21.0032.04000

FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1026

Introduced by

Legislative Management

(Agriculture and Transportation Committee)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 60-02, three new sections to
- 2 chapter 60-02.1, and a new section to chapter 60-04 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating
- 3 to financial criteria for grain buyer, grain broker, grain processor, and warehousemen licenses.
- 4 and licensing and bonding for grain brokers and grain processors; to amend and reenact
- 5 sections 60-02-01, 60-02-07, 60-02-09, 60-02-11, 60-02-12, 60-02-19.1, 60-02-24, 60-02.1-01,
- 6 60-02.1-07, 60-02.1-08, 60-02.1-10, 60-02.1-11, 60-02.1-13, 60-02.1-14, 60-02.1-15,
- 7 60-02.1-17, 60-02.1-19, 60-02.1-21, 60-02.1-23, 60-02.1-29, 60-02.1-32, and 60-02.1-41,
- 8 subsection 2 of section 60-04-01, and sections 60-04-03 and 60-10-16 of the North Dakota
- 9 Century Code, relating to definitions of grain brokers and processors, the duties and powers of
- 10 the commissioner, confidentiality records, scale ticket contents, credit-sale contracts, reports,
- 11 annual licenses, fees, and bonds for grain buyers, grain brokers, grain processors, and
- 12 warehousemen; to repeal sections 60-02.1-06, 60-02.1-07.1, 60-02.1-26, 60-02.1-27, 60-04-09,
- 13 and 60-10-15; and to provide a penalty.

14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 15 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 16 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 17 60-02-01. Definitions.
- 18 In this chapter, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:
- 19 1. "Commissioner" means the agriculture commissioner.
- 20 2. "Credit-sale contract" means a written contract for the sale of grain pursuant to which 21 the sale price is to be paid or may be paid more than thirty days after the delivery or 22 release of the grain for sale and which contains the notice provided in subsection 7 of
- 23 section 60-02-19.1. If a part of the sale price of a contract for the sale of grain is to be

- paid or may be paid more than thirty days after the delivery or release of the grain for
 sale, only such part of the contract is a credit-sale contract.
 - 3. "Deferred-payment contract" means a credit-sale contract for which the amount owed for the sale of grain has been established, but the payment is postponed until a later date.
 - 4. "Grain" means wheat, durum, oats, rye, barley, buckwheat, flaxseed, speltz, safflower, sunflower seeds, tame mustard, peas, beans, soybeans, corn, clover, millet, alfalfa, and any other commercially grown grain or grass seed. "Grain" as defined in this chapter shall not include grain or grass seeds owned by or in the possession of the warehouseman thatwhich have been cleaned, processed, and specifically identified for an intended use of planting for reproduction and for which a warehouse receipt has not been issued.
- 13 4.5. "Noncredit-sale contract" means a contract for the sale of grain other than a credit-sale contract.
 - 5.6. "Public warehouse" means any elevator, mill, warehouse, subterminal, grain warehouse, terminal warehouse, or other structure or facility not licensed under the United States Warehouse Act [7 U.S.C. 241-273] in which grain is received for storing, buying, selling, shipping, or processing for compensation. Provided, however, that nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require a processor to receive, store, or purchase any lot or kind of grain at said facility.
 - 6.7. "Public warehouseman" means the person operating a public warehouse that is located or doing business within this state, whether or not such owner or operator resides within this state. The term does not include a person whothat is permitted to sell seed under chapter 4.1-53, if that person does not store grain for the public and buys grain only for processing and subsequent resale as seed, or an authorized dealer or agent of a seed company holding a permit in accordance with section 4.1-53-38.
 - 7.8. "Receipts" means grain warehouse receipts, scale tickets, checks, or other memoranda given by a public warehouseman for, or as evidence of, the receipt, storage, or sale of grain except when such memoranda was received as a result of a credit-sale contract.

1	8. 9.	"Re	eceivir	ng station" means any facility other than an individually licensed warehouse
2		tha	t is us	sed by a licensed public warehouseman to receive and temporarily store grain
3		pric	or to tr	ransferring the grain to the warehouseman's primary licensed warehouse
4		loc	ation (or delivering it directly to market.
5	SEC	CTIO	N 2. A	AMENDMENT. Section 60-02-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is
6	amende	ed an	d ree	nacted as follows:
7	60-	02-07	7. Pub	olic warehouse license - Fee - Financial statement .
8	A lic	cense	e mus	t be obtained from the commissioner for each public warehouse in operation
9	in this s	tate.		
10	1.	a.	All I	icenses issued under this section must be for a period of two yearsone year
11			and	terminate on the thirty-first day of July in the year of expiration.
12		b.	(1)	Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision a, the commissioner shall-
13				license a warehouse annually, for the first six years of the warehouse's
14				operation.
15			(2)	An initial annual license application that becomes effective on or after June
16				first does not expire until July thirty-first of the following calendar year.
17	2.	No	<u>A</u> licer	nse may <u>not</u> describe more than one public warehouse nor grant permission
18		to c	operat	te any public warehouse other than the one described.
19	3.	a.	The	annual license fee for a public warehouse is:
20			(1)	Four hundred dollars for a warehouse having a maximum capacity of two-
21				hundred thousand bushels [7047.8 cubic meters]that purchased up to one
22				million dollars worth of grain during the previous licensing period, or intends
23				to purchase up to one million dollars worth of grain during the first year of
24				operation;
25			(2)	Five Eight hundred fifty dollars for a warehouse having a capacity of that
26				purchased more than two hundred thousand bushels [7047.8 cubic
27				meters]one million dollars worth of grain but not more than five hundred
28				thousand bushels [17619.54 cubic meters]ten million dollars worth of grain
29				during the previous licensing period, or intends to purchase more than one
30				million dollars worth of grain but not more than ten million dollars worth of
31				grain during the first year of operation; and

