## FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

## **ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2124**

Introduced by

Senators Myrdal, Burckhard, Dever, Hogue

Representatives Louser, Rohr

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 54-03 of the North Dakota
- 2 Century Code, relating to permitting a virtual session of the legislative assembly during an
- 3 emergency or disaster; to amend and reenact subsection 12 of section 23-01-05 and section
- 4 37-17.1-05 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the state health officer's and
- 5 governor's authority during a declared disaster or emergency; and to provide a penalty.

## 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsection 12 of section 23-01-05 of the North Dakota Century
 Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

9 12. Issue any orders relating to disease control measures deemed necessary to prevent 10 the spread of communicable disease during an emergency or disaster declared by the 11 governor or as otherwise specifically authorized in this title. Disease control measures 12 may include special immunization activities and decontamination measures. Written 13 orders issued under this section shall have the same effect as a physician's standing 14 medical order. The state health officer may apply to the district court in a judicial 15 district where a communicable disease is present for an injunction canceling public 16 events or closing places of business. On application of the state health officer showing 17 the necessity of such the cancellation, the court may issue an exparte preliminary 18 injunction, pending a full hearing. An order issued under this subsection during an 19 emergency or disaster may not exceed in duration or scope the authority of the 20 governor under chapter 37.1-17.1. 21 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 37-17.1-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is

22 amended and reenacted as follows:

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1	37-	17.1-	05. The governor and disasters or emergencies - Penalty.		
2	1.	The	e governor is responsible to minimize or avert the adverse effects of a disaster or		
3		em	ergency.		
4	2.	Und	der this chapter, the governor may issue executive orders and proclamations, and		
5		am	end or rescind them. Executive orders, proclamations, and regulations have the		
6		forc	ce of law.		
7	3.	Ad	A disaster or emergency must be declared by executive order or proclamation of the		
8		gov	rernor if the governor determines a disaster has occurred or a state of emergency		
9		exis	exists. <del>The</del>		
10		<u>a.</u>	Except as provided in subdivisions b and c, the state of disaster or emergency		
11			shall continuecontinues until the governor determines that the threat of an		
12			emergency has passed or, the disaster has been dealt with to the extent that		
13			emergency conditions no longer exist, or the declared state of disaster or		
14			emergency has been in effect for thirty days, whichever occurs first.		
15		<u>b.</u>	If the governor, before or on the thirtieth day of the declared state of disaster or		
16			emergency, calls a special session of the legislative assembly to be held between		
17			the thirty-first and sixtieth day after the original declaration, the declared state of		
18			disaster or emergency remains in effect through the sixtieth day after the original		
19			declaration, unless terminated or extended by a concurrent resolution of the		
20			legislative assembly.		
21		<u>C.</u>	The legislative assembly by concurrent resolution may terminate or extend a		
22			state of disaster or emergency at any time.		
23		<u>d.</u>	If a state of disaster or emergency terminates after thirty or sixty days or is		
24			terminated by concurrent resolution of the legislative assembly, the governor may		
25			not declare another state of disaster or emergency for the same disaster or		
26			emergency conditions.		
27		<u>e.</u>	When a state of disaster or emergency terminates, an executive order issued		
28			under this section in response to the disaster or emergency ceases to be		
29			effective.		
30		<u>f.</u>	All executive orders or proclamations issued under this subsection must indicate		
31			the nature of the disaster or emergency, the area or areas threatened, the		

1 conditions whichthat have brought itthe disaster or emergency about or which 2 make possible termination of the state of disaster or emergency. An executive 3 order or proclamation must be disseminated promptly by means calculated to 4 bring its the order's contents to the attention of the general public, unless the 5 circumstances attendant upon the disaster or emergency prevent or impede such 6 dissemination, and itthe order must be promptly filed promptly with the 7 department of emergency services, the legislative council, the secretary of state, 8 and the county or city auditor of the jurisdictions affected.

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4. An executive order or proclamation of a state of disaster or emergency shall activate
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the state and local operational plans applicable to the political subdivision or area in
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question and be authority for the deployment and use of any forces to which the plan
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or plans apply and for use or distribution of any supplies, equipment, and materials
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and facilities assembled, stockpiled, or arranged to be made available pursuant to this
chapter or any other provision of law relating to a disaster or emergency.

