

**FIRST ENGROSSMENT  
with Senate Amendments  
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1003**

Introduced by

Appropriations Committee

1 A BILL for an Act to provide an appropriation for defraying the expenses of the attorney general;  
2 to provide a contingent appropriation; to provide exemptions; to provide a report to the office of  
3 management and budget and the legislative council; to authorize transfers; to authorize fees; to  
4 create and enact chapter 54-12.1 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the creation of  
5 a Medicaid fraud control unit; to amend and reenact section 27-01-10 of the North Dakota  
6 Century Code, relating to fee assessments for funding crime victim and witness programs; to  
7 provide a penalty; to provide legislative intent; to provide a contingent effective date; and to  
8 declare an emergency.

**9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

10 **SECTION 1. APPROPRIATION.** The funds provided in this section, or so much of the funds  
11 as may be necessary, are appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state  
12 treasury, not otherwise appropriated, and from special funds derived from federal funds and  
13 other income, to the attorney general for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the attorney  
14 general, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2019, as follows:

	<u>Base Level</u>	<u>Adjustments or Enhancements</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	
15				
16				
17	Salaries and wages	\$40,503,865	\$740,901	\$41,244,766
18	Operating expenses	24,672,585	(8,115,027)	16,557,558
19	Capital assets	2,339,187	403,185	2,742,372
20	Grants	1,762,659	677,341	2,440,000
21	Litigation fees	50,000	100,000	150,000
22	Intellectual property attorney	418,323	8,601	426,924
23	Abortion litigation fees	400,000	(400,000)	0
24	Medical examinations	660,000	0	660,000

Sixty-fifth  
Legislative Assembly

1	North Dakota lottery	5,282,778	54,019	5,336,797
2	Arrest and return of fugitives	10,000	0	10,000
3	Gaming commission	7,490	0	7,490
4	Criminal justice information sharing	4,151,701	(765,056)	3,386,645
5	Law enforcement	3,455,725	(554,117)	2,901,608
6	SAVIN cost share program	<u>0</u>	<u>315,000</u>	<u>315,000</u>
7	Total all funds	\$83,714,313	(\$7,535,153)	\$76,179,160
8	Less estimated income	<u>35,247,452</u>	<u>(4,456,132)</u>	<u>30,791,320</u>
9	Total general fund	\$48,466,861	(\$3,079,021)	\$45,387,840
10	Full-time equivalent positions	250.00	(13.00)	237.00

11       **SECTION 2. HEALTH INSURANCE INCREASE.** The appropriation in section 1 of this Act  
 12 includes the sum of \$645,074, of which \$590,945 is from the general fund, for increases in  
 13 employee health insurance premiums from \$1,130 to \$1,241 per month.

14       **SECTION 3. ONE-TIME FUNDING - EFFECT ON BASE BUDGET - REPORT TO THE**  
 15 **SIXTY-SIXTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.** The following amounts reflect the one-time funding  
 16 items approved by the sixty-fourth legislative assembly adjusted for the 2015-17 biennium and  
 17 the 2017-19 biennium one-time funding items included in the appropriation in section 1 of this  
 18 Act:

19	<u>One-Time Funding Description</u>	<u>2015-17</u>	<u>2017-19</u>
20	Bureau of criminal investigation vehicles	\$332,000	\$0
21	Grants	500,000	0
22	Higher education legal services	600,000	0
23	Criminal justice information sharing	957,856	0
24	Targeted equity - bureau of criminal investigation	1,276,301	0
25	Targeted equity - gaming	270,000	0
26	SAVIN cost share program	0	315,000
27	Uniform crime reporting rewrite	0	280,000
28	DOS based deposit system rewrite	<u>0</u>	<u>100,000</u>
29	Total all funds	\$3,936,157	\$695,000
30	Total special funds	<u>653,333</u>	<u>315,000</u>
31	Total general fund	\$3,282,824	\$380,000

1 The 2017-19 biennium one-time funding amounts are not a part of the entity's base budget for  
2 the 2019-21 biennium. The attorney general shall report to the appropriations committees of the  
3 sixty-sixth legislative assembly on the use of this one-time funding for the biennium beginning  
4 July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2019.

5 **SECTION 4. LINE ITEM TRANSFER AUTHORIZATION.** The attorney general may transfer  
6 appropriation authority between line items in section 1 of this Act for the biennium beginning  
7 July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2019. The attorney general shall notify the office of  
8 management and budget and the legislative council of any transfers made pursuant to this  
9 section.

10 **SECTION 5. TOBACCO SETTLEMENT TRUST FUND - USE.** The estimated income line  
11 item in section 1 of this Act includes \$200,000 from the tobacco settlement trust fund which the  
12 attorney general may use for the purpose of enforcing the master settlement agreement and  
13 any disputes with the agreement, during the biennium beginning July 1, 2017, and ending  
14 June 30, 2019.

15 **SECTION 6. INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION LITIGATION FUNDS - GRANT TO ATTORNEY**  
16 **GENERAL.** As requested by the attorney general, the industrial commission shall provide a  
17 grant from funds appropriated to the industrial commission for litigation expenses to the attorney  
18 general for litigation-related expenses incurred by the attorney general as a result of the  
19 protests and related activities associated with the Dakota access pipeline project for the  
20 biennium beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2019.

21 **SECTION 7. ADDITIONAL INCOME - APPROPRIATION - REPORT.** In addition to the  
22 amounts appropriated to the attorney general in section 1 of this Act, there is appropriated from  
23 federal or other funds, the sum of \$250,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the  
24 attorney general for the purposes of defraying the expenses of the office, for the biennium  
25 beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2019. The attorney general shall notify the office of  
26 management and budget and the legislative council of any funding made available pursuant to  
27 this section.