1			(3)	SixOne thousand two hundred fifty dollars for a warehouse having a
2				capacity of more than five hundred thousand bushels [17619.54 cubic
3				meters].
4		b.	The	biennial license fee for a public warehouse is:
5			(1)	Seven hundred dollars for a warehouse having a maximum capacity of two-
6				hundred thousand bushels [7047.8 cubic meters];
7			(2)	One thousand dollars for a warehouse having a capacity of more than two-
8				hundred thousand bushels [7047.8 cubic meters] but not more than five
9				hundred thousand bushels [17619.54 cubic meters]; and
10			(3)	One thousand two hundred dollars for a warehouse having a capacity of
11				more than five hundred thousand bushels [17619.54 cubic meters]that
12				purchased more than ten million dollars worth of grain during the previous
13				licensing period, or intends to purchase more than ten million dollars worth
14				of grain during the first year of operation.
15	•	e. <u>b.</u>	An a	application for an annual license renewal that is received after July fifteenth
16			mus	st include an additional one hundred dollar fee per warehouse. An application
17			for a	a biennial license renewal that is received after July fifteenth must include an-
18			add	litional two hundred dollar fee per warehouse.
19	4.	If a	publi	c warehouseman operates two or more warehouses in the same city or
20		sidi	ng, in	conjunction with each other and with the same working force, and keeps one
21		set	of bo	oks and records for all such warehouses, and issues one series of scale
22		tick	ets, w	varehouse receipts, checks, and credit-sale contracts for the grain stored and
23		pur	chase	ed therein, only one license is required for the operation of all such
24		war	ehou	ses. When two or more warehouses are operated under one license, the
25		lice	nse fe	ee is based upon the combined bushel capacity of value of the grain
26		pur	chase	ed by the warehouses during the previous licensing period.
27	5.	lf re	quire	ed to obtain United States department of agriculture approval of the
28		con	nmiss	sioner's warehouse inspection program, the commissioner may require the
29		app	licant	t submit a current financial statement prepared in accordance with generally
30		acc	eptec	d accounting principles. A financial statement furnished under this subsection-
31		is a	confi	idential trade secret and is not a public record.

1	SECTION 3. A new section to chapter 60-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is created					
2	and enacted as follows:					
3	Public warehouse license - Financial criteria to be met.					
4	<u>1.</u>	To b	To be eligible to receive an annual license under section 60-02-07, an applicant shall			
5		<u>subr</u>	nit cı	urrent financial documentation to the commissioner verifying the applicant has		
6		<u>satis</u>	facto	ory net worth and working capital, as determined by the commissioner.		
7	<u>2.</u>	A lice	ense	d public warehouseman or an applicant for initial licensure shall report		
8		bala	nce s	sheets and income statements to the commissioner annually at the time of		
9		<u>appl</u>	icatio	on for initial licensure or license renewal if the applicant purchased up to ten		
10		millio	on do	ollars worth of grain during the previous licensing period, or intends to		
11		purc	<u>hase</u>	up to ten million dollars worth of grain during the first year of operation.		
12	<u>3.</u>	As a	cond	dition of licensure under section 60-02-07, an applicant shall provide to the		
13		com	<u>missi</u>	ioner, upon request, any financial record or bank verification release the		
14		com	<u>missi</u>	ioner deems relevant for the purpose of verifying the financial information of		
15		an a	pplic	ant pursuant to the requirements of this section.		
16	<u>4.</u>	As a	cond	dition of licensure under section 60-02-07, a new applicant must:		
17		<u>a.</u>	Pas	s a criminal background check;		
18		<u>b.</u>	<u>Hav</u>	e a satisfactory credit score, as determined by the commissioner; and		
19		<u>C.</u>	Be a	a responsible person with a good business reputation, as determined by the		
20			com	missioner, who:		
21			<u>(1)</u>	Is in the public warehouse business;		
22			<u>(2)</u>	Has knowledge of, and experience with, generally accepted grain		
23				warehousing and handling practices;		
24			<u>(3)</u>	Is competent and willing to operate a public warehouse in accordance with		
25				state and federal regulations; and		
26			<u>(4)</u>	Has not committed fraud or a criminal offense indicating a lack of business		
27				integrity or honesty that undermines the person's responsibility as a		
28				warehouse operator.		
29	SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
30	amended and reenacted as follows:			nacted as follows:		

