ANALYSIS OF THE HEALTH CARE TRUST FUND FOR THE 2001-03 AND 2003-05 BIENNIUMS (REFLECTING THE 2003-05 BIENNIUM EXECUTIVE BUDGET RECOMMENDATION)

	2001-03 Biennium		2003-05 Biennium	
Beginning balance		\$39,147,532		\$18,699,431
Add estimated revenues				
2000 government nursing facility funding pool payment (July 2001)	\$15,398,174			
2001 government nursing facility funding pool payment (July 2002)	19,572,290			
2002 government nursing facility funding pool payment (July 2003)			\$12,430,686	
2003 government nursing facility funding pool payment (July 2004)			6,165,373	
Investment earnings (market loss through October 2002)	(2,060,412)		0	
Loan repayments - Principal and interest	252,000		1,064,504	
Total estimated revenues		\$33,162,052		\$19,660,563
Total available		\$72,309,584		\$38,359,994
Less estimated expenditures				
Department of Human Services				
Grants - 1999-2001 commitments - Department estimate (\$100,226 appropriated)	\$8,183			
Loans - 1999-2001 commitments	2,696,435			
Loans - 2001-03 biennium	9,303,565			
Service payments for elderly and disabled (SPED)	6,898,302		\$6,898,302	
Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) computer project - State	3,000,000			
matching and other technology projects			000 000	
Basic care assistance	000 000		382,080	
Basic care employee compensation enhancement	202,080			
Basic care facility personal care allowance increase	180,000		20 427 200	
Medical assistance - Nursing facility care			29,137,300	
Medical assistance - Developmental disability grants	4 000 000		27,000	
Nursing home bed reduction incentive Nursing facility employee compensation enhancement	4,000,000 8,189,054			
Nursing facility rate limit increases resulting from rebasing	681,846			
Nursing facility and intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded personal care	309,600			
allowance increase	309,000			
Qualified service provider training grants (\$140,000 appropriated)	50,000		140,000	
Senior citizen mill levy match	250,000		250,000	
Medical assistance - Targeted case management	338,530		338,530	
Independent living center grants	100,000		100,000	
Statewide long-term care needs assessment (\$241,006 appropriated)	237,285			
Administrative costs	71,158		62,666	
Medical assistance deficiency appropriation (Senate Bill No. 2025)	16,300,000			
State Department of Health				
Quick response unit pilot project	225,000		225,000	
Scholarship and nurses' student loan repayment grant program	489,500		489,500	

Bank of North Dakota administrative fee	<u>79,615</u>	79,615
Total estimated expenditures	\$53,610,153	\$38,129,993
Estimated ending balance	\$18,699,431 ¹	\$230,001

¹ Section 39 of House Bill No. 1196 provides that the State Treasurer may not approve payments from the fund that would reduce the fund's unobligated balance below \$13 million except for payments to repay the federal government for disputed claims until the Department of Human Services certifies to the State Treasurer that the federal Health Care Financing Administration's claim for the return of \$13 million of the state's first-year (FY 2000) payment has been resolved. The department has not yet received final assurances from the federal government that it will not require the state to return the \$13 million from the state's first-year claim.

The health care trust fund was established by the 1999 Legislative Assembly (Senate Bill No. 2168) for providing nursing alternative loans or grants. The 2001 Legislative Assembly in House Bill No. 1196 provided that money in the fund may be transferred to the long-term care facility loan fund for nursing facility renovation projects and used for other programs as authorized by the Legislative Assembly. Money is generated for the health care trust fund as a result of the Department of Human Services making government nursing facility funding pool payments to two government nursing facilities--McVille and Dunseith. Payments are made based on the average amount Medicare rates exceed Medicaid rates for all nursing care facilities in the state multiplied by the total of all Medicaid resident days of all nursing homes. Federal Medicaid funds are available for these payments and require a state match. Payments are made to the two government nursing facilities and are subsequently returned to the state, less a \$50,000 transaction fee retained by each of the two government nursing facilities. Once returned to the state, the state's matching share is returned to its source, and the federal funds are deposited in the health care trust fund. Money in the fund is invested by the State Investment Board and any investment earnings are retained in the fund. The federal government has adopted rules to eliminate this intergovernmental transfer program. As a result, North Dakota's final intergovernmental transfer payment is expected to be received in July 2004.