

February 8, 2017

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL NO. 1115

Page 1, line 1, after "to" insert "create and enact a new subsection to section 50-24.4-15 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to actual allowable historical property costs; to"

Page 1, line 1, replace the second "and" with a comma

Page 1, line 2, after "23-16-01.1" insert ", subsection 3 of section 50-24.4-06; subsection 6 of section 50-24.4-07; section 50-24.4-10; and subsection 1 of 50-24.4-19"

Page 1, line 3, after "capacity" insert "and ratesetting for nursing homes"

Page 1, after line 20, insert:

"d. The state department of health and the department of human services grant a short-term license to allow an individual to transition from an assisted living bed to a basic care bed at the same facility; "

Page 1, line 21, overstrike "d." and insert immediately thereafter "e."

Page 2, after line 11, insert:

**"SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 3 of section 50-24.4-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

3. For purposes of determining rates, the department shall:
  - a. Include, contingent upon approval of the medicaid state plan by the centers for medicare and medicaid services, allowable bad debt expenses in an amount not to exceed one hundred eighty days of resident care per year or an aggregate of three hundred sixty days of resident care for any one individual; and
  - b. Include allowable bad debt expenses in the ~~property indirect care~~ cost category in the report year in which the bad debt is determined to be uncollectible with no likelihood of future recovery.
  - c. Notwithstanding section 50-24.4-07, include as an allowable cost any tax paid by a basic care or nursing facility due to provisions of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act [Pub. L. 111-148], as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 [Pub. L. 111-152].

**SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 6 of section 50-24.4-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

6. The facility shall report the education expense separately on the facility's cost report. The expense is allowed as ~~a passthrough~~ in the indirect care cost category and is limited only by the fifteen thousand dollar maximum per individual.

**SECTION 5. AMENDMENT.** Section 50-24.4-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

#### **50-24.4-10. Operating costs.**

1. The department shall establish procedures for determining per diem reimbursement for operating costs.
2. The department shall analyze and evaluate each nursing home's cost report of allowable operating costs incurred by the nursing home during the reporting year immediately preceding the rate year for which the payment rate becomes effective.
3. The department shall establish limits on actual allowable historical operating cost per diems based on cost reports of allowable operating costs taking into consideration relevant factors including resident needs, nursing hours necessary to meet resident needs, size of the nursing home, and the costs that must be incurred for the care of residents in an efficiently and economically operated nursing home. For the rate year beginning 2006, the department shall establish limits for cost categories using the June 30, 2003, cost report year as the base period. The limits may not fall below the median of the most recent cost report. Until a new base period is established, the department shall adjust the limits annually by the inflation rate for nursing home services used to develop the legislative appropriation for the department. In determining allowable historical operating cost per diems for purposes of setting limits and nursing home payment rates, the department shall divide the allowable historical operating costs by the actual number of resident days, except that when a nursing home is occupied at less than ninety percent of licensed capacity days, the department may establish procedures to adjust the computation of the indirect care cost per diem to an imputed occupancy level at or below ninety percent. To encourage the development of home and community-based services as an alternative to nursing home care, the department may waive the imputed occupancy level requirements for a nursing home that the department determines to be providing significant home and community-based services in coordination with home and community-based service providers to avoid duplicating existing services. The department shall establish efficiency incentives for indirect care costs. The department may establish efficiency incentives for different operating cost categories. The department shall consider establishing efficiency incentives in care-related cost categories.
4. Each nursing home shall receive an operating cost payment rate equal to the sum of the nursing home's operating cost payment rates for each operating cost category. The operating cost payment rate for an operating cost category must be the lesser of the nursing home's historical operating cost in the category increased by the inflation rate for nursing home services used to develop the legislative appropriation for the department for the operating cost category plus an efficiency incentive established pursuant to subsection 3 or the limit for the operating cost category increased by the same inflation rate. If a nursing home's actual historic operating costs are greater than the prospective payment rate for that rate year, there may be no retroactive cost settle-up. In establishing payment rates for one or more operating cost categories, the department may establish separate rates for different classes of residents based on their relative care needs.

