Sixty-sixth
Legislative Assembly
of North Dakota

Introduced by

Representatives Strindren, P. Anderson, Mock, Schatz

Senators Davison, Kreun, Myrdal

A BILL for an Act to create and enact new sections to chapters 15.1-32 and 15.1-34 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to dyslexia screening and training for teachers and other staff; and to amend and reenact section 15.1-02-16 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to credentials for dyslexia specialists; and to provide for a report to the legislative management.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-02-16 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:


The superintendent of public instruction may adopt rules governing the issuance of:

1. Credentials for teachers of driver's education;
2. Credentials for teachers of early childhood special education;
3. Credentials for elementary school principals;
4. Credentials for teachers of students who are emotionally disturbed;
5. Credentials for teachers of students who are gifted and talented;
6. Credentials for secondary school principals;
7. Credentials for library media;
8. Credentials for teachers of title I;
9. Credentials for teachers of students who have intellectual disabilities;
10. Credentials for teachers of students who are physically disabled;
11. Credentials for coordinators of programs for students with limited English proficiency;
12. Credentials for school counselors;
13. Credentials for special education directors;
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14. Credentials for special education strategists;
15. Credentials for teachers of students who have specific learning disabilities;
16. Credentials for superintendents;
17. Credentials for teachers of students who have vision impairments;
18. Credentials for dyslexia reading specialists;
19. Credentials for teachers of students who are deaf or hard of hearing; and

SECTION 2. A new section to chapter 15.1-32 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
and enacted as follows:

Dyslexia screening - Report to legislative management.

1. Each public elementary school shall offer to administer dyslexia screenings to any
   enrolled student through the end of the second grade. A parent or legal guardian of a
   student may refuse a dyslexia screening offered by the school.

2. The board of a school district may contract with, employ, and compensate dyslexia
   specialists, credentialed by the superintendent of public instruction under section
   15.1-02-16, to educate and train district teachers in appropriate dyslexia screening
   methods, identification, and intervention. A dyslexia specialist hired by the board of a
   school district must be trained in proven dyslexia remediation strategies.

3. The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules, in consultation with
   teachers, school administrators, and other stakeholders, setting forth the criteria for
   administering dyslexia screenings and for notifying the student's parent or legal
   guardian of the results of the screening.

4. The board of each school district shall report annually to the superintendent of public
   instruction regarding the district's efforts to screen and identify students with dyslexia.
   Before June first of each even-numbered year, the superintendent of public instruction
   shall compile the information and report to the legislative management.

5. For purposes of this section, "dyslexia" means a specific learning disability that is
   neurological in origin and characterized by difficulties with accurate or fluent
   recognition of words and poor spelling and decoding abilities, independent of the
   individual's general intelligence level.
SECTION 3. A new section to chapter 15.1-34 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

Dyslexia—Training to teachers, administrators, and ancillary staff—Intervention.

The superintendent of public instruction shall collaborate with regional education associations to disseminate information, training materials, and notice of training opportunities to school districts and nonpublic schools regarding dyslexia identification and intervention. If public school personnel identify a student as having dyslexia, a trained teacher employed or contracted by the school may provide dyslexia intervention services to the student.

Reading screening.

1. Each public elementary school shall include in the developing and processing of assessments and screening of reading, the core components of phonetic awareness, decoding, and spelling. The screening also must be offered if requested by a parent, legal guardian, or teacher.

2. The board of a school district may contract with, employ, and compensate reading specialists, credentialed by the superintendent of public instruction under section 15.1-02-16, to educate and train district teachers in appropriate reading screening methods, identification, and intervention. A reading specialist hired by the board of a school district must be trained in proven reading remediation strategies.