September 2011

# EMPLOYEE BENEFITS PROGRAMS COMMITTEE STATUTORY RESPONSIBILITIES AND ASSIGNED STUDIES BACKGROUND MEMORANDUM

### STATUTORY RESPONSIBILITIES

The Legislative Management's Employee Benefits Programs Committee, formerly known as the Committee on Public Employees Retirement Programs or the Retirement Committee, resulted from a 1975-76 Legislative Council study undertaken by the interim Legislative Procedure and Arrangements Committee. The committee was established in response to difficulties experienced in past legislative sessions resulting from inadequate prior study of the actuarial impacts of proposed legislative changes on retirement programs for public employees.

In 1977 the Legislative Assembly approved Senate Bill No. 2061, which created the original committee. The provisions were codified as North Dakota Century Code Sections 54-35-02.3 and 54-35-02.4. Those sections were substantially amended in 1981 to expand the scope of the committee's jurisdiction over retirement legislation during legislative sessions and to authorize the committee to establish rules for its operation. Sections 54-35-02.3 and 54-35-02.4 were again substantially amended in 1991 to expand the iurisdiction of the committee to include review of health and retiree health plans of state employees or employees of any political subdivision as well as retirement programs. Section 54-35-02.4 was again amended in 1999 to require the committee to take jurisdiction over any measure or proposal that authorizes an automatic increase or other change in benefits beyond the ensuing biennium which would not require legislative approval. The committee is required to include in the report of the committee a statement that the proposal would allow future changes without legislative involvement.

Section 54-35-02.3 requires the Legislative Management during each biennium to appoint an Employee Benefits Programs Committee in the same manner as the Legislative Management appoints other interim committees. The membership of the committee consists of five members of the House of Representatives and four members of the Senate and is chaired by a legislator designated by the Legislative Management.

Section 54-35-02.4(1) requires the Employee Benefits Programs Committee to "consider and report on those legislative measures and proposals over which it takes jurisdiction and which affect, actuarially or otherwise, the retirement programs of state employees or employees of any political subdivision, and health and retiree health plans of state employees or employees of any political subdivision." The committee is required to make a "thorough review" of any measure or proposal that it takes under its

jurisdiction, including an actuarial review, and is required to report its findings and recommendations, along with any necessary legislation, to the Legislative Management and to the Legislative Assembly. As previously noted, the committee is required to take jurisdiction over any measure or proposal that authorizes an automatic increase or other change in benefits beyond the ensuing biennium which would not require legislative approval and include in the report of the committee a statement that the proposal would allow future changes without legislative involvement.

In carrying out its responsibilities, the Employee Benefits Programs Committee, or its designee, is authorized pursuant to Section 54-35-02.4(2) to:

- 1. Enter contracts, including retainer agreements, with an actuary or actuarial firm for expert assistance and consultation. However, each retirement, insurance, or retiree insurance program must "pay, from its retirement, insurance, or retiree health benefits fund, as appropriate, and without the need for a prior appropriation, the cost of any actuarial report required by the committee which relates to that program."
- 2. Call on personnel from state agencies or political subdivisions to furnish such information and render such assistance as the committee may from time to time request.
- 3. Establish rules for its operation, including the submission and review of proposals and the establishing of standards for actuarial review.

Section 54-35-02.4(3) authorizes the Employee Benefits Programs Committee to solicit draft measures and proposals from interested persons during the interim between legislative sessions and to study measures and proposals referred to it by the Legislative Assembly or the Legislative Management. Subsection 4 requires that a copy of the Employee Benefits Programs Committee's report concerning any legislative measure, if that measure is introduced for consideration by the Legislative Assembly, be attached to the copy of that measure, which is referred to a standing committee. In previous interims, the committee reports identify the sponsor of a proposal, summarize the proposal, present the actuarial analysis, and include the committee's recommendation. Subsections 5 and 6 prohibit the introduction or amendment of any legislative measure affecting a public employee retirement program, public employee health insurance program, or public employee retiree health insurance program unless it is accompanied by a report from the Employee Benefits

Programs Committee. A majority of the Employee Benefits Programs Committee members, acting through the chairman, has sole authority to determine whether any legislative measure affects a public employees program.

