroleum, petroleum
19		substances, oil, gasoline, kerosene, fuel oil, oil sludge, oil refuse, production water, oil
20		mixed with other wastes, crude oils, substances, or additives to be utilized in refining
21		or blending crude petroleum or petroleum stock; any other oil or petroleum substance;
22		solid waste regulated under chapter 23.1-08; and technologically enhanced naturally
23		occurring radioactive material regulated under chapter 23.1-03. Radioactive material
24		other than technologically enhanced naturally occurring radioactive material is not a
25		regulated substance under this chapter.
26	<u>11.</u>	"Release" means an intentional or unintentional act or omission that results in the
27		discharge, spill, leak, emission, escape, or disposal of a regulated substance into the
28		environment and harms or threatens harm to public health or public safety or the
29		environment.
30	<u>12.</u>	"Responsible party" means a person that causes or contributes to an onsite or offsite
31		release or threatened release, or that is responsible for an illegal or unpermitted

1 storage, of a regulated substance that results in the contamination or pollution of a 2 property or site. 3 SECTION 3. Section 23.1-10-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted 4 as follows: 5 23.1-10-05. Revenue to the fund. 6 Revenue from the following sources must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to 7 the fund: 8 <u>1.</u> If the balance of the fund is less than five million dollars, moneys recovered by the 9 department in an action or administrative proceeding based on violation of the state's 10 environmental statutes, including actions for administrative expense recoveries, civil 11 penalties, compensatory damages; and money paid pursuant to any agreement. 12 stipulation, or settlement. This section does not limit the department's ability to agree 13 to a supplemental environmental project as part of a settlement. 14 <u>2.</u> Moneys donated to the department for the purposes of this chapter. 15 3. Transfers from the abandoned oil and gas well plugging and site reclamation fund 16 under subdivision f of subsection 2 of section 38-08-04.5. 17 <u>4.</u> Moneys received from a federal agency for the purpose of this section. 18 <u>5.</u> Any other moneys as may be deposited in the fund for use in carrying out the 19 purposes of this chapter. 20 SECTION 4. Section 23.1-10-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted 21 as follows: 22 23.1-10-06. Release of regulated substance prohibited - Exception. 23 The release of a regulated substance is prohibited. This section does not apply to releases 24 of regulated substances pursuant to and in compliance with the conditions of a federal or state 25 environmental permit. 26 SECTION 5. Section 23.1-10-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted 27 as follows: 28 23.1-10-07. Releases from petroleum tanks. 29 Releases from petroleum tanks are subject to this chapter, but the department may expend 30 moneys in the regulated substance response fund to address releases from petroleum tanks

- 1 <u>only if there are no available moneys in the petroleum tank release compensation fund under</u>
- 2 <u>chapter 23.1-12.</u>
- 3 SECTION 6. Section 23.1-10-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
 4 as follows:
- 5 23.1-10-08. Responsible parties.
- 6 <u>1.</u> If the department determines a release has occurred, the department shall identify the
 7 responsible party.
- 8 2. If no other viable responsible party can be located after the department's reasonable
 9 investigation, the department shall consider a person that became an owner of the
- 10 property after the release to be a responsible party, subject to the limitations in this
- 11 <u>section.</u>
- 12a.Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as expressly provided by13federal law, a person that acquires property is not liable for an existing regulated14substance on the property if the person:
- 15(1)Acquired the property after the disposal or placement of the regulated16substance on, in, or at the property; and at the time the property was17acquired did not know and had no reason to know a regulated substance18was disposed of on, in, or at the property;
- 19 (2) Is a governmental entity that acquired the property by escheat, by tax sale,
 20 by foreclosure, through any other involuntary transfer or acquisition, or
 21 through the exercise of eminent domain authority by purchase or
 22 condemnation; or
- 23 (3) Acquired the property by inheritance or bequest, and did not know and had
 24 no reason to know a regulated substance was disposed of on, in, or at the
 25 property.
- b. To establish the person had no reason to know a regulated substance was.
 disposed of on, in, or at the property, the person must have undertaken, at the.
 time of acquisition, all appropriate inquiries into the previous ownership and uses
 of the property consistent with good commercial or customary practice in an effort.
 to minimize liability. For purposes of this requirement, the department shall take
 into account any specialized knowledge or experience on the part of the person,