31

<u>a.</u>

	Legisiati	VC A	SSCIII	oly .
1	60-0	2-09	. Bor	nd filed by public warehouseman.
2	<u>1.</u>	Before any license is effective for any public warehouseman under this chapter, the		
3		арр	licant	t for the license shall file a bond with the commissioner which must:
4	1.	<u>a.</u>	Be i	in a sum not less than fiveone hundred thousand dollars for any one
5			war	ehouse.
6	2.	<u>b.</u>	Ве	continuous, unless the corporate surety by certified mail notifies the licensee
7			and	the commissioner the surety bond will be canceled ninety days after receipt
8			of th	ne notice of cancellation.
9	3.	<u>C.</u>	Rur	to the state of North Dakota for the benefit of all persons storing or selling
0			grai	n in that warehouse.
11	4.	<u>d.</u>	Ве	conditioned:
2		a.	<u>(1)</u>	For the faithful performance of the licensee's duties as a public
3				warehouseman.
4		b.	<u>(2)</u>	For compliance with the provisions of law and the rules of the commissioner
5				relating to the storage and purchase of grain by such warehouseman.
6	5.	<u>e.</u>	Spe	ecify the location of each public warehouse intended to be covered by such
7			bon	d.
8	6.	<u>f.</u>	Be 1	for the specific purpose of:
9		a.	<u>(1)</u>	Protecting the holders of outstanding receipts.
20		b.	<u>(2)</u>	Covering the costs incurred by the commissioner in the administration of
21				chapter 60-04 in the event of the licensee's insolvency.
22	7.	<u>g.</u>	Not	accrue to the benefit of any person entering into a credit-sale contract with a
23			pub	lic warehouseman.
24	8. 2.	The	aggr	regate liability of the surety under a bond does not accumulate for each
25		suc	cessi	ve annual license renewal period during which the bond is in force but, for
26		loss	ses di	uring any annual license renewal period, is limited in the aggregate to the
27		bon	ıd am	ount stated or changed by appropriate endorsement or rider.
28	<u>3.</u>	The	com	missioner shall set the amount of the bond and may require an increase in
29		the	amoı	unt of any bond , from time to time, as the commissioner deems necessary to

accomplish the purposes of this section. The amount of the bond must be:

Based on the dollar value of the grain purchased; and

30

1 Calculated using the value of the amount of grain intended to be purchased by a 2 new licensee during the first year of operation, or the three-year rolling annual 3 average of the value of grain purchased at the time of license renewal. 4 <u>4.</u> The surety on the bond must be a corporate surety company, approved by the 5 commissioner, and authorized to do business within the state. The commissioner may 6 accept cash, a negotiable instrument, or a bond executed by personal sureties in lieu 7 of a surety bond if, in the commissioner's judgment, the cash, negotiable instrument, 8 or personal surety bond properly will protect the holders of outstanding receipts. One 9 bond only may be given for any line of elevators, mills, or warehouses, owned, 10 controlled, or operated by one individual, firm, corporation, or limited liability company, 11 and the bond must be construed to cover the elevators, mills, or warehouses, as a 12 whole and not a specific amount for each. 13 SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is 14 amended and reenacted as follows: 15 60-02-11. Scale ticket - Contents - Conversion. 16 Every public warehouseman, upon receiving grain into the warehouse, shall 17 issue a uniform scale ticket for each load of grain received. The scale tickets 18 must be numbered consecutively, and one copy of each ticket must be retained 19 and remain as a permanent record. The original ticket must be delivered to the 20 person from whomwhich the grain is received, upon receipt of each load of grain. 21 b. All scale tickets must be converted into cash, noncredit-sale contracts, credit-sale 22 contracts, or warehouse receipts, within forty-fivethirty days after the grain is 23 delivered to the warehouse, unless: 24 The person to whom the scale ticket is issued signs a form waiving all rights 25 to trust benefits under section 60-04-03.1; 26 (2) The form identifies by number each scale ticket to which the waiver applies; 27 and 28 The form is signed by the warehouseman.

make the form available to each warehouse.

The commissioner shall prepare the waiver form required by subdivision b and

- 1 The warehouseman shall keep one copy of the signed waiver form with the 2 records of the warehouse, provide one copy to the person who was issued the 3 scale ticket and signed the form, and file one copy with the commissioner. 4 2. Nothing in this chapter requires a warehouseman to receive grain for storage. A 5 warehouseman shall publish and post, in a conspicuous place in the warehouse, a 6 publication identifying whether storage will be available to patrons or whether grain will 7 be accepted via cash or a credit-sale contract arrangement. 8 A producer that fails to convert a scale ticket in accordance with subdivision b of 9 subsection 1 forfeits any trust fund or credit-sale contract indemnity fund protection 10 provided under sections 60-02-09, 60-02-19.1, and 60-04-03.1, and chapter 60-10. 11 SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02-12 of the North Dakota Century Code is 12 amended and reenacted as follows: 13 60-02-12. Penalty Violations of chapter - Criminal penalty - Civil penalty. 14 Any person who shall violate violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any rule 15 adopted pursuant to this chapter, if punishment is not specifically provided for, shall be-16 guiltyis: 17 Guilty of an infraction; and <u>a.</u> 18 <u>b.</u> Subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed five thousand dollars for 19 each violation. 20 The civil penalty may be adjudicated by a court or by the agriculture commissioner <u>2.</u> 21 through an administrative hearing. 22 SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02-19.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is 23 amended and reenacted as follows: 24 60-02-19.1. Credit-sale contracts. 25 A warehouseman shallmay not purchase grain by a credit-sale contract except as 26 provided in this section. All credit-sale contracts must be in writing and must be 27 consecutively numbered at the time of printing the contract. The warehouseman shall 28 maintain an accurate record of all credit-sale contract numbers, including the 29 disposition of each numbered form, whether by execution, destruction, or otherwise.
 - 1. <u>a.</u> The seller's name and address.