Finally, Section 54-35-02.4(7) provides that any legislation enacted in contravention of that section is invalid and of no force and effect, and any benefits provided under the legislation must be "reduced to the level current prior to enactment" of the legislation.

## Procedures for Solicitation and Review of Retirement Proposals

Under Section 54-35-02.4, the Employee Benefits Programs Committee must consider and report on those legislative measures and proposals over which it takes jurisdiction and which affect, actuarially or otherwise, the retirement programs, public employee health insurance programs, or public employee retiree health insurance programs of state employees or employees of any political subdivision. The committee must make a thorough review of each measure or proposal, including an actuarial review. Under the law, the committee may solicit draft measures and proposals from interested persons during the interim.

The committee also has the authority to establish rules for its operation, including rules relating to the submission and review of proposals and the establishment of standards for actuarial review. In prior years, including the 2009-10 interim, the Employee Benefits Programs Committee has limited the persons and entities permitted to submit to the committee legislative proposals affecting retirement programs to legislators and state agencies with the bill introduction privilege and required that the proposals be in bill draft form and submitted to the committee before April 1 of even-numbered years to allow enough time for actuarial evaluation. The committee has the authority to waive its self-imposed deadline for proposals received after any deadline established by the committee.

#### **Actuarial Services**

The Employee Benefits Programs Committee is empowered by Section 54-35-02.4 to retain actuarial assistance for the review of proposals submitted to As a result of 1987 House Bill the committee. No. 1680, which required each program to pay for any actuarial reports required by the committee, much of the actuarial costs involved in the review of legislative measures and proposals have been paid by the retirement, insurance, or retiree health insurance program affected by each proposal. During the 2007-08 interim, the Employee Benefits Programs Committee submitted retirement proposals to the affected retirement programs requesting that each affected program obtain an actuarial report for each proposal from that program's consulting actuary. Each retirement program bore the costs incurred in obtaining the actuarial reports.

Prior interim Employee Benefits Programs Committees, after obtaining actuarial information on the retirement proposals and receiving relevant testimony, have developed a report with respect to each proposal submitted. The report has included the sponsor of the proposal, a summary of the proposal, the actuarial analysis of the effect on the retirement program of the proposal, and a committee recommendation to the Legislative Management on the proposal's merits. A copy of the committee report must be attached to each proposal when it is introduced to the Legislative Assembly.

## ADDITIONAL COMMITTEE RESPONSIBILITIES

In addition to the committee's statutory responsibilities:

- Section 18-11-15(5) requires that the Employee Benefits Programs Committee be notified by a firefighters relief association if it implements the alternate schedule of monthly service pension benefits to members of the association provided in this subsection.
- Section 54-06-31 requires Human Resource Management Services to report periodically to a legislative committee designated by the Legislative Management on the implementation, progress, and bonuses provided under agency recruitment and retention bonus programs. The Legislative Management has assigned this responsibility to the Employee Benefits Programs Committee.
- Section 54-06-32 requires the Office of Management and Budget to submit to the Legislative Management a report summarizing reports of state agencies providing service awards to employees in the classified service. The Legislative Management has assigned this responsibility to the Employee Benefits Programs Committee.
- Section 54-06-33 requires the Office of Management and Budget to submit to the Legislative Management a report summarizing reports of state agencies providing employerpaid costs of training or educational courses to employees in the classified service. The Legislative Management has assigned this responsibility to the Employee Benefits Programs Committee.
- Section 54-06-34 requires the Office of Management and Budget to submit to the Legislative Management a report summarizing reports of executive branch state agencies paying employee membership dues for professional organizations and membership dues for service clubs when required to do business or if the membership is primarily for the benefit of the state. The Legislative Management has assigned this responsibility to the Employee Benefits Programs Committee.

- Section 54-52.1-08.2 requires that the Employee Benefits Programs Committee approve terminology adopted by the Public Employees Retirement System Board to comply with federal requirements.
- 2011 Session Laws Chapter 41, Section 10, requires the Office of Management and Budget to provide periodic reports to the Legislative Management during the 2011-12 interim on the status of implementation and administration of the compensation philosophy statement and compensation system initiatives included in House Bill No. 1031. The Legislative Management has assigned this responsibility to the Employee Benefits Programs Committee.