FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-sixth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1362

Introduced by

Representatives Monson, Headland, Mitskog

Senators Bekkedahl, Burckhard, Robinson

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact chapter 49-09.1 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 2 relating to the right of utilities to cross over or under a railroad right of way; and to provide for
- 3 application.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

5 **SECTION 1.** Chapter 49-09.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as

6 follows:

7 <u>49-09.1-01. Definitions.</u>

8 <u>As used in this chapter:</u>

- 9 <u>1.</u> <u>"Crossing" means the construction, operation, repair, or maintenance of a facility over,</u>
- 10 <u>under, or across a railroad right of way by a utility. The term includes the construction,</u>
- 11 <u>operation, repair, or maintenance of a facility that runs adjacent to and alongside the</u>
- 12 lines of a railroad for no more than one mile, or another distance agreed to by the
- 13 parties, after which the facility crosses the railroad lines, terminates, or exits the
- 14 railroad right of way. The term does not include longitudinal occupancy of a railroad

15 <u>right of way.</u>

- 16 <u>2.</u> "Facility" means any item of personal property placed over, across, or under a railroad
 17 right of way for use in connection with the storage or conveyance of:
- 18 <u>a.</u> <u>Water;</u>
- 19 <u>b.</u> <u>Sewage;</u>
- 20 <u>c.</u> <u>Electronic, telephone, data, or telegraphic communications;</u>
- 21 <u>d.</u> <u>Fiber optics:</u>
- 22 <u>e.</u> <u>Cablevision;</u>
- 23 <u>f.</u> <u>Electric energy;</u>
- 24 g. Liquid hydrocarbons;

	-		-
1		<u>h.</u>	Gas:
2		<u>i.</u>	Hazardous liquids; or
3		<u>j.</u>	Other substances, including pipes, sewers, conduits, cables, valves, lines, wires,
4			manholes, or attachments.
5	<u>3.</u>	<u>"Ra</u>	ilroad" means any association or corporation or other entity engaged in operating a
6		<u>con</u>	mon carrier by rail or any other entity responsible for the management of
7		cros	ssings or collection of crossing fees.
8	<u>4.</u>	<u>"Sp</u>	ecial circumstances" includes the railroad crossing's relationship to other property,
9		loca	ation of the crossing in urban or other developed areas, the existence of unique
10		<u>topo</u>	ography or natural resources, or other dangers inherent in the particular crossing.
11	<u>5.</u>	<u>"Uti</u>	lity" means cooperative electric association, electric utility, public utility,
12		<u>tran</u>	smission company, gas utility, municipal utility, municipal power agency,
13		<u>mur</u>	nicipality, joint action agency, pipeline company, rural water system, or telephone,
14		<u>tele</u>	graph, telecommunications, cable, or fiber optic carrier. The term includes
15		<u>con</u>	tractors and agents.
16	<u>49-0</u>	09.1-(02. Right of utilities to cross over or under railroad right of way.
17	<u>A ut</u>	<u>tility n</u>	nay cross over or under the railroad right of way for the placement of facilities,
18	subject	<u>to pa</u>	yment of the crossing fee in section 49-09.1-05 and reasonable regulation and
19	<u>negotiat</u>	tion ir	good faith as to location, placement, and compensation, when the placement of
20	facilities	s is ou	itside the public right of way.
21	<u>49-0</u>	<u>09.1-(</u>	03. Notice and application for placement.
22	<u>1.</u>	<u>A ut</u>	ility that intends to place a facility across a railroad right of way shall provide notice
23		<u>of t</u>	ne placement to the railroad at least thirty days before the placement.
24	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	notice must include a completed crossing application, including a drawing
25		<u>sho</u>	wing the location of the proposed crossing and the railroad's property, tracks, and
26		wire	es the utility will cross.
27	<u>3.</u>	<u>The</u>	utility shall submit the crossing application on a form provided or approved by the
28		<u>railr</u>	oad, if available.
29	<u>4.</u>	The	e crossing application must be sent to the railroad by registered mail.
30	<u>5.</u>	The	application must be accompanied by the crossing fee in section 49-09.1-05, and a
31		<u>cert</u>	ificate of insurance as required in section 49-09.1-06.