1			the relationship of the purchase price to the value of the property as
2			uncontaminated, commonly known or reasonably ascertainable information about
3			the property, the obviousness of the presence or likely presence of contamination
4			at the property, and the ability to detect the contamination by appropriate
5			inspection.
6		<u>C.</u>	A person that has acquired real property may establish a rebuttable presumption
7			the person has made all appropriate inquiries if the person establishes the
8			person performed an investigation of the property, conducted by an
9			environmental professional immediately before or at the time of acquisition, to
10			determine or discover the obviousness of the presence or likely presence of a
11			release or threatened release of regulated substances on the property.
12		<u>d.</u>	The presumption does not arise unless the person has maintained a compilation
13			of the information reviewed during the investigation.
14		<u>e.</u>	This section does not diminish the liability of a previous owner or operator of the
15			property which otherwise would be liable under this chapter, and nothing in this
16			section affects the liability under this chapter of a person that, by any act or
17			omission, caused or contributed to the release or threatened release of a
18			regulated substance that is the subject of the action relating to the property.
19		<u>f.</u>	As used in this section, "environmental professional" means an individual, or
20			entity managed or controlled by an individual, such as an engineer,
21			environmental consultant, and attorney, who, through academic training,
22			occupational experience, and reputation, can objectively conduct one or more
23			aspects of an environmental investigation.
24	<u>3.</u>	<u>A le</u>	nder-owner is liable for a release or threatened release of a regulated substance
25		<u>only</u>	v as provided in chapter 32-40.1.
26	SEC	стю	N 7. Section 23.1-10-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
27	as follow	vs:	
28	8 <u>23.1-10-09. Duty to provide information - Inspections.</u>		
29	<u>1.</u>	Wh	en requested by the department, a responsible or potentially responsible party, or
30		<u>owr</u>	ner of real property where a release or threatened release is located or where
31		res	ponse actions are proposed to be taken, shall furnish to the department any

1		information the person may have or reasonably may obtain which is relevant to the		
2		release or threatened release.		
3	<u>2.</u>	2. The department, upon presentation of credentials, may:		
4		<u>a.</u>	Examine and copy any books, papers, records, memoranda, or data of any	
5			person that has a duty to provide information to the department under	
6			subsection 1; and	
7		<u>b.</u>	Enter upon any property, public or private, to take action authorized by this	
8			chapter, including obtaining information from a person that has a duty to provide	
9			the information under subsection 1, conducting surveys or investigations, and	
10			taking removal or remedial action.	
11	SECTION 8. Section 23.1-10-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted			
12	as follows:			
13	23.1-10-10. Authority to establish and enforce remediation requirements.			
14	<u>In d</u>	etern	nining the appropriate standards to be achieved by corrective actions taken or	
15	requested under this chapter to protect public health and welfare and the environment from a			
16	release or threatened release, the department shall consider the planned use of the property			
17	where the release or threatened release is located. This chapter does not limit the authority of			
18	the department to establish environmental standards for remediation of air, soil, or water			
19	pollution pursuant to this title or chapters 61-28 and 61-28.1, or to enforce site-specific			
20	environmental remediation requirements in particular cases.			
21	SECTION 9. Section 23.1-10-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted			
22	as follow	VS:		
23	<u>23.′</u>	1-10-	11. Action to compel performance - Injunctive relief.	
24	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	e department may make a request for corrective action to a responsible party. A	
25		<u>req</u>	uest must be in writing, state the action requested, the reasons for the action, and	
26		<u>rea</u>	sonable times for the action to begin and be completed taking into account the	
27		<u>urg</u>	ency of the action for protection of the public health or welfare or the environment.	
28	<u>2.</u>	<u>lf a</u>	person responsible for a release or threatened release of a regulated substance	
29		fails	s to take corrective actions or make reasonable progress in completing corrective	
30		<u>acti</u>	ions requested under subsection 1, the department may bring an action to compel	
31		per	formance of the requested corrective actions. If any person having any right, title,	