- 5. During the continuance of any state of disaster or emergency declared by the
  governor, the governor is commander in chief of the emergency management
  organization and of all other forces available for emergency duty. To the greatest
  extent practicable, the governor shall delegate or assign command authority by prior
  arrangement embodied in appropriate executive orders or emergency operational
  plans, but nothing herein restricts the governor's authority to do so by orders issued at
  the time of the disaster or emergency.
- 6. In addition to any other powers conferred upon the governor by law, the governor may:
- a. Suspend the provisions of any regulatory statute prescribing the procedures for
  conduct of state business, or the orders, rules, or regulations of any state agency,
  if strict compliance with the provisions of any statute, order, rule, or regulation
  would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in managing a
  disaster or emergency.
- b. Utilize all available resources of the state government as reasonably necessary
  to manage the disaster or emergency and of each political subdivision of the
  state.

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1		C.	Transfer the direction, personnel, or functions of state departments and agencies
2			or units thereof for the purpose of performing or facilitating emergency
3			management activities.
4		d.	Subject to any applicable requirements for compensation under section
5			37-17.1-12, commandeer or utilize any private property if the governor finds this
6			necessary to manage the disaster or emergency.
7		e.	Direct and compel the evacuation of all or part of the population from any stricken
8			or threatened area within the state if the governor deems this action necessary
9			for the preservation of life or other disaster or emergency mitigation, response, or
10			recovery.
11		f.	Prescribe routes, modes of transportation, and destinations in connection with an
12			evacuation.
13		g.	Control ingress and egress in a designated disaster or emergency area, the
14			movement of persons within the area, and the occupancy of premises therein.
15		h.	Suspend or limit the sale, dispensing, or transportation of alcoholic beverages,
16			explosives, and combustibles, not including ammunition.
17		i.	Make provision for the availability and use of temporary emergency housing.
18		j.	Make provisions for the control, allocation, and the use of quotas for critical
19			shortages of fuel or other life and property sustaining commodities.
20		k.	Designate members of the highway patrol, North Dakota national guard, or others
21			trained in law enforcement, as peace officers.
22	7.	Dur	ing a declared state of disaster or emergency, a public official or executive branch
23		<u>em</u> p	ployee may not withhold, direct, or require the use or expenditure of any money in
24		<u>a m</u>	anner or for a purpose other than the manner or purpose for which the money was
25		<u>app</u>	ropriated by the legislative assembly, emergency commission, or budget section.
26	<u>8.</u>	Any	person who willfully violates any provision of an executive order or proclamation
27		issu	led by the governor pursuant to this chapter is guilty of an infraction.
28	<del>8.</del>	Authorize	
29	<u>9.</u>	The governor may authorize the adjutant general to recall to state active duty, on a	
30		volu	inteer basis, former members of the North Dakota national guard. Those recalled
31		mus	st possess the qualifications required by the disaster or emergency. Recall under

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1	this subsection is effective only for the duration of the disaster or emergency and				
2	recalled personnel will be released from state active duty upon competent authority				
3	that the requirement of their service under this subsection has passed. Compensation				
4	for personnel recalled under this subsection will be based upon section 37-07-05.				
5	SECTION 3. A new section to chapter 54-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is created				
6	and enacted as follows:				
7	Virtual session of the legislative assembly during emergency or disaster.				
8	<u>1.</u>	If the governor calls a special session of the legislative assembly to address a state of			
9		emergency or disaster or if the legislative assembly reconvenes to address a state of			
10		emergency or disaster, the legislative assembly may use any technology or electronic			
11		means available to conduct meetings and transact legislative business.			
12	<u>2.</u>	For purposes of section 7 of article IV of the Constitution of North Dakota, a meeting of			
13		the legislative assembly which occurs under this section is deemed to have occurred			
14		at the seat of the government, and all actions taken during the meeting have the same			
15		legal effect as if the members of the legislative assembly were physically present at			
16		the seat of government.			