28 **SECTION 8. CONTINGENT APPROPRIATION - FUNDING FOR STATEWIDE**  
29 **AUTOMATED VICTIM INFORMATION AND NOTIFICATION PROGRAM ENHANCEMENTS.**  
30 Of the funds appropriated in section 1 of this Act for rent expense, the attorney general shall  
31 use up to \$500,000 made available from rent savings as a result of the attorney general

1 relocating a portion of its operations to the job service North Dakota central office building, for  
2 the purpose of enhancing the statewide automated victim information and notification program,  
3 as defined in section 12.1-34-01, to provide the notifications necessary to comply with  
4 section 25 of article I of the Constitution of North Dakota, for the biennium beginning July 1,  
5 2017, and ending June 30, 2019. If the attorney general does not relocate a portion of its  
6 operations to the job service North Dakota central office building and does not realize rent  
7 savings, there is appropriated out of any moneys in the oil and gas impact grant fund in the  
8 state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$500,000, or so much of the sum as may  
9 be necessary, to the attorney general for the purpose of defraying the expenses of enhancing  
10 the statewide automated victim information and notification program, as defined in section  
11 12.1-34-01, to provide the notifications necessary to comply with section 25 of article I of the  
12 Constitution of North Dakota, for the period beginning with the effective date of this Act, and  
13 ending June 30, 2019.

14 **SECTION 9. STATEWIDE AUTOMATED VICTIM INFORMATION AND NOTIFICATION**  
15 **PROGRAM ENHANCEMENTS - COST-SHARING PROGRAM - ESTIMATED INCOME.** The  
16 attorney general, in consultation with the North Dakota association of counties and the North  
17 Dakota league of cities, shall establish a cost-sharing program to defray the expenses related to  
18 the enhancement of the statewide automated victim information and notification program, in  
19 addition to the amounts appropriated in section 8 of this Act. The cost-sharing program must  
20 apportion the sum of \$315,000 among the political subdivisions of the state for each political  
21 subdivision's share of the cost of the statewide automated victim information and notification  
22 program and the political subdivision shall contribute funds to the attorney general as set forth  
23 in the cost-sharing program. The estimated income line item in section 1 of this Act includes  
24 \$315,000 of funding received as payments from political subdivisions for the cost-sharing  
25 program for the purpose of enhancing the statewide automated victim information and  
26 notification program, as defined in section 12.1-34-01, to provide the notifications necessary to  
27 comply with section 25 of article I of the Constitution of North Dakota, for the period beginning  
28 with the effective date of this Act, and ending June 30, 2019.

29 **SECTION 10. LEGISLATIVE INTENT - COSTSHARING PROGRAM.** It is the intent of the  
30 sixty-fifth legislative assembly that the funding for the political subdivisions cost-sharing  
31 program identified in section 9 of this Act, be provided from any additional income collected

1 from the victim witness fee as required in section 11 of this Act, or a proportionate contribution  
2 from the counties and cities that utilize the odyssey system, or a combination of both.

3 **SECTION 11. AMENDMENT.** Section 27-01-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is  
4 amended and reenacted as follows:

5 **27-01-10. Fee assessments for funding crime victim and witness programs.**

- 6 1. The governing body of a county ~~may~~must, by resolution, authorize the district judges  
7 serving that county to assess a fee under subsection 3 of not more than twenty-five  
8 dollars as part of a sentence imposed on a defendant who pleads guilty to or is  
9 convicted of a criminal offense or of violating a municipal ordinance for which the  
10 maximum penalty that may be imposed by law for the offense or violation includes  
11 imprisonment.
- 12 2. The governing body of a city ~~may~~must, by ordinance, authorize a municipal judge to  
13 assess a fee under subsection 3 of not more than twenty-five dollars as part of a  
14 sentence imposed on a defendant who pleads guilty to or is convicted of violating a  
15 municipal ordinance for which the maximum penalty that may be imposed under the  
16 ordinance for the violation includes imprisonment.
- 17 3. The governing body of the county or city ~~may~~must determine the amount of the fee to  
18 be assessed in all cases or it may authorize the district or municipal judge to  
19 determine the amount of the fee to be assessed in each case. The fee assessed  
20 under this section is in addition to any fine, penalty, costs, or administrative fee  
21 prescribed by law. The district or municipal judge ~~may~~must assess the fee when  
22 sentence is imposed or when sentence is suspended or imposition of sentence is  
23 deferred, unless the defendant is indigent and unable to pay the fee. All fees paid to a  
24 district or municipal court under this section must be deposited monthly in the county  
25 or city treasury for allocation by the governing body of the county or city to one or  
26 more of the following programs as determined by the governing body or by agreement  
27 of the attorney general, the North Dakota league of cities, and the North Dakota  
28 association of counties:
- 29 a. A private, nonprofit domestic violence or sexual assault program.  
30 b. A victim and witness advocacy program of which the primary function is to  
31 provide direct services to victims of and witnesses to crime.

1           c. The statewide automated victim information and notification system provided for  
2           under chapter 12.1-34.

3           **SECTION 12.** Chapter 54-12.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted  
4 as follows:

5           **54-12.1-01. Definitions.**

6           As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

7           1. "Abuse" means conduct by a provider, or other person involving disregard of and an  
8           unreasonable failure to conform with the laws and rules governing the Medicaid  
9           program if the disregard or failure results or may result in payment by a Medicaid  
10           agency of medical assistance payments or benefits to which the person knows the  
11           person is not entitled.