5. The efficiency incentives to be established by the department, pursuant to subsection 3 for a facility with an actual rate below the limit rate for, shall establish an indirect care costs must include the lesser of two dollars and sixty cents per resident day or the amount determined by multiplying seventy percent times the difference between the actual rate, exclusive of inflation rates, and the limit rate, exclusive of current inflation rates cost category incentive for a nursing home with an actual indirect care cost rate below the limit rate for indirect care costs, within the limits of legislative appropriations. The efficiency incentive must be included as a part of the indirect care cost rate, and calculated as follows:
  - a. The base year for each nursing home's indirect care limit rate is the 2016 reporting year;
  - b. Annually, the base year limit must be adjusted by the inflation rate for nursing home services used to develop the legislative appropriation for the department; and
  - c. The incentive is equal to half of the difference between the nursing home's indirect care limit rate and the nursing home's actual indirect care cost per diem that is under the nursing home's limit rate.
6. Each nursing home must receive an operating margin of at least three percent based upon the lesser of the actual direct care and other direct care costs and the limit rate prior to inflation. The operating margin will then be added to the rate for direct care and other direct care cost categoriescategory.
7. Except as provided in subsections 5 and 8, a new base period must be established at least every four years beginning with the cost report period June 30, 2006.
8. The department, pursuant to subsection 3, shall establish a direct care cost category incentive based on nursing salaries and benefits and contract nursing staffing costs within the direct care cost category for a nursing home with an actual rate below the limit rate for direct care costs, within the limits of legislative appropriations, and calculated as follows:
  - a. The base year for each nursing home's staffing limit rate is the 2016 reporting year;
  - b. Annually, the base year limit must be adjusted by the inflation rate for nursing home services used to develop the legislative appropriation for the department;
  - c. The incentive is equal to half of the difference between the nursing home's staffing limit rate and the nursing home's actual staffing rate that is under the nursing home's limit rate; and
  - d. The direct care operating margin will be added to the direct care cost category rate.
9. The department, pursuant to subsection 3, shall establish a direct care operating margin incentive of three and one-half percent for nursing homes that are under the direct care limit before inflation. The direct care operating margin will be added to the direct care cost category rate.

**SECTION 6.** A new subsection to section 50-24.4-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

For rate years beginning after December 31, 2017, the limitation on actual allowable historical property costs per diem is sixty dollars for a nursing home licensed before July 1, 2017. The limitation on actual allowable historical property costs per diem is forty dollars for a nursing home first licensed after June 30, 2017. Annually, the department shall adjust the limits by the inflation rate for nursing home services used to develop the legislative appropriation for the department.

**SECTION 7. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 1 of section 50-24.4-19 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1. Charging private-paying residents rates for similar services which exceed those rates which are approved by the department for medical assistance recipients, as determined by the prospective desk audit rate, except under the following circumstances: the nursing home may charge private-paying residents a property rate that does not exceed the actual allowable historical property costs less the property costs reimbursable under section 6 of this Act; and the nursing home may charge private-paying residents a higher rate for a private room and charge for special services which are not included in the daily rate if medical assistance residents are charged separately at the same rate for the same services in addition to the daily rate paid by the department of human services. Services covered by the payment rate must be the same regardless of payment source. Special services, if offered, must be offered to all residents and charged separately at the same rate. Residents are free to select or decline special services. Special services must not include services which must be provided by the nursing home in order to comply with licensure or certification standards and that if not provided would result in a deficiency or violation by the nursing home. Services beyond those required to comply with licensure or certification standards must not be charged separately as a special service if they were included in the payment rate for the previous reporting year. A nursing home that charges a private-paying resident a rate in violation of this chapter is subject to an action by the state or any of its subdivisions or agencies for civil damages. A private-paying resident or the resident's legal representative has a cause of action for civil damages against a nursing home that charges the resident rates in violation of this chapter. The damages awarded shall include three times the payments that result from the violation, together with costs and disbursements, including reasonable attorney's fees or their equivalent."

Renumber accordingly