31

Each credit-sale contract must contain or provide for all of the following:

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

29

30

- 1 <u>2.</u> <u>b.</u> The conditions of delivery.
- 2 3. c. The amount and kind of grain delivered.
- 3 4. d. The price per unit or basis of value.
- 4 5. e. The date payment is to be made.
- 5 6. f. The duration of the credit-sale contract.
- Notice in a clear and prominent manner that the sale is not protected by the bond coverage provided for in section 60-02-09. However, if the warehouseman has obtained bond coverage in addition to that required by section 60-02-09 and such coverage extends to the benefit of credit-sale contracts, the warehouseman may state the same in the credit-sale contract along with the extent of such coverage.
 - 2. The contract must be signed by both parties and executed in duplicate. An electronic signature satisfies the requirement. An unsigned contract must be considered an unconverted scale ticket in accordance with section 60-02-11. One copy shall be retained by the warehouseman and one copy shall be delivered to the seller. Upon revocation, termination, or cancellation of a warehouseman's license, the payment date for all credit-sale contracts shall, at the seller's option, be advanced to a date not later than thirty days after the effective date of the revocation, termination, or cancellation, and the purchase price for all unpriced grain shall be determined as of the effective date of revocation, termination, or cancellation in accordance with all other provisions of the contract. When a public warehouse is transferred under this chapter, credit-sale contracts may be assigned to another licensed public warehouseman or facility-based grain buyer.
 - 3. A warehouseman that uses deferred-payment contracts shall offer bond protection to producers.
 - **SECTION 8. AMENDMENT.** Section 60-02-24 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 60-02-24. Reports to be made by public warehouseman Penalty for failure.
- 1. Each licensed and bonded public warehouseman shall:
 - 4. a. Prepare for each month a report giving facts and information called for on the form of report prepared by the commissioner. The report must contain or be verified by a written declaration the report is made under the penalties of perjury.

24

25

26

27

28

29

- Legislative Assembly 1 The report may be called for more frequently if the commissioner deems 2 necessary. Information pertaining to the volume of grain handled is a confidential 3 trade secret and is not a public record. The commissioner may make the 4 information available for use by other governmental entities, but the 5 commissioner may not release the information in a manner that jeopardizes the 6 confidentiality of individual licensees. 7 2. <u>b.</u> File the report with the commissioner not later than the last day of the following 8 month, and failure to file this report promptly will be considered cause for 9 revoking the warehouse license after due notice and hearing. 10 3. Keep a separate account of the grain business, if the warehouseman is engaged C. 11 in handling or selling any other commodity, and under no circumstances may the 12 grain account and other accounts be mixed. 13 d. Submit additional information requested by the commissioner pursuant to a 14 report or an inspection within five business days. 15 <u>2.</u> The commissioner may refuse to renew a license to any public warehouseman 16 whothat fails to make a required report. 17 SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02.1-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is 18 amended and reenacted as follows: 19 60-02.1-01. Definitions. 20 In this chapter, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires: 21 1. "Commissioner" means the agriculture commissioner. 22
 - 2. "Credit-sale contract" means a written contract for the sale of grain pursuant to which the sale price is to be paid or may be paid more than thirty days after the delivery or release of the grain for sale and which contains the notice provided in subsection 7 of section 60-02.1-14. If a part of the sale price of a contract for the sale of grain is to be paid or may be paid more than thirty days after the delivery or release of the grain for sale, only such part of the contract is a credit-sale contract.
 - "Deferred-payment contract" means a credit-sale contract for which the amount owed 3. for the sale of grain has been established, but the payment is postponed until a later date.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

30

- 1 <u>4.</u> "Facility" means a structure in which grain purchased by a grain buyer is received or held.
- 4. "Facility-based grain buyer" means a grain buyer who operates a facility licensed
 4 under the United States Warehouse Act [7 U.S.C. 241-273] where grain is received.
 - 5. "Grain" means wheat, durum, oats, rye, barley, buckwheat, flaxseed, speltz, safflower, sunflower seeds, tame mustard, peas, beans, soybeans, corn, clover, millet, alfalfa, and any other commercially grown grain or grass seed. "Grain" does not include grain or grass seeds owned by or in the possession of the grain buyer which have been cleaned, processed, and specifically identified for an intended use of planting for reproduction and for which a warehouse receipt has not been issued.
 - 6. "Grain broker" means a person that:
 - <u>a.</u> <u>Is involved in the negotiation of grain transactions in the state;</u>
 - b. Receives compensation from at least one party to the transaction; and
 - <u>C.</u> Does not take title to the grain and is not under any financial or contractual
 <u>obligation related to the transaction.</u>
 - 7. "Grain buyer" means any person, other than a public warehouseman as defined in chapter 60-02, whothat purchases or otherwise merchandises grain for compensation. The term includes roving grain buyers, grain brokers, and grain processors. The term does not include:
 - a. A producer of grain whothat purchases grain from other producers to complete a carload or truckload in which the greater portion of the load is grain grown by the producer or on-farm feedlot operations in which at least fifty percent of the livestock is owned by the owner of the farm.
 - b. A person whothat is permitted to sell seed under chapter 4.1-53, if that person buys grain only for processing and subsequent resale as seed.
 - c. A person whothat is an authorized dealer or agent of a seed company holding a permit in accordance with section 4.1-53-38.
- 7.8. "Grain processor" means an entity that purchases grain to process into end products
 of a substantially different makeup or nature than the original grain.
 - 9. "Noncredit-sale contract" means a contract for the sale of grain other than a credit-sale contract.

- 1 8-10. "Receipts" means scale tickets, checks, or other memoranda given by a grain buyer 2 for, or as evidence of, the receipt or sale of grain except when such memoranda was 3 received as a result of a credit-sale contract.
- 4 9.11. "Roving grain buyer" means a grain buyer whothat does not operate a facility where grain is received.
- **SECTION 10. AMENDMENT.** Section 60-02.1-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is 7 amended and reenacted as follows:

60-02.1-07. Grain buyer license - How obtained - Fee - Financial statement.