12           2. "Benefit" means the provision of anything of pecuniary value to or on behalf of a  
13           recipient under the Medicaid program.

14           3. a. "Claim" means a request or demand, whether under a contract or otherwise, for  
15           money or property under the Medicaid program and regardless of whether the  
16           state has title to the money or property:

17                   (1) Presented to an officer, employee, or agent of the state; or

18                   (2) Made to a contractor, grantee, or other recipient, if the money or property is  
19                   to be spent or used on the state's behalf or to advance a state program or  
20                   interest, and if the state:

21                           (a) Provides or has provided any portion of the money or property  
22                           requested or demanded; or

23                           (b) Will reimburse the contractor, grantee, or other recipient for any  
24                           portion of the money or property requested or demanded.

25           b. The term does not include requests or demands for money or property the state  
26           has paid to an individual as compensation for state employment or as an income  
27           subsidy with no restrictions on that individual's use of the money or property.

28           4. "Department" means the department of human services.

29           5. "Document" means an application, claim, form, report, record, writing, or  
30           correspondence, whether in written, electronic, magnetic, or other form.

- 1       6. "Fraud" means conduct or activity prohibited by law or rule involving knowing conduct  
2       or omission to perform a duty that may result or has resulted in Medicaid payments or  
3       benefits to which the recipient is not entitled.
- 4       7. "Knowingly" or "knowing" requires no proof of specific intent to defraud and means a  
5       person has actual knowledge of the information and acts in deliberate ignorance of the  
6       truth or falsity of the information or acts in reckless disregard of the truth or falsity of  
7       the information.
- 8       8. "Material" means having a natural tendency to influence or be capable of influencing  
9       the payment or receipt of money or property.
- 10      9. "Medicaid agency" means an agency or entity of state, county, or local government  
11      which administers any part of the Medicaid program, whether under direct statutory  
12      authority or under contract with an authorized agency of the state or federal  
13      government.
- 14      10. "Misappropriation of patient property" means exploitation, deliberate misplacement, or  
15      wrongful use or taking of a patient's property, whether temporary or permanent,  
16      without authorization by the patient or the patient's designated representative. The  
17      term includes conduct with respect to a patient's property which would constitute a  
18      criminal offense under chapter 12.1-23.
- 19      11. "Obligation" means an established duty arising from an express or implied contractual,  
20      grantor-grantee, or licensor-licensee relationship, from a fee-based or similar  
21      relationship, from statute or regulation, or from the retention of any overpayment.
- 22      12. "Original source" means an individual who either prior to a public disclosure has  
23      voluntarily disclosed to the state the information on which allegations or transactions in  
24      a claim are based or who has knowledge independent of and which materially adds to  
25      the publicly disclosed allegations or transactions, and who has voluntarily provided the  
26      information to the state before filing an action under this chapter.
- 27      13. "Patient abuse" means the willful infliction of physical or mental injury of a patient or  
28      unreasonable confinement, intimidation, or punishment that results in pain, physical or  
29      mental harm, or mental anguish of a patient. The term includes conduct with respect to  
30      a patient which would constitute a criminal offense under chapter 12.1-16, 12.1-17,  
31      12.1-18, 12.1-20, or 12.1-22.

- 1        14. "Patient neglect" means the failure, through inattentiveness, carelessness, or other  
2        omission, to provide to a patient goods or services necessary to avoid physical harm,  
3        mental anguish, or mental illness if the omission is not caused by factors beyond the  
4        person's control or by good-faith errors in judgment. The term includes conduct with  
5        respect to a patient which would constitute a criminal offense under section  
6        12.1-17-03.
- 7        15. "Proceeds" means civil penalties and damages and excludes attorney's fees and  
8        costs.
- 9        16. "Provider" means a person that furnishes items or services for which payment is  
10       claimed under Medicaid.
- 11       17. "Record" means medical, professional, business, or financial information and  
12       documents, whether in written, electronic, magnetic, microfilm, or other form:  
13       a. Pertaining to the provision of treatment, care, services, or items to a recipient;  
14       b. Pertaining to the income and expenses of the provider; or  
15       c. Otherwise relating to or pertaining to a determination of entitlement to payment or  
16       reimbursement under the Medicaid program.

17       **54-12.1-02. Liability for certain acts - Civil penalty.**

- 18       1. Except as provided in subsection 2, a person is liable to the state for a civil penalty of  
19       no less than five thousand five hundred dollars and no more than eleven thousand  
20       dollars for each act specified in this section, three times the amount of damages the  
21       state sustains because of the person's act, and expenses, costs, and attorney's fees, if  
22       the person:
- 23       a. Knowingly presents or causes to be presented a false or fraudulent medical  
24       assistance claim for payment or approval;
- 25       b. Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used a false record or  
26       statement material to a false or fraudulent medical assistance claim;
- 27       c. Conspires to commit a violation of this subsection;
- 28       d. Has possession, custody, or control of public property or money used or to be  
29       used by the state to provide medical assistance and knowingly delivers or causes  
30       to be delivered less than all of that money or property;



- 1           e. Is authorized to make or deliver a document certifying receipt of property used or  
2           to be used by the state and, with the intent to defraud the state, makes or  
3           delivers a receipt without completely knowing the information on the receipt is  
4           true; or
- 5           f. Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used a false record or  
6           statement material to an obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the  
7           state or knowingly conceals or knowingly and improperly avoids or decreases an  
8           obligation to pay or transmit money or property to the state.
- 9           2. If a person commits an act under subsection 1 and a court finds the factors in  
10           subdivisions a through c, the court may assess no less than twice the amount of  
11           damages that the state sustains because of the act of the person.
- 12           a. The person committing the act furnished the attorney general with all information  
13           known to that person about the act within thirty days after the date on which the  
14           person first obtained the information;
- 15           b. The person fully cooperated with the investigation of the act by the attorney  
16           general; and
- 17           c. At the time the person furnished the attorney general with information about the  
18           act, a criminal prosecution, civil action, or administrative action had not been  
19           commenced with respect to the act and the person did not have actual  
20           knowledge of the existence of an investigation into the act.
- 21           3. A person that violates this section also is liable to the state for the expenses, costs,  
22           and attorney's fees of the civil action brought to recover the penalty or damages.
- 23           4. Liability under this section is joint and several for any act committed by two or more  
24           persons.