1		or interest in and to the real property where the containment unit is located or where		
2		corrective actions are proposed to be taken is not a person responsible for the release		
3		or threatened release, the person may be joined as an indispensable party in an action		
4		to compel performance to assure the requested corrective actions can be taken on		
5		that property by the responsible parties.		
6	<u>3.</u>	The release or threatened release of a regulated substance constitutes a public		
7		nuisance and may be enjoined in an action brought by the department.		
8	SEC	CTION 10. Section 23.1-10-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted		
9	as follow	vs:		
10	<u>23.1</u>	I-10-12. Cost recovery.		
11	The	department may recover its reasonable and necessary expenses incurred under this		
12	chapter, including all corrective action costs and administrative and legal expenses, in a civil			
13	action brought against a responsible party. The department's certification of expenses is prima			
14	facie ev	idence the expenses are reasonable and necessary. The department shall provide		
15	written r	notice to a responsible party before incurring costs, except when prior notice is not		
16	possible because identity of the responsible party is unknown or situations require emergency			
17	remedia	l efforts.		
18	SEC	CTION 11. Section 23.1-10-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted		
19	as follow	VS:		
20	<u>23.1</u>	-10-13. Corrective action costs as lien - Filing of notice of lien - Contents -		
21	<u>Attachr</u>	nent priority.		
22	<u>All c</u>	corrective action costs expended from the regulated substance response fund pursuant		
23	<u>to this c</u>	hapter constitute a lien on all property owned by the responsible party when a notice of		
24	<u>lien is fil</u>	ed with the recorder in the county where the property is located. The notice of lien must		
25	<u>contain</u>	a description of the property of the responsible party upon which the lien is made, a		
26	<u>descript</u>	ion of the property upon which corrective action or emergency remedial efforts were		
27	<u>made, a</u>	nd a statement of the corrective action costs expended from the response fund. Upon		
28	<u>entry, th</u>	e lien must attach to all real property of the responsible party. The lien has priority over		
29	all other	claims or liens on the property, except those perfected before the department's filing of		
30	the notio	ce of lien.		

Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly 1 SECTION 12. Section 23.1-10-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted 2 as follows: 3 23.1-10-14. Other remedies. 4 This chapter does not limit the powers of the department or preclude the pursuit of any 5 other administrative, civil, injunctive, or criminal remedies by the department or any other 6 person. Administrative remedies do not need to be exhausted to proceed under this chapter. 7 The remedies provided by this chapter are in addition to those provided under other statutory or 8 common law. 9 SECTION 13. Section 23.1-10-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted 10 as follows: 11 23.1-10-15. Voluntary response actions - Liability protection - Procedures. 12 1. Subject to the provisions of this section, a person that is not otherwise responsible 13 under this chapter or another environmental law for a release or threatened release is 14 not responsible solely because the person undertakes and completes response 15 actions to remove or remedy releases or threatened releases at an identified area of 16 real property in accordance with a voluntary cleanup agreement. 17 <u>2.</u> A person requesting liability protection under this section shall submit an application in 18 the form required by the department. The requestor also shall submit a voluntary 19 response action plan that includes an investigation report prepared by an appropriate 20 professional describing the methods and results of an investigation of the releases and 21 threatened releases at the identified area of real property, methods of investigation, 22 and the analytical results and professional's evaluation of the reported information. 23 The department may approve the application only if the department determines the 24 nature and extent of the releases and threatened releases at the identified area of real 25 property have been identified and evaluated adequately in the investigation report. 26 The department's approval also must be based on consideration of the following: 27 If reuse or development of the property is proposed, the voluntary response а. 28 action plan provides for all response actions required to carry out the proposed 29 reuse or development; 30 b. The response actions and the activities associated with any reuse or