1	49-09.1-04. Commencement of construction across railroad right of way.		
2	Thirty Thirty-five days after the receipt by the railroad of the completed crossing application,		
3	crossing fee, and certificate of insurance, the utility may commence the construction of the		
4	crossing, unless the railroad notifies the utility in writing that the proposed crossing is a serious		
5	threat to the safe operations of the railroad or to the current use of the railroad right of way. In		
6	all other	instances, the utility is deemed to have authorization to commence construction of the	
7	facility.		
8	<u>49-0</u>	9.1-05. Crossing fee - Flagging expense.	
9	<u>1.</u>	Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, a utility that crosses a railroad right of way,	
10		other than a crossing within the public right of way, shall pay the railroad a one-time	
11		standard crossing fee of seven hundred fifty dollars for each crossing.	
12	<u>2.</u>	The crossing fee is in lieu of any license, permit, application, processing fee, or any	
13		other fees or charges to reimburse the railroad for the direct expenses or diminution of	
14		land value incurred by the railroad as a result of the crossing.	
15	<u>3.</u>	No other fee may be assessed by the railroad or by any railroad agent, contractor, or	
16		assignee to the utility or to any agent or contractor of the utility.	
17	<u>4.</u>	A crossing fee is not required if the crossing is located within a public right of way.	
18	<u>5.</u>	In addition to the standard crossing fee and based on the railroad traffic at the	
19		crossing, a utility shall reimburse the railroad for any reasonable and necessary	
20		flagging expense associated with a crossing.	
21	<u>6.</u>	If the railroad alleges a crossing will cause a diminution in land value in an amount	
22		greater than the crossing fee provided in subsection 1, the railroad shall notify the	
23		utility and provide a certified appraisal demonstrating the diminution in value of the	
24		entire parcel of railroad property caused by the crossing before the date for	
25		commencement of construction provided in section 49-09.1-04.	
26	<u>7.</u>	If the parties are unable to resolve the issue of compensation under subsection 6, the	
27		dispute must be resolved in accordance with section 49-09.1-08.	
28	<u>8.</u>	The placement of a single conduit and its content is a single facility. No additional fees	
29		are payable based on the individual fibers, wires, lines, or other items contained within	
30		the conduit.	

1	<u>49-0</u>	09.1-06. Certificate of insurance or coverage.
2	<u>1.</u>	The certificate of insurance or coverage submitted by a municipality must include
3		commercial general liability insurance or equivalent form with a limit of not less than
4		one million dollars for each occurrence and an aggregate of not less than two million
5		dollars.
6	<u>2.</u>	The certificate of insurance or coverage submitted by any other utility other than a gas
7		and hazardous materials pipeline utility must include commercial general liability
8		insurance or an equivalent form with a limit of not less than two million dollars for each
9		occurrence and an aggregate limit of not less than five million dollars.
10	<u>3.</u>	The certificate of insurance submitted by a gas or hazardous materials pipeline utility
11		must include commercial general liability insurance with a combined single limit of a
12		minimum of five million dollars for each occurrence and an aggregate limit of at least
13		ten million dollars.
14	<u>4.</u>	The railroad may require protective liability insurance with a combined single limit of
15		not less than two million dollars for each occurrence and an aggregate limit of not less
16		than five million dollars. The coverage may be provided by a blanket railroad
17		protective liability insurance policy if the coverage, including the coverage limits,
18		applies separately to each individual crossing.
19	<u>5.</u>	The coverage is required only during the period of construction, repair, or replacement
20		of the facility.
21	<u>6.</u>	The insurance obligations required under this section may be satisfied by the utility
22		using any combination of primary, excess, or self insurance.
23	<u>49-0</u>	09.1-07. Notice of objection by railroad - Appeal.
24	<u>1.</u>	If a railroad objects to the proposed crossing due to the proposal being a serious
25		threat to the safe operations of the railroad or to the current use of the railroad right of
26		way, the railroad shall provide notice of the objection and the specific basis of the
27		objection to the utility by registered mail.
28	<u>2.</u>	If the parties are unable to resolve the objection, either party may petition the
29		commission for resolution of the disputed crossing application within thirty days from
30		receipt of the objection.

1	<u>3.</u>	Before filing a petition, the parties shall confer in good faith in an attempt to resolve the
2	I	objection.
3	<u>4.</u>	If a petition is filed, the commission, after shall issue a notice and of hearing or notice
4		of opportunity for hearing , shall issue an order within sixtyfifteen days of filing of the
5		petition, and shall issue an order within thirty days after the hearing or, if a hearing is
6		not held, after expiration of the period during which a hearing could be requested,
7		during which time the crossing must be stayed. The order may be appealed in
8	1	accordance with chapter 28-32. The commission shall assess its costs associated with
9		a petition equitably against the parties. The parties shall pay the costs within thirty
10		days after receipt of a bill for payment from the commission. Amounts collected by the
11		commission under this subsection must be deposited in a special account within the
12		commission.
13	49-09.1-08. Additional requirements imposed by railroad - Objection and petition to	
14	<u>commis</u>	sion.
15	<u>1.</u>	If, in writing by registered mail, a railroad asserts special circumstances exist, other
16		than the proposed crossing being a serious threat to the safe operations of the railroad
17		or to the current use of the railroad right of way, or imposes additional requirements on
18		a utility for crossing its lines, the utility may object to one or more of the requirements.
19	<u>2.</u>	If a utility objects under subsection 1, the utility shall provide notice of the objection
20		and the specific basis of the objection to the railroad by registered mail.
21	<u>3.</u>	If the parties are unable to resolve the objection, either party may petition the
22		commission for resolution of the objection within thirty days from receipt of the
23		objection.
24	<u>4.</u>	Before filing a petition, the parties shall confer in good faith in an attempt to resolve the
25		objection.
26	<u>5.</u>	If a petition is filed, the commission shall issue a notice of hearing or notice of
27		opportunity for hearing within fifteen days after the filing of the petition, and shall
28		determine, within ninetythirty days of filing the petition, after notice and opportunity for
29		hearingafter the hearing or, if a hearing is not held, after expiration of the period during
30		which a hearing could be requested, whether special circumstances exist which
31		necessitate additional requirements for the placement of the crossing. The order may