25           **54-12.1-03. Filing prohibited.**

26           The court shall dismiss an action or claim brought under this chapter, unless opposed by  
27           the state, if substantially the same allegations or transactions as alleged in the action or claim  
28           were publicly disclosed in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing in which the state or its  
29           agent is a party; in a legislative, state auditor, or other state report, hearing, audit, or  
30           investigation; or from the news media.

1       **54-12.1-04. Limitation of actions.**

- 2       1. Unless otherwise specified, a civil action filed under this chapter must be brought by  
3       the later of:  
4       a. Six years after the date on which the violation was committed; or  
5       b. Three years after the date facts material to the right of action are known or  
6       reasonably should have been known by the official of the state charged with  
7       responsibility to act in the circumstances.  
8       2. An action may not be brought under subdivision b of subsection 1 more than ten years  
9       after the date on which the violation was committed.

10       **54-12.1-05. Investigation and action by attorney general.**

11       The attorney general shall investigate an alleged violation of this chapter and may file a civil  
12       action, a criminal action, or both against a person that violated or is violating this chapter.

13       **54-12.1-06. Complaint by person - Civil action.**

- 14       1. A person may bring a civil action for a violation of this chapter on behalf of the person  
15       and the state. The action must be brought in the name of the state. If the court and the  
16       attorney general give written consent to the dismissal and provide the reasons for  
17       consenting to the dismissal, the action may be dismissed.  
18       2. A copy of the complaint and written disclosure of substantially all material evidence  
19       and information the person possesses must be served on the attorney general  
20       pursuant to rule 5 of the North Dakota Rules of Civil Procedure. The complaint must  
21       be filed under seal and must remain under seal for at least sixty days. The complaint  
22       may not be served upon the defendant until the court orders the complaint be served.  
23       3. Within sixty days after receiving the complaint and the material evidence and  
24       information, the attorney general may elect to intervene and proceed with the action or  
25       to notify the court the attorney general declines to take over the action. If the attorney  
26       general declines to intervene or take over the action, the person bringing the action  
27       may conduct the action. For good cause shown, the attorney general may move the  
28       court for extensions of the time during which the complaint remains under seal.  
29       4. The defendant may not be required to respond to a complaint until twenty days after  
30       the complaint is unsealed and served upon the defendant pursuant to rule 5 of the  
31       North Dakota Rules of Civil Procedure.

- 1        5. If the attorney general proceeds with the action, the attorney general has the primary  
2        responsibility for prosecuting the action and is not bound by any act of the person  
3        bringing the action. The person bringing the action may continue as a party to the  
4        action subject to the limitations set forth in this chapter.
- 5        6. If the attorney general elects not to proceed with the action and the person that  
6        initiated the action conducts the action:
- 7        a. Upon the attorney general's request, the person that initiated the action shall  
8        serve the attorney general with copies of all pleadings filed in the action and shall  
9        supply the attorney general with copies of all deposition transcripts at the  
10       attorney general's expense; or
- 11       b. The court, without limiting the status and rights of the person initiating the action,  
12       may permit the attorney general to intervene at a later date upon a showing of  
13       good cause.
- 14       7. If a person files a civil action under this section, a person other than the attorney  
15       general may not intervene or bring a related action based on the facts underlying the  
16       pending action.
- 17       8. Upon a showing by the attorney general unrestricted participation during the course of  
18       the litigation by the person initiating the action would interfere with or unduly delay the  
19       attorney general's prosecution of the case or would be repetitious, irrelevant, or for  
20       purposes of harassment, the court may impose limitations on the person's  
21       participation, including:
- 22       a. Limiting the number of witnesses the person may call;  
23       b. Limiting the length of testimony of witnesses called by the person;  
24       c. Limiting the person's cross-examination of witnesses; and  
25       d. Otherwise limiting the participation of the person in the litigation.
- 26       9. Whether the attorney general proceeds with the action, upon an in-camera showing by  
27       the attorney general that actions of discovery by the person initiating the action would  
28       interfere with the attorney general's investigation or prosecution of a criminal or civil  
29       matter arising out of the same facts, the court may stay the discovery for not more  
30       than sixty days. The court may extend the sixty-day period upon a further in-camera  
31       showing that the attorney general has pursued the criminal or civil investigation with

1           reasonable diligence and any discovery in the civil action will interfere with the ongoing  
2           investigation or proceedings.

3        10. The attorney general may elect to pursue the claim through any alternate remedy  
4           available including administrative proceedings to determine a civil penalty. If an  
5           alternate remedy is pursued, the person initiating the action has the same rights in the  
6           proceeding as the person would in proceeding under this section. A finding of fact or  
7           conclusion of law made in the other proceeding that has become final is conclusive on  
8           all parties to an action under this section. A finding or conclusion is final if the finding or  
9           conclusion has been determined on appeal to the appropriate court, if time for filing an  
10          appeal has expired, or if the finding or conclusion is not subject to judicial review.