development proposed for the property will not aggravate or contribute to

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1			releases or threatened releases that are not required to be removed or remedied
2			under the voluntary response action plan, and will not interfere with or
3			substantially increase the cost of response actions to address the remaining
4			releases or threatened releases; and
5		<u>C.</u>	The owner of the property or other relevant person agrees to cooperate with the
6			department or other persons acting at the department's direction in taking
7			response actions necessary to address remaining releases or threatened
8			releases, and to avoid any action that interferes with the response actions.
9	<u>3.</u>	<u>lf th</u>	e department approves the application, the department and requestor shall enter a
10		volu	intary cleanup agreement in which the department agrees to take no action under
11		<u>title</u>	23.1 and chapters 61-28 and 61-28.1 against the requestor and those persons
12		ider	ntified in subsection 5 so long as the plan is implemented pursuant to the
13		agre	eement's terms and with the exercise of due care. As part of the agreement, the
14		<u>dep</u>	artment may require the owner, requestor, or other relevant person agrees to any
15		<u>of th</u>	ne following conditions:
16		<u>a.</u>	To provide access to the property;
17		<u>b.</u>	To allow reasonable and necessary activities at the property, including placement
18			of borings, wells, equipment, and structures on the property; and
19		<u>C.</u>	To enter an environmental covenant for the property containing institutional
20			controls under chapter 47-37. Alternatively, institutional controls may be imposed
21			on the property using zoning regulations under section 23.1-10-16.
22	<u>4.</u>	Res	ponse actions taken under a voluntary cleanup agreement are not complete until
23		the	department certifies completion in writing. The department shall issue a certificate
24		<u>of c</u>	ompletion if the parties demonstrate to the department's satisfaction the response
25		<u>acti</u>	on is complete. If a voluntary response action plan does not require removal or
26		rem	edy of all regulated substances, the department may condition the certificate of
27		<u>con</u>	pletion on the owner's, requestor's, or other relevant person's continued
28		<u>con</u>	pliance with conditions in the voluntary cleanup agreement or other conditions
29		<u>dee</u>	med necessary by the department.
30	<u>5.</u>	<u>In a</u>	ddition to the person that undertakes and completes a voluntary response action
31		purs	suant to a voluntary cleanup agreement, the liability protection provided by this

1		<u>sec</u>	tion applies to the following persons so long as the persons comply with any		
2		<u>con</u>	conditions imposed by the department under subsection 4:		
3		<u>a.</u>	The owner of the identified property, if the owner is not responsible for any		
4			release or threatened release identified in the approved voluntary response		
5			action plan;		
6		<u>b.</u>	A person providing financing to the person that undertakes and completes the		
7			response actions or that acquires or develops the identified property;		
8		<u>C.</u>	A fiduciary that arranges for the undertaking and completion of response actions;		
9			and		
10		<u>d.</u>	A successor or assignee of a person to which the liability protection applies.		
11	<u>6.</u>	<u>Not</u>	withstanding subsection 1, when a person that is responsible for a release or		
12		<u>thre</u>	eatened release undertakes and completes response actions, the protection from		
13		<u>liab</u>	ility provided by this section applies to persons described in subsection 5 if the		
14		res	ponse actions are undertaken and completed in accordance with the following:		
15		<u>a.</u>	The response actions must be undertaken and completed in accordance with a		
16			voluntary cleanup agreement.		
17		<u>b.</u>	When the department issues a certificate of completion for response actions		
18			completed by a responsible party, the department and the responsible party may		
19			enter an agreement that resolves the responsible party's future liability to the		
20			department for the release or threatened release addressed by the response		
21			actions.		
22	<u>7.</u>	<u>The</u>	protection from liability provided by this section does not apply to a person that:		
23		<u>a.</u>	Aggravates or contributes to a release or threatened release that was not		
24			remedied under an approved voluntary response action plan; or		
25		<u>b.</u>	Obtains the department's approval of a voluntary cleanup agreement for		
26			purposes of this section by fraud or misrepresentation or by knowingly failing to		
27			disclose material information, or that knows the approval was so obtained before		
28			taking an action that would have made the person subject to the protection of this		
29			section.		
30	<u>8.</u>	<u>Thi</u>	s section does not affect the authority of the department to exercise any powers or		
31		<u>duti</u>	ies with respect to a new or additional release or threatened release of a regulated		