- 1. Grain buyers that purchase, solicit, merchandise, or take possession of grain in this state shall obtain an annual license from the commissioner. Except as provided in this section, each license expires on July thirty-first of each year. If a licensee's initial license is issued effective after May thirty-first, that license expires on July thirty-first of the following year. A facility-based grain buyer shall obtain a license for each receiving location operated in the state. If a grain buyer operates two or more facilities in the same city or siding, in conjunction with each other and with the same working force, and where but one set of books and records is kept for all such facilities, and scale tickets and checks of but one series are issued for the grain, purchased, only one license is required for the operation of all such facilities. The annual license fee for a facility-based grain buyer is four:
 - a. Four hundred dollars for a grain buyer that purchased up to one million dollars
 worth of grain during the previous licensing period, or intends to purchase up to
 one million dollars worth of grain during the first year of operation;
 - <u>b.</u> Eight hundred dollars for a grain buyer that purchased more than one million
 dollars worth of grain but not more than ten million dollars worth of grain during
 the previous licensing period, or intends to purchase more than one million
 dollars worth of grain but not more than ten million dollars worth of grain during
 the first year of operation; and a
 - c. One thousand two hundred dollars for a grain buyer that purchased more than ten million dollars worth of grain during the previous licensing period, or intends to purchase more than ten million dollars worth of grain during the first year of operation.

1	<u>2.</u>	$\underline{\mathtt{A}}$ license renewal application that is received after July fifteenth must be assessed an							
2		additional one hundred dollar fee per receiving location.							
3	If re	If required to obtain United States department of agriculture approval of the commissioner's							
4	grain bu	grain buyer inspection program, the commissioner may require grain buyers submit a current							
5	financial	statement prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A							
6	financial	statement furnished under this section is a confidential trade secret and is not a public							
7	record.								
8	<u>3.</u>	A license issued under this section is not transferable.							
9	<u>4.</u>	The commissioner may refuse to issue, renew, or may revoke a license:							
10		a. If the licensee or applicant has been convicted of a criminal offense;							
11		b. If the licensee or applicant has failed to comply with the requirements of this							
12		section;							
13		c. If the commissioner has evidence the licensee negotiated in bad faith; or							
14		d. For any other reason determined by the commissioner.							
15	<u>5.</u>	A licensed grain buyer shall submit a monthly report to the commissioner by the tenth							
16		day of each month. The report must include the total volume of each commodity							
17		brokered in the preceding month.							
18	<u>6.</u>	A licensed grain buyer shall notify each potential commodity seller of the identity of the							
19		potential commodity buyer before the final confirmation of the transaction.							
20	<u>7.</u>	Before a license is effective for a grain buyer under this section, the licensee or							
21		applicant shall file a bond with the commissioner for not less than one hundred							
22		thousand dollars.							
23	SEC	CTION 11. A new section to chapter 60-02.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is							
24	created	and enacted as follows:							
25	Commissioner's authority - Grain buyer - Trust assets.								
26	Upon the commissioner's determination that continued operation of a grain buyer is likely to								
27	result in probable loss of assets to receiptholders, the commissioner immediately may								
28	suspend, close, or take control of the assets held in a trust fund described in section								
29	60-02.1-30, or take any combination of these actions as the commissioner deems necessary to								
30	begin an orderly liquidation of those trust fund assets as provided in this chapter.								

1	SECTION 12. A new section to chapter 60-02.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
2	created and enacted as follows:					
3	<u>Gra</u>	<u>in buyer</u>	license - Financial criteria to be met.			
4	<u>1.</u>	To be e	To be eligible to receive an annual license under section 60-02.1-07, an applicant shall			
5		submit	current financial documentation to the commissioner verifying the applicant has			
6		satisfac	tory net worth and working capital, as determined by the commissioner.			
7	<u>2.</u>	A licens	sed grain buyer or an applicant for initial licensure shall report balance sheets			
8		and inc	ome statements to the commissioner annually at the time of application for			
9		initial lic	censure or license renewal if the applicant purchased up to ten million dollars			
10		worth o	f grain during the previous licensing period, or intends to purchase up to ten			
11		million o	dollars worth of grain during the first year of operation.			
12	<u>3.</u>	As a co	ndition of licensure under section 60-02.1-07, an applicant shall provide to the			
13		commis	ssioner, upon request, any financial record or bank verification release the			
14		commis	ssioner deems relevant for the purpose of verifying the financial information of			
15		an appl	icant pursuant to the requirements of this section.			
16	<u>4.</u>	As a co	ndition of licensure under section 60-02.1-07, a new applicant must:			
17		<u>a.</u> <u>Pa</u>	ass a criminal background check;			
18		<u>b.</u> <u>Ha</u>	ave a satisfactory credit score, as determined by the commissioner; and			
19		<u>c.</u> <u>Be</u>	e a responsible individual with a good business reputation, as determined by			
20		the	e commissioner, who:			
21		<u>(1)</u>	Is in the grain buying business;			
22		<u>(2)</u>	Has knowledge of, and experience with, generally accepted grain buying			
23			and handling practices;			
24		<u>(3)</u>	Is competent and willing to operate as a grain buyer in accordance with			
25			state and federal regulations; and			
26		<u>(4)</u>	Has not committed fraud or a criminal offense indicating a lack of business			
27			integrity or honesty that undermines the person's responsibility as a grain			
28			<u>buyer.</u>			
29	SECTION 13. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02.1-08 of the North Dakota Century Code is					
30	amende	d and re	enacted as follows:			

1 60-02.1-08. Bond filed by grain buyer.