11        11. If the attorney general elects to intervene and proceed with an action, the attorney  
12          general may file a complaint or amend the complaint of any person that brought an  
13          action to clarify or add detail to the claim in which the attorney general is intervening or  
14          to add additional claims. For statute of limitations purposes, any such pleading relates  
15          back to the filing date of the complaint of the person that originally brought the action  
16          to the extent the attorney general's claim arises out of the conduct, transactions, or  
17          occurrences set forth or attempted to be set forth in the prior complaint of that person.

18        **54-12.1-07. Dismissal of civil action.**

19        On motion of the attorney general, the court may dismiss a civil action notwithstanding the  
20        objection of the person that initiated the action if the attorney general notified the person of the  
21        filing of the motion to dismiss and the court has given the person an opportunity to oppose the  
22        motion and present evidence at a hearing.

23        **54-12.1-08. Burden of proof.**

24        The standard of proof in a civil action brought under this chapter is the preponderance of  
25        the evidence.

26        **54-12.1-09. Distribution of damages and civil penalty.**

27        1. Except as provided in subsection 2, if the attorney general proceeds with an action  
28          brought by a person under section 54-12.1-06, the person is entitled to receive at least  
29          fifteen percent, but not more than twenty-five percent, of the proceeds recovered and  
30          collected in the action or in settlement of the claim, depending on the extent to which  
31          the person substantially contributed to the prosecution of the action.

- 1       2. The court may award an amount the court considers appropriate, but in no case more  
2       than ten percent of the proceeds in an action the court finds to be based primarily on  
3       disclosures of specific information, other than information provided by the person  
4       bringing the action, relating to allegations or transactions disclosed through a criminal,  
5       civil, or administrative hearing; a legislative, administrative, or auditor report, hearing,  
6       audit, or investigation; or the news media. In determining the award, the court shall  
7       take into account the significance of the information and the role of the person bringing  
8       the action in advancing the case to litigation.
- 9       3. A payment to a person bringing an action under this section may be made only from  
10       the proceeds recovered and collected in the action or in settlement of the claim. In  
11       addition, the person is entitled to receive an amount for reasonable expenses the court  
12       finds to have been necessarily incurred and reasonable attorney's fees and costs. The  
13       expenses, fees, and costs must be awarded against the defendant.
- 14       4. If the attorney general does not proceed with an action under section 54-12.1-06, the  
15       person bringing the action or settling the claim is entitled to receive an amount the  
16       court decides is reasonable for collecting the civil penalty and damages on behalf of  
17       the attorney general. The amount may not be less than twenty-five percent nor more  
18       than thirty percent of the proceeds recovered and collected in the action or settlement  
19       of the claim and must be paid out of the proceeds. In addition, the person is entitled to  
20       receive an amount for reasonable expenses the court finds were necessarily incurred,  
21       plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs. All expenses, fees, and costs must be  
22       awarded against the defendant.
- 23       5. Whether the attorney general proceeds with the action, if the court finds the action was  
24       brought by a person that planned or initiated the violation of this chapter, the court may  
25       reduce or eliminate the share of the proceeds the person would otherwise receive  
26       under subsections 1, 2, 3, and 4, taking into account the role of the person in  
27       advancing the case to litigation and any relevant circumstances pertaining to the  
28       violation. If the person bringing the action is convicted of criminal conduct arising from  
29       the person's role in the violation of this section, the person must be dismissed from the  
30       civil action and may not receive any share of the proceeds of the action. The dismissal  
31       does not prejudice the right of the attorney general to continue the action.

1       6. The attorney general is entitled to any damages and civil penalties not awarded to the  
2       person bringing the action, and the damages and civil penalties must be deposited in  
3       the state general fund.

4       7. Unless otherwise provided, the remedies or penalties provided by this chapter are  
5       cumulative to each other and to the remedies or penalties available under all other  
6       laws of the state.

7       **54-12.1-10. Effect of criminal conviction.**

8       A defendant convicted in any criminal proceeding under this chapter is precluded from  
9       subsequently denying the essential allegations of the criminal offense of which the defendant  
10      was convicted in any civil proceeding. For purposes of this section, a conviction may result from  
11      a verdict or plea.

12      **54-12.1-11. Costs and attorney's fees.**

13      When the state favorably settles or prevails in a civil action in which the attorney general  
14      has intervened or filed, the state is entitled to be awarded reasonable expenses, consultant and  
15      expert witness fees, costs, and attorney's fees. In an action in which outside counsel is engaged  
16      by the attorney general, the costs and attorney's fees awarded to that counsel must equal the  
17      outside counsel's charges reasonably incurred for costs and attorney's fees in prosecuting the  
18      action. A plaintiff is entitled to an amount for reasonable expenses the court finds to have been  
19      necessarily incurred, plus reasonable costs and attorney's fees, if the action is settled favorably  
20      for the state or the state prevails in the action. The expenses, fees, and costs must be awarded  
21      against the defendant. A defendant in a civil action brought under this chapter which prevails in  
22      an action that is not settled and which the court finds was clearly frivolous or brought solely for  
23      harassment purposes is entitled to reasonable costs and attorney's fees, which must be  
24      equitably apportioned against the person that brought the action and the state if a person and  
25      the state were coplaintiffs.

26      **54-12.1-12. Relief from retaliatory actions.**

27      1. An employee, contractor, or agent is entitled to all relief necessary to make that  
28      employee, contractor, or agent whole, if that employee, contractor, or agent is  
29      discharged, demoted, suspended, threatened, harassed, or in any other manner  
30      discriminated against in the terms and conditions of employment because of lawful

1           acts done by the employee, contractor, agent, or associated others in furtherance of an  
2           action under this chapter or other efforts to stop one or more violations of this chapter.