1		substance on a property or site regulated under this section, or the right of the		
2		department or any other person to seek legal or equitable relief against a person not		
3	subject to a liability protection provided under this section.			
4	SECTION 14. Section 23.1-10-16 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted			
5	as follow	/S:		
6	<u>23.1</u>	-10-16. Zoning regulations establishing institutional controls.		
7	<u>1.</u>	If an area made subject to institutional controls involves two or more property owners		
8		and an area larger than either one city block or ten acres [4.05 hectares], the		
9		department and the political subdivision having zoning authority over the property may		
10		agree to institutional controls relating to the identified area impacted by the release or		
11		threatened release. Before the institutional controls become effective, the controls		
12		must be the subject of a public hearing and be established in the same manner as		
13		zoning regulations are established by that political subdivision. The political		
14		subdivision shall provide all notices under this subdivision, but any public hearing must		
15		be held jointly by the political subdivision and the department.		
16	<u>2.</u>	The department shall consider the factors in subsection 2 of section 23.1-10-15 before		
17		agreeing to institutional controls under this section.		
18	<u>3.</u>	Institutional controls may be terminated or amended at any time by written agreement		
19		between the department and the relevant political subdivision.		
20	SEC	TION 15. Section 23.1-10-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted		
21	as follow	/S:		
22	<u>23.1</u>	-10-17. Liability protections issued before August 1, 2021.		
23	This chapter does not affect liability protections related to releases or threatened releases			
24	of regulated substances issued by the department before August 1, 2021. These liability			
25	protections remain in effect, subject to any conditions that were imposed by the department and			
26	the statutes in effect on the date issued.			
27	SEC	TION 16. AMENDMENT. Section 40-47-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is		
28	amende	d and reenacted as follows:		
29	40-4	7-01. Cities may zone - Application of regulations.		
30	For the purpose of promoting health, safety, morals, or the general welfare of the			
~ 4				

1 regulate and restrict the height, number of stories, and the size of buildings and other 2 structures, the percentage of lot that may be occupied, the size of yards, courts, and other open 3 spaces, the density of population, and the location and use of buildings, structures, and land for 4 trade, industry, residence, or other purposes. Such The regulations may provide that a board of 5 adjustment may determine and vary the application of the regulations in harmony with theirthe 6 regulations' general purpose and intent and in accordance with general or specific rules therein-7 contained in the regulations. The governing body of a city may establish institutional controls 8 that address environmental concerns with the department of environmental quality as provided 9 in section 23.1-04-0423.1-10-16.

SECTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 58-03-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:

12 **58-03-11. Establishment of zoning districts - Uniformity.**

13 For the purpose of promoting the health, safety, morals, or the general welfare, or to secure 14 the orderly development of approaches to municipalities, the board of township supervisors may 15 establish one or more zoning districts and within suchthe districts may, subject to the provisions 16 of chapter 54-21.3 and section 58-03-11.1, may regulate and restrict the erection, construction, 17 reconstruction, alteration, repair, or use of buildings and structures, the height, number of 18 stories, and size of buildings and structures, the percentage of lot that may be occupied, the 19 size of courts, yards, and other open spaces; the density of population; and the location and 20 use of buildings, structures, and land for trade, industry, residence, or other purposes. All such-21 regulations and restrictions under this section must be uniform throughout each district, but the 22 regulations and restrictions in one district may differ from those in other districts. The board of 23 township supervisors may establish institutional controls that address environmental concerns 24 with the department of environmental quality as provided in section 23.1-04-0423.1-10-16. 25 SECTION 18. REPEAL. Sections 23.1-04-04 and 23.1-10-01 of the North Dakota Century 26 Code are repealed.