- 2 <u>1.</u> Before any license is effective for any grain buyer under this chapter, the applicant for the license shall file a bond with the commissioner which must:
- 4 1. a. Be in a sum not less than tenone hundred thousand dollars.
- 5 <u>2. b.</u> Be continuous, unless the corporate surety by certified mail notifies the licensee 6 and the commissioner the surety bond will be canceled ninety days after receipt 7 of the notice of cancellation.
- 8 3. c. Run to the state of North Dakota for the benefit of all persons selling grain to or through the grain buyer.
- 10 4. <u>d.</u> Be conditioned:
- 11 a. (1) For the faithful performance of the licensee's duties as a grain buyer.
- 12 <u>b. (2)</u> For compliance with the provisions of law and the rules of the commissioner relating to the purchase of grain by such grain buyer.
- 5. <u>e.</u> For facility-based grain buyers, specify the location of each facility intended to be
 covered by the bond.
- 16 6. Be for the specific purpose of:
- 17 $\frac{1}{a}$ Protecting the sellers of grain.
- 18 <u>b. (2)</u> Covering the costs incurred by the commissioner in the administration of the licensee's insolvency.
- 20 7. <u>f.</u> Not accrue to the benefit of any person entering a credit-sale contract with a grain buyer.
- 22 8.2. The aggregate liability of the surety under a bond does not accumulate for each
 23 successive annual license renewal period during which the bond is in force but, for
 24 losses during any annual license renewal period, is limited in the aggregate to the
 25 bond amount stated or changed by appropriate endorsement or rider.
- The commissioner shall set the amount of the bond and may require an increase in the amount of any bond as the commissioner deems necessary to accomplish the purposes of this section.
- 4. The amount of the bond for a grain buyer must be based on the dollar value of the
 grain purchased, solicited, or merchandised.

- 5. A grain buyer shall report purchases, solicitations, and merchandising agreements to
 the commissioner monthly.
 - 6. The surety on the bond must be a corporate surety company, approved by the commissioner, and authorized to do business within the state. The commissioner may accept cash, a negotiable instrument, or a bond executed by personal sureties in lieu of a surety bond when, in the commissioner's judgment, cash, a negotiable instrument, or a personal surety bond properly will protect the holders of outstanding receipts.
 Only one bond may be required for any series of facilities operated by a facility-based grain buyer, and the bond must be construed to cover those facilities as a whole and not a specific amount for each.
 - **SECTION 14. AMENDMENT.** Section 60-02.1-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 60-02.1-10. Grain buyer license to be posted or carried Penalty.
 - The license obtained by a facility-based grain buyer shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the buyer's facility. A roving grain buyer shall have the buyer's license in possession at all times. A grain buyer whothat transacts business without first procuring a license and giving a bond is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
 - **SECTION 15. AMENDMENT.** Section 60-02.1-11 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 60-02.1-11. Revocation and suspension.
 - The commissioner may suspend or revoke the license of any grain buyer for cause upon notice and hearing. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the license of a grain buyer must automatically be suspended for failure at any time to have or to maintain either a bond or insurance policy in the amount and type required. During a suspension of a license a facility-based grain buyer, upon the commissioner's approval, may operate its facility and purchase or redeliver grain previously received, but may not receive additional grain for purchase, shipping, or processing. Grain may be sold only with the prior approval of the commissioner.
 - **SECTION 16. AMENDMENT.** Section 60-02.1-13 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

12

13

14

15

16

17

29

30

31

1 60-02.1-13. Penalty Violations of chapter - Criminal penalty - Civil penalty.

- 2 <u>1.</u> Any person who violates violating any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter, if punishment is not specifically provided for, is guilty:
 - a. Guilty of an infraction; and
- 5
 b. Subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed five thousand dollars for
 6
 each violation.
- 7 <u>2. The civil penalty may be adjudicated by a court or by the agriculture commissioner</u> 8 <u>through an administrative hearing.</u>
- 9 **SECTION 17. AMENDMENT.** Section 60-02.1-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

11 **60-02.1-14.** Credit-sale contracts.

- 1. A grain buyer may not purchase grain by a credit-sale contract except as provided in this section. All credit-sale contracts must be in writing and must be consecutively numbered at the time of printing the contract. The grain buyer shall maintain an accurate record of all credit-sale contract numbers, including the disposition of each numbered form, whether by execution, destruction, or otherwise. Each credit-sale contract must contain or provide for all of the following:
- 18 <u>1. a.</u> The seller's name and address.
- 19 <u>2.</u> <u>b.</u> The conditions of delivery.
- 20 3. c. The amount and kind of grain delivered.
- 21 4. d. The price per unit or basis of value.
- 22 5. e. The date payment is to be made.
- 23 6. f. The duration of the credit-sale contract.
- 24 7. g. Notice in a clear and prominent manner that the sale is not protected by the bond
 25 coverage provided for in section 60-02.1-08. However, if the grain buyer has
 26 obtained bond coverage in addition to that required by section 60-02.1-08 and
 27 the coverage extends to the benefit of credit-sale contracts, the grain buyer may
 28 state that fact in the credit-sale contract along with the extent of such coverage.
 - 2. The contract must be signed by both parties and executed in duplicate. <u>An electronic signature satisfies the requirement</u>. A holder of an unsigned contract is not eligible for any protection provided by chapter 60-10. One copy must be retained by the grain