	-		
1	1	be appealed in accordance with chapter 28-32. The commission shall assess its costs	
2		associated with a petition equitably against the parties. The parties shall pay the costs	
3		within thirty days after receipt of a bill for payment from the commission. Amounts	
4		collected by the commission under this subsection must be deposited in a special	
5		account within the commission.	
6	<u>49-</u>	09.1-09. Operational relocation.	
7	<u>1.</u>	A railroad may require a utility to relocate a facility if the railroad determines relocation	
8		is essential to accommodate railroad operations, and the relocation is not arbitrary or	
9		unreasonable. Before agreeing to the relocation, a utility may require a railroad to	
10		provide a statement and supporting documentation identifying the operational	
11		necessity for requesting the relocation. A utility shall perform the relocation within a	
12		reasonable period of time following the agreement.	
13	<u>2.</u>	The relocation must be to a location mutually agreed upon by the railroad and utility,	
14		within the railroad right of way.	
15	<u>3.</u>	Relocation is at the expense of the utility. The crossing fee under section 49-09.1-05	
16		may not be imposed for relocation.	
17	<u>49-</u>	09.1-10. Removal of equipment.	
18	<u>Upc</u>	on completion of any facility, the utility shall remove, or cause to be removed, all tools,	
19	<u>equipm</u>	ent, or other property used in the construction of the facility and, if railroad property was	
20	moved or disturbed, restore that property to the condition of the property before being moved or		
21	<u>disturbe</u>	ed.	
22	<u>49-</u>	09.1-11. Assignment.	
23	<u>1.</u>	A utility may assign or otherwise transfer any rights to cross a railroad right of way to	
24		any financially responsible entity controlled by, controlling, or under common control of	
25		the utility or to any entity into or with which the utility is merged or consolidated or	
26		which acquires ownership or control of all or substantially all of the transmission	
27		assets of the utility.	
28	<u>2.</u>	Notice of the assignment or transfer must be given to the railroad within thirty days.	
29		Any other transfer or assignment may not take place without the written permission of	
30		the railroad, which permission may not be unreasonably withheld.	

1	<u>49-</u>	09.1-12. Prohibition against mechanic's liens.	
2	<u>1.</u>	A utility may not create, permit, or cause a mechanic's lien or other lien to be created	
3		or enforced against the railroad's property for any work performed by the utility in	
4		connection with the utility's facilities located in the railroad's right of way.	
5	<u>2.</u>	A railroad may not create, permit, or suffer a mechanic's lien or other lien of any kind	
6		or any nature to be created or enforced against a utility's property located in the	
7		railroad's right of way for any work performed by the railroad in connection with the	
8		railroad's facilities.	
9	<u>49-09.1-13. Taxes.</u>		
10	A utility promptly shall pay or discharge all taxes and charges levied upon the utility's		
11	facilities	located in the railroad's right of way. If any taxes or charges can not be separately	
12	made o	r assessed to the utility, but are included in the taxes or charges assessed to the	
13	railroad, the utility shall pay to the railroad an equitable portion of the taxes, determined by the		
14	value of	the utility's facilities located on railroad right of way as compared with the entire value	
15	of the ra	ailroad property.	
16	<u>49-</u>	09.1-14. Existing agreements - Eminent domain.	
17	<u>1.</u>	This chapter does not prevent a railroad and a utility from continuing under an existing	
18		agreement or otherwise negotiating the terms and conditions applicable to a crossing	
19		or the resolution of any disputes relating to the crossing.	
20	<u>2.</u>	This chapter does not impair the authority of a utility to secure crossing rights by	
21		easement pursuant to the exercise of the power of eminent domain.	
22	SECTION 2. APPLICATION. This Act applies to any:		
23	1.	Crossing existing before August 1, 2019, if an agreement concerning the crossing has	
24		expired or is terminated. In such instance, if the collective amount of seven hundred	
25		fifty dollars has been paid to the railroad during the existence of the crossing, no	
26		additional fees are required; and	
27	2.	Crossing commenced after July 31, 2019.	