

HOUSE BILL NO. 1299

Introduced by

Representatives B. Koppelman, Christensen, Kasper, Louser, Marschall, M. Nelson

Senators Clemens, Heitkamp, Meyer

1 | A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter ~~51-15~~51-07 of the North Dakota
2 | Century Code, relating to prohibiting a retail establishment from refusing to accept cash as
3 | payment; and to provide a penalty.

4 | **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

5 | ~~SECTION 1. A new section to chapter 51-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created~~
6 | ~~and enacted as follows:~~

7 | **SECTION 1.** A new section to chapter 51-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
8 | and enacted as follows:

9 | **Cashless retail prohibition - Discrimination against cash-paying customers**
10 | **prohibited - Exceptions - Penalty.**

11 | 1. As used in this section:

12 | a. "Cash" means any United States coin or currency used as legal tender. The term
13 | does not include:

14 | (1) Foreign currency or foreign metal coin; or

15 | (2) Any paper instrument other than a federal reserve note, including any
16 | check, bond, or promissory note.

17 | b. "Retail establishment" means any business that operates at a fixed and physical
18 | premises, has a permanent address within the state, and offers merchandise for
19 | sale. The term does not include:

20 | (1) A business without a physical premises;

21 | (2) A business operating from a vehicle or other mobile space;

22 | (3) A business operating from a temporary physical premises; or

23 | (4) A charitable organization offering merchandise for sale at a charitable event
24 | or for a charitable cause.

- 1 2. Except as otherwise provided byin this section, ~~it is a deceptive act or practice in~~
2 ~~violation of this chapter for a retail establishment to~~a retail establishment may not:
3 a. Refuse to accept cash as payment for any merchandise offered for sale by the
4 retail establishment.
5 b. Require a customer to pay for merchandise offered for sale using a credit card,
6 debit card, charge card, or any other card-based payment.
7 c. Post signs on the premises stating cash payment is not accepted.
8 d. Charge a higher price for the same merchandise to a customer who uses cash as
9 payment than the customer would pay using any other form of payment.
10 3. A retail establishment may refuse to accept cash:
11 a. In any denomination larger than a twenty-dollar bill;
12 b. If the retail establishment reasonably suspects the cash to be counterfeit;
13 c. For any telephone, mail, mobile, catalog, or internet-based transaction, unless
14 the payment for the transaction takes place on the premises of the retail
15 establishment;
16 d. For a transaction at a wholesale club selling merchandise through a membership
17 model;
18 e. For transactions for the rental of merchandise or accommodations for which
19 posting of collateral or security is typically required; and
20 f. At a parking facility that accepts mobile payment, provided the facility does not
21 accept payment by any means other than mobile payment.
22 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:
23 a. If a complaint is made to the attorney general that a retail establishment is in
24 violation of this section, the attorney general shallmay investigate the alleged
25 violation. To conduct an investigation, the attorney general may subpoena
26 witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony, and require the production of books
27 or other documents.
28 b. If, after investigating, the attorney general finds a retail establishment has
29 engaged in or is engaging in any practice declared to be unlawful by this section,
30 the attorney general shallmay issue a cease and desist order and may impose by
31 order and collect a civil penalty against any retail establishment found in an

- 1 adjudicative proceeding to have violated this section. The attorney general may
2 bring an action in district court to recover penalties under this section.
3 c. A retail establishment violating this section is subject to a civil penalty not to
4 exceed two hundred fifty dollars for a first offense, and a civil penalty not to
5 exceed five hundred dollars for a subsequent offense.