1		buyer and one copy must be delivered to the seller. Upon revocation, termination, or
2		cancellation of a grain buyer's license, the payment date for all credit-sale contracts, at
3		the seller's option, must be advanced to a date not later than thirty days after the
4		effective date of the revocation, termination, or cancellation, and the purchase price for
5		all unpriced grain must be determined as of the effective date of revocation,
6		termination, or cancellation in accordance with all other provisions of the contract.
7		When a facility is transferred under this chapter, credit-sale contracts may be assigned
8		to another licensed facility-based grain buyer or public warehouseman.
9	<u>3.</u>	A buyer that offers deferred-payment contracts shall offer bond protection to
0		producers.
11	SEC	TION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02.1-15 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
3	60-0	2.1-15. Discrimination by grain buyer prohibited.
4	<u>1.</u>	A grain buyer may not discriminate:
5	1.	<u>a.</u> In the buying, selling, receiving, and handling of grain or in the charges made or
6		the service rendered to owners of purchased grain;
7	2.	<u>b.</u> In the receiving of grain offered for sale, but this chapter may not be construed to
8		require a processor to receive or purchase any lot or kinds of grain;
9	3.	c. In regard to the persons offering such grain for sale; or
20	4.	d. Between points or stations except as the marketing factors or transportation
21		costs or grain quality premiums may warrant.
22	<u>2.</u>	A grain buyer is not required to receive any grain that is heating or otherwise out of
23		condition. A facility-based grain buyer shall post grain prices paid in a conspicuous
24		place in the office or driveway of the buyer's place of business.
25	SEC	TION 19. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02.1-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is
26	amende	d and reenacted as follows:
27	60-0	2.1-17. Reports to be made by grain buyers - Penalty for failure.
28	<u>1.</u>	Each licensed and bonded grain buyer shall:
29	1.	<u>a.</u> Prepare for each month a report giving facts and information called for on the
30		form of report prepared by the commissioner. The report must contain or be
₹1		verified by a written declaration the report is made under the penalties of periury

- The report may be called for more frequently if the commissioner deems necessary. Information pertaining to the volume of grain handled is a confidential trade secret and is not a public record. The commissioner may make this information available for use by other governmental entities, but the information may not be released by those entities in a manner that jeopardizes the confidentiality of individual licensees.
 - 2. <u>b.</u> File the report with the commissioner not later than the last day of the following month. Failure to file this report promptly will be considered cause for revoking the grain buyer license after due notice and hearing.
 - 3. <u>c.</u> Keep a separate account of the grain business, if the grain buyer is engaged in handling or selling any other commodity, and under no circumstances may the grain account and other accounts be mixed.
 - <u>Submit additional information requested by the commissioner pursuant to a</u>
 <u>report or an inspection within five business days.</u>
 - 2. The commissioner may refuse to renew a license to any grain buyer whothat fails to make a required report.

SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02.1-19 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

60-02.1-19. Federal grades to control - Grades to be posted.

All grain buyers shall purchase grain, except dry edible beans, in accordance with the official grades established from time to time by the secretary of agriculture of the United States, except as otherwise provided in applicable rules and regulations adopted by federal officials pursuant to law. A facility-based grain buyer shall post in a conspicuous place in the buyer's facility the official grades so established and also any change that may be made from time to time. A grain buyer of dry edible beans shall purchase and deliver beans in accordance with the buyer's policy, which must be filed with the commissioner and, if applicable, posted in a conspicuous place in the buyer's facility. Other grading standards may be used if mutually agreed to in writing by the grain buyer and the owner of the grain. However, the owner may demand the use of federal grading standards. After hearing, the commissioner may prohibit the use of nonfederal grades.

SECTION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02.1-21 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

60-02.1-21. Grain to be kept insured for benefit of owner by grain buyer.

A license may not be issued to a facility-based grain buyerprocessor unless all company-owned and unconverted scale ticket grain is kept fully insured at the expense of the grain buyer for the benefit of the owner at the current market value of the grain against loss by fire, lightning, internal explosion, windstorm, cyclone, tornado, and such other risks of direct physical loss as provided by the insurer in a policy approved by the insurance commissioner. An insurance policy may not be transferred or assigned to any person for any purpose.

SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02.1-23 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

60-02.1-23. Destruction of grain - First lien by holder of outstanding receipt.

The holder of an unconverted scale ticket or other comparable receipt issued by any facility-based grain buyerprocessor shall have a first lien, to the extent of the value of the grain at the time of loss at the place where held, on all insurance of the grain buyer for any loss sustained by the receiptholder, on account of the loss of such grain by fire, tornado, or any other cause covered by such insurance policy.

SECTION 23. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02.1-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

60-02.1-29. Appointment of commissioner.

Upon the insolvency of any reving grain buyer, the commissioner shall apply to the district court of Burleigh County for authority to take all action necessary to act as trustee of the trust fund described in section 60-02.1-30. If the insolvency involves a facility-based grain buyer, application must be to the district court of a county in which the licensee operates a licensed facility. Upon notice to the licensee as the court prescribes, but not exceeding twenty days, or upon waiver of notice in writing by the licensee, the court shall hear and determine the application in a summary manner. If the court determines that the licensee is insolvent within the meaning of this chapter and that it would be in the best interests of the receiptholders that the commissioner secure and execute the trust, the court shall issue an order granting the application, without bond, and the commissioner shall proceed to exercise the commissioner's authority without further direction from the court.