3           2. Relief under subsection 1 includes reinstatement with the same seniority status the  
4           employee, contractor, or agent would have had but for the discrimination, twice the  
5           amount of backpay, interest on the backpay, and compensation for any special  
6           damages sustained as a result of the discrimination, including litigation costs and  
7           reasonable attorney's fees. An action under this section may be brought in the  
8           appropriate district court for the relief provided in this subsection.

9           3. A civil action under this section may not be brought more than three years after the  
10           date when the retaliation occurred.

11           **54-12.1-13. Settlement by attorney general.**

12           The attorney general may settle the case with a defendant notwithstanding the objections of  
13           any person that initiated the action if the court determines, after a hearing, the settlement is fair,  
14           adequate, and reasonable under the circumstances. Upon a showing of good cause, the  
15           hearing may be held in camera. A hearing is not otherwise required for the court to approve a  
16           settlement.

17           **54-12.1-14. Medicaid fraud control unit.**

18           The Medicaid fraud control unit is established as a division of the attorney general's office.  
19           The Medicaid fraud control unit, which is under the supervision and control of the attorney  
20           general, consists of the agents and employees the attorney general considers necessary and  
21           appropriate, including individuals qualified by education, training, experience, and high-  
22           professional competence in criminal and civil investigative procedures and high-professional  
23           competence to prosecute crimes. The Medicaid fraud control unit is a criminal justice agency  
24           within the meaning of section 12-60-16.1. Agents designated by the attorney general have  
25           peace officer status and authority, including the authority of search, seizure, and arrest. All  
26           recovered money must be forwarded to the designated state Medicaid agency for remittance to  
27           the general fund. The portion of state match appropriations for the Medicaid fraud control unit  
28           must be appropriated from the state general fund.

29           **54-12.1-15. Powers and duties of Medicaid fraud control unit.**

30           1. The Medicaid fraud control unit shall:

- 1           a. Investigate and prosecute under applicable criminal or civil laws fraud and abuse
- 2           by providers or any other person, including cases referred by the department;
- 3           b. Review a complaint of patient abuse, patient neglect, and misappropriation of
- 4           patient property and, if appropriate, investigate and initiate criminal or civil
- 5           proceedings or refer the complaint to another federal, state, or local agency for
- 6           action;
- 7           c. Refer to the department for collection and, if appropriate, consideration and
- 8           imposition of appropriate provider sanctions cases involving provider
- 9           overpayments, fraud, abuse, inappropriate use of services, or other improper
- 10          activities discovered by the unit in carrying out the unit's activities;
- 11          d. Communicate and cooperate with and, subject to applicable confidentiality laws,
- 12          provide information to other federal, state, and local agencies involved in the
- 13          investigation and prosecution of health care fraud, abuse, and other improper
- 14          activities related to the Medicaid program;
- 15          e. Transmit to other state and federal agencies, in accordance with law, reports of
- 16          convictions, copies of judgments and sentences imposed, and other information
- 17          and documents for purposes of program exclusions or other sanctions or
- 18          penalties under Medicaid, Medicare, or other state or federal benefit or
- 19          assistance programs; and
- 20          f. Recommend to state agencies appropriate or necessary adoption or revision of
- 21          laws, rules, policies, and procedures to prevent fraud, abuse, and other improper
- 22          activities under the Medicaid program and to aid in the investigation and
- 23          prosecution of fraud, abuse, and other improper activities under the Medicaid
- 24          program.
- 25          2. The Medicaid fraud control unit may:
- 26           a. Initiate criminal prosecutions and civil actions pursuant to subsection 1 in any
- 27           court of competent jurisdiction in the state;
- 28           b. Upon request, obtain information and records from applicants, recipients, and
- 29           providers;
- 30           c. Subject to applicable federal confidentiality laws and rules and for purposes
- 31           related to any investigation or prosecution under subsection 1, obtain from the



- 1           department, local offices of public assistance, and other local, county, or state  
2           government departments or agencies records and other information, including  
3           applicant and recipient applications, provider enrollment forms, claims and  
4           reports, individual or entity tax returns, or other information provided to or in the  
5           possession of the tax commissioner or the state auditor;  
6           d. Refer appropriate cases to other federal, state, or local agencies for investigation,  
7           prosecution, or imposition of penalties, restrictions, or sanctions; and  
8           e. Enter agreements with the department and other federal, state, and local  
9           agencies in furtherance of the unit's mission.

10       **54-12.1-16. Investigative demand procedure.**

- 11       1. When there is reason to believe a person may be in possession, custody, or control of  
12       documentary material or information relevant to a potential medical assistance  
13       investigation, the attorney general may, before commencing a proceeding under this  
14       chapter, issue in writing and cause to be served upon the person, on forms the  
15       attorney general prescribes, an investigative demand requiring the person to:  
16       a. Produce the documentary material for inspection and copying;  
17       b. Answer in writing written interrogatories with respect to the documentary material  
18       or information;  
19       c. Be examined under oath concerning the documentary material or information;  
20       and  
21       d. Furnish any combination of the material, answers, or testimony.  
22       2. Each investigative demand must state the nature of the conduct constituting the  
23       alleged violation of law under investigation and the applicable provision of law alleged  
24       to be violated.  
25       3. An investigative demand may be served by an agent or as otherwise provided by the  
26       North Dakota Rules of Civil Procedure. A verified return by the individual serving an  
27       investigative demand setting forth the manner of the service is proof of service. In the  
28       case of service by registered or certified mail, the return must be accompanied by the  
29       return post office receipt of delivery of the demand.  
30       4. If the demand is for the production of documentary material, the demand must:

- 1           a. Describe each class of documentary material to be produced with such  
2           definiteness and certainty as to permit the material to be fairly identified; and  
3           b. Prescribe a return date for each such class which provides a reasonable period  
4           of time within which the material demanded may be assembled and made  
5           available for inspection and copying.
- 6           5. The production of documentary material in response to an investigative demand  
7           served under this section must be made under a sworn certificate stating all of the  
8           documentary material required by the demand and in the possession, custody, or  
9           control of the person to which the demand is directed has been produced and made  
10           available to the agent identified in the demand, by:
- 11           a. In the case of an individual, the individual to whom the demand is directed; or  
12           b. In the case of a person other than an individual, a person having knowledge of  
13           the facts and circumstances relating to the production and authorized to act on  
14           behalf of that person.
- 15           6. A person upon which any investigative demand for the production of documentary  
16           material has been served under this section shall make the material available for  
17           inspection and copying to the agent identified in the demand at the principal place of  
18           business of that person, or at such other place as the agent and the person agree and  
19           prescribe in writing. The material must be made available on the return date specified  
20           in the demand, or on a later date prescribed in writing by the agent. The person may,  
21           upon written agreement between the person and the agent, substitute copies for  
22           originals of all or any part of the material.
- 23           7. If the demand is for answers to written interrogatories, the demand shall:
- 24           a. Set forth with specificity the written interrogatories to be answered; and  
25           b. Prescribe dates at which time answers to written interrogatories must be  
26           submitted.
- 27           8. Each interrogatory in an investigative demand served under this section must be  
28           answered separately and fully in writing under oath and must be submitted under a  
29           sworn certificate, in the form designated by the demand by:
- 30           a. In the case of an individual, the individual to whom the demand is directed; or

- 1           b. In the case of a person other than an individual, the person responsible for  
2           answering each interrogatory.
- 3       9. If any interrogatory is objected to, the reasons for the objection must be stated in the  
4       certificate instead of an answer. The certificate must state that all information required  
5       by the demand and in the possession, custody, control, or knowledge of the person to  
6       which the demand is directed has been submitted. To the extent any information is not  
7       furnished, the information must be identified and reasons set forth with particularity  
8       explaining why the information was not furnished.
- 9       10. a. If the demand is for the giving of oral testimony, the demand must:  
10       (1) Prescribe a date, time, and place at which oral testimony must be  
11       commenced;  
12       (2) Specify that attendance and testimony are necessary to the conduct of the  
13       investigation;  
14       (3) Notify the individual receiving the demand of the right to be accompanied by  
15       an attorney; and  
16       (4) Describe the general purpose for which the demand is being issued and the  
17       general nature of the testimony, including the primary areas of inquiry, which  
18       will be taken pursuant to the demand.
- 19       b. The examination of an individual pursuant to an investigative demand for oral  
20       testimony served under this section must be taken under oath or affirmation of  
21       this state or of the place where the examination is held. The oath may be in  
22       writing and the agent shall record the testimony of the witness.
- 23       11. An investigative demand issued under this chapter may not require the production of a  
24       documentary material, the submission of answers to written interrogatories, or the  
25       giving of oral testimony if the material, answers, or testimony would be protected from  
26       disclosure under any applicable law or court order.
- 27       12. If a person fails or refuses to file any statement or report, appear or cooperate with an  
28       examination under oath or obey any subpoena issued by the attorney general, the  
29       attorney general may, after notice, petition a district court and, after hearing, request  
30       an order requiring compliance. If the attorney general prevails in a proceeding under

1           this section, the court may assess the nonprevailing person for all hearing costs,  
2           including reasonable attorney's fees.

3           **54-12.1-17. Medicaid fraud - Criminal penalty.**

4           1. A person commits a criminal offense under this section if the person knowingly:

5           a. Presents for allowance, for payment, or for the purpose of concealing, avoiding,  
6           or decreasing an obligation to pay a false or fraudulent medical assistance claim,  
7           bill, account, voucher, or writing to a public agency, public servant, or contractor  
8           authorized to allow or pay medical assistance claims presented to a public  
9           agency;

10          b. Solicits, accepts, offers, or provides any remuneration, including a kickback,  
11          bribe, or rebate, other than an amount legally payable under the medical  
12          assistance program, for furnishing services or items for which payment may be  
13          made under the Medicaid program or in return for purchasing, leasing, ordering,  
14          arranging for, or recommending the purchasing, leasing, or ordering of any  
15          services or items from a provider for which payment may be made under the  
16          Medicaid program;

17          c. Makes, offers, or accepts any remuneration, rebate of a fee, or charge for  
18          referring a recipient to another provider for the furnishing of services or items for  
19          which payment may be made under the Medicaid program; or

20          d. Fails or refuses to provide covered medically necessary services to eligible  
21          recipients as required with respect to a managed care contract, health  
22          maintenance organization contract, or similar contract or subcontract under the  
23          Medicaid program.

24          2. Any conduct or activity that does not violate or that is protected under this chapter or  
25          federal regulations [42 U.S.C. 1395nn; 42 U.S.C. 1320a-7b(b)] is not considered an  
26          offense under subdivision b of subsection 1, and the conduct or activity must be  
27          accorded the same protections allowed under federal laws and regulations.

28          3. In a prosecution for a violation of this section, it is a defense if the person acted in  
29          reliance upon the written authorization or advice of the department.