- 1 Upon the filing of the commissioner's application, the court may issue ex parte a temporary
- 2 order to preserve or protect the assets of the trust fund until the court issues its order granting
- 3 or denying the application.
- 4 **SECTION 24.** A new section to chapter 60-02.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 5 created and enacted as follows:
- 6 **Joinder Grain broker.**
- A licensed grain broker may be joined as a party to an insolvency proceeding if the
- 8 <u>commissioner determines the grain broker negotiated a grain transaction:</u>
- 9 <u>1.</u> With an insolvent grain buyer; or
- 10 <u>2.</u> <u>That was discriminatory, predatory, or in bad faith.</u>
- 11 **SECTION 25. AMENDMENT.** Section 60-02.1-32 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 12 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 13 **60-02.1-32.** Notice to receiptholders and credit-sale contract claimants.
- 14 Upon the commissioner's appointment, the commissioner may take possession of relevant
- books and records of the licensee. If the insolvency involves a roving grain buyer, the
- 16 commissioner shall publish a notice of the commissioner's appointment once each week for two
- 17 consecutive weeks in all daily newspapers in the state and may notify, by ordinary mail, the
- 18 holders of record of outstanding receipts and those who are potential credit-sale contract
- 19 claimants, disclosed by the licensee's records. If the insolvency involves a facility-based grain
- 20 buyerprocessor, the notice must be published once each week for two consecutive weeks in a
- 21 newspaper in the county in which the warehouse facility is located. The notice must require
- 22 outstanding receiptholders and credit-sale contract claimants to file their claims with the
- commissioner along with the receipts, contracts, or other evidence of the claims required by the
- 24 commissioner. If an outstanding receiptholder or credit-sale contract claimant fails to submit a
- 25 claim within forty-five days after the last publication of the notice or a longer time set by the
- 26 commissioner, the commissioner is relieved of further duty in the administration of the
- 27 insolvency on behalf of the receiptholder or credit-sale contract claimant and the receiptholder
- 28 may be barred from participation in the trust fund, and the credit-sale contract claimant may be
- 29 barred from payment for any amount due. Outstanding receiptholders and credit-sale contract
- 30 claimants are not parties to the insolvency action unless admitted by the court upon a motion for
- 31 intervention.

1	SECTION 26. AMENDMENT. Section 60-02.1-41 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amended and reenacted as follows:
3	60-02.1-41. Roving grain buyers - Exception - Applicability of provisions.
4	Notwithstanding any other law, this chapter does not apply to any person that purchases,
5	solicits, or merchandises grain, which has been cleaned, processed, and made ready for
6	consumption, from a public warehouseman licensed and bonded under chapter 60-02 or from a
7	facility-based grain buyer licensed and bonded under this chapter. If the person engages in any
8	activity other than those described in this section, the person is subject to the law governing
9	those other activities.
0	SECTION 27. AMENDMENT. Subsection 2 of section 60-04-01 of the North Dakota
11	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
2	2. "Credit-sale contract" means a written contract for the sale of grain pursuant to which
3	the sale price is to be paid or may be paid more than thirty days after the delivery or
4	release of the grain for sale and which contains the notice provided in subsection 7 of
5	section 60-02-19.1. When a part of the sale price of a contract for the sale of grain is
6	to be paid or may be paid more than thirty days after the delivery or release of the
7	grain for sale, only such part of the contract is a credit-sale contract.
8	SECTION 28. A new section to chapter 60-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
9	and enacted as follows:
20	Commissioner's authority - Warehouseman - Trust assets.
21	Upon the commissioner's determination that continued operation of a warehouseman is
22	likely to result in probable loss of assets to receiptholders, the commissioner immediately may
23	suspend, close, or take control of the assets held in a trust fund described in section
24	60-04-03.1, or take any combination of these actions as the commissioner deems necessary to
25	begin an orderly liquidation of those trust fund assets as provided in this chapter.
26	SECTION 29. AMENDMENT. Section 60-04-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is
27	amended and reenacted as follows:
28	60-04-03. Appointment of commissioner.
29	Upon the insolvency of any warehouseman, the commissioner shall apply to the district
30	court of a county in which the warehouseman operates a licensed warehouse for authority to
31	take all action necessary and appropriate to secure and act as trustee of the trust fund

19

- 1 described in section 60-04-03.1. Upon such notice to the warehouseman as the court shall-2 prescribe, but not exceeding twenty days, or upon waiver of such notice in writing by the 3 warehouseman, the court shall proceed to hear and determine such application in a summary 4 manner. If it shall appear to the court the warehouseman is insolvent within the meaning of this-5 chapter and it would be for the best interests of the receiptholders that the commissioner secure-6 and execute such trust, the court shall issue an order granting the application, without bond, at-7 which time the commissioner shall proceed to exercise the commissioner's authority without 8 further direction from the court. 9 Upon the filing of the commissioner's application, the court may issue ex parte such 10 temporary order as may be necessary to preserve or protect the assets of the trust fund, or the 11 value of the trust fund, until the court issues an order granting or denying the application. 12 **SECTION 30. AMENDMENT.** Section 60-10-16 of the North Dakota Century Code is 13 amended and reenacted as follows: 14 60-10-16. Roving grain buyers - Exception - Applicability of provisions. 15 Notwithstanding any other law, this chapter does not apply to any person that purchases, 16 solicits, or merchandises grain, which has been cleaned, processed, and made ready for 17 consumption, from a public warehouseman licensed and bonded under chapter 60-02 or from a-
- those other activities.
 SECTION 31. REPEAL. Sections 60-02.1-06, 60-02.1-07.1, 60-02.1-26, 60-02.1-27,
 60-04-09, and 60-10-15 of the North Dakota Century Code are repealed.

facility-based grain buyer licensed and bonded under chapter 60-02.1. If the person engages in

any activity other than those described in this section, the person is subject to the law governing