- 1       4. A person convicted of this offense involving payments, benefits, kickbacks, bribes,  
2       rebates, remuneration, services, or claims not exceeding one thousand dollars in  
3       value is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 4       5. Notwithstanding subsection 4, if the value of the payments, benefits, kickbacks, bribes,  
5       rebates, remuneration, services, or claims of the Medicaid fraud were part of a  
6       common scheme and exceed one thousand dollars in value, a violation of this chapter  
7       is a class C felony.
- 8       6. Notwithstanding subsection 4, if the value of the payments, benefits, kickbacks, bribes,  
9       rebates, remuneration, services, or claims of the Medicaid fraud were part of a  
10      common scheme and exceed ten thousand dollars in value but do not exceed fifty  
11      thousand dollars, a violation of this chapter is a class B felony.
- 12      7. Notwithstanding subsection 4, if the value of the payments, benefits, kickbacks, bribes,  
13      rebates, remuneration, services, or claims of the Medicaid fraud were part of a  
14      common scheme and exceed fifty thousand dollars in value, a violation of this chapter  
15      is a class A felony.
- 16      8. For purposes of imposing a sentence for a conviction under this chapter, the value of  
17      payments, benefits, kickbacks, bribes, rebates, remuneration, or services involved is  
18      the greater of the value of Medicaid payments or benefits received as a result of the  
19      illegal conduct or activity or the value of the payments, benefits, kickbacks, bribes,  
20      rebates, remuneration, services, or charge involved.
- 21      9. Amounts involved in Medicaid fraud committed under a common scheme or the same  
22      transaction may be aggregated in determining the value involved.
- 23      10. A person convicted of the offense of Medicaid fraud must be suspended from  
24      participation in the Medicaid program:
- 25          a. For not less than one year for a first offense, or the person may be permanently  
26          terminated from participation in the medical assistance program;
- 27          b. For not less than three years for a second offense, or the person may be  
28          permanently terminated from participation in the medical assistance program; or
- 29          c. Permanently for a third offense.
- 30      11. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a person convicted of Medicaid fraud  
31      is not entitled to bill or collect from the recipient, the Medicaid program, or any other

1           third-party payer for the services or items involved and shall repay to the Medicaid  
2           program any payments or benefits obtained by any person for the services or items  
3           involved.

4           **54-12.1-18. Cooperation of governmental agencies with Medicaid fraud control unit.**

5           All local, county, and state departments and agencies shall cooperate with the Medicaid  
6 fraud control unit and the unit's agents and employees to effectuate the purposes of the unit.

7           **SECTION 13. APPROPRIATION - MEDICAID FRAUD CONTROL UNIT.** There is  
8 appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state treasury, not otherwise  
9 appropriated, the sum of \$156,160, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, and  
10 \$1,405,444 from special funds derived from federal funds, to the attorney general for the  
11 purpose of establishing a Medicaid fraud control unit, for the biennium beginning with the  
12 effective date of this Act and ending June 30, 2019. For the Medicaid fraud control unit, the  
13 attorney general is authorized two full-time equivalent assistant attorney general positions, two  
14 full-time equivalent investigator positions, one full-time equivalent auditor position, and one full-  
15 time equivalent administrative assistant position. The attorney general may not spend any funds  
16 designated for these positions for purposes other than the salaries and wages and operating  
17 expenses of the Medicaid fraud control unit.

18           **SECTION 14. CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECKS - FEES.** Any person or entity  
19 requesting a criminal history record check from the bureau of criminal investigation, as a result  
20 of legislation enacted by the sixty-fifth legislative assembly, shall pay a reasonable fee  
21 established by the attorney general to the attorney general to be deposited in the state's general  
22 fund for the biennium beginning July 1, 2017, and ending June 30, 2019.

23           **SECTION 15. EXEMPTION - STRATEGIC INVESTMENT AND IMPROVEMENTS FUND.**  
24 The amount appropriated to the attorney general from the strategic investment and  
25 improvements fund for awarding grants to law enforcement agencies, for crime-related needs of  
26 the attorney general's office, and for development of a uniform law enforcement and custody  
27 manual, as contained in section 11 of chapter 471 of the 2013 Session Laws and as continued  
28 in section 5 of chapter 37 of the 2015 Session Laws, is not subject to the provisions of section  
29 54-44.1-11. Any unexpended funds from this appropriation are available to the attorney general  
30 for crime-related needs of the attorney general's office, during the biennium beginning July 1,  
31 2017, and ending June 30, 2019.

1       **SECTION 16. EXEMPTION - ATTORNEY GENERAL REFUND FUND.** Notwithstanding  
2 section 54-12-18, the attorney general may retain the balance in the attorney general refund  
3 fund that would otherwise be transferred to the general fund on June 30, 2017.

4       **SECTION 17. EXEMPTION - ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR LITIGATION FEES.** Of the  
5 funding appropriated to the attorney general in section 6 of chapter 3 of the 2015 Session Laws,  
6 up to \$100,000 is not subject to the provisions of section 54-44.1-11 and may be continued for  
7 defraying the cost of litigation fees for the biennium beginning July 1, 2017, and ending  
8 June 30, 2019.

9       **SECTION 18. CONTINGENT EFFECTIVE DATE.** Sections 12 and 13 of this Act become  
10 effective on the date the executive director of the department of human services certifies to the  
11 legislative council and to the director of the office of management and budget that federal  
12 medical assistance funding available to the state will be reduced on a date certain prior to the  
13 convening of the sixty-sixth legislative assembly as a direct result of the state not being granted  
14 a waiver relating to a Medicaid fraud control unit.

15       **SECTION 19. EMERGENCY.** Sections 8 and 9 of this Act are declared to be an emergency  
16 measure.