Sixty-fifth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2130

Introduced by

Education Committee

(At the request of the Bank of North Dakota)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact sections 15-62.1-16, 15-62.1-17, 15-62.1-18, 15-62.1-19,
- 2 15-62.1-20, 15-62.1-21, and 15-62.1-22 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to defaulted
- 3 student loan collection; to amend and reenact sections 15-62.1-04, 15-62.1-06, 15-62.1-07, and
- 4 15-62.1-10 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to defaulted student loan collection; and
- 5 to provide for a retroactive application.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 7 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 15-62.1-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 8 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 9 **15-62.1-04.** Repayment of loans.
- The agency shallmay establish rules for the repayment, or deferment of repayment, of loans
- 11 guaranteed under this chapter consistent with the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended,
- 12 and shall also establish rules for the repayment, or deferment of repayment, of loans
- 13 guaranteed by the agency which are not coinsured by the federal government.
- 14 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 15-62.1-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 15 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 16 **15-62.1-06. Procedure on default of guaranteed loan.**
- 17 <u>1. For purposes of this chapter a loan is in default when the conditions for default stated</u>
- in the borrower's promissory note have been met.
- 19 <u>2.</u> <u>Consequences of default include:</u>
- 20 <u>a. Repayment of the remaining balance, which includes principal, accrued interest,</u>
- 21 <u>and fees is accelerated and due;</u>
- 22 <u>b.</u> The agency may proceed by garnishment against the borrower or cosigner under
- 23 section 15-62.1-16;

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1	<u>C.</u>	The agency may provide notice of the default to a licensing entity for nonrenewal
2		or suspension of any license or licenses held by the borrower or cosigner after
3		establishment of a collection order under section 15-62.1-21. The agency shall
4		provide the borrower or cosigner with notice that the license or licenses of the
5		borrower or cosigner will be suspended or not renewed after thirty days have
6		passed from the date of notification unless the borrower or cosigner satisfies the
7		entire outstanding debt or enters an agreement to repay the debt and makes
8		regular payment on the debt in a manner and at times satisfactory to the agency.
9		If the borrower or cosigner fails to satisfy the entire outstanding debt or enter an
10		agreement to repay the debt and make payment on the debt in a manner and at
11		times satisfactory to the agency, the agency shall notify the proper licensing
12		authority to suspend or fail to renew the borrower's or cosigner's certificate,
13		license, or permit. If the borrower or cosigner satisfies the entire outstanding
14		payment due or enters an agreement to repay the debt and makes regular
15		payment on the debt in a manner and at times satisfactory to the agency, the
16		agency shall notify the licensing entity within thirty days the borrower's or
17		cosigner's certificate, license, or permit must be reinstated. An appeal by a
18		borrower or cosigner who has had a certificate, license, or permit suspended
19		under this section is an appeal from the agency's final collection order under
20		chapter 28-32 and may not be appealed to the licensing authority;
21	<u>d.</u>	The agency may record the lien created under section 15-62.1-17;
22	<u>e.</u>	The agency may establish an administrative collection order under section
23		<u>15-62.1-18;</u>
24	<u>f.</u>	The agency may apply for set off of state income taxes to satisfy the loan debt
25		under chapter 57-38.3;
26	<u>g.</u>	The agency may assess and charge to the borrower or cosigner collection costs
27		described under section 15-62.1-07.

3. The agency shall notify the borrower and cosigner of the default and the consequences of default imposed under subsection 2 by mailing a notice to the borrower's and cosigner's most recent address provided by the borrower or cosigner or obtained by the agency.

1 The borrower or cosigner may contest a notice of default identified in <u>4.</u> <u>a.</u> 2 subsection 3 by filing a written request for review with the agency within thirty 3 days after the date of the notice requesting the loan status be reviewed. The 4 borrower or cosigner has the burden to show at the time of the notice of default: 5 The loan was not in default under subsection 1; (1) 6 (2) The borrower entered, and was in compliance with, a default prevention 7 agreement with the agency; and 8 <u>(3)</u> Notice of default is incorrect, inaccurate, or does not reflect actual payments made up to the date of the notice of default. 9 10 b. Within sixty days after receiving a written request for review the agency shall 11 inform the borrower or cosigner in writing of the agency's decision. 12 <u>5.</u> Whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the agency that a guaranteed loan made in 13 accordance with the provisions of this chapter is in default, and the eligible-14 lendernotice required under subsection 3 has certified such fact tobeen given, the 15 borrower or cosigner did not respond to the notice required under subsection 3, or the 16 agencyborrower or cosigner was unsuccessful in contesting the notice of default under 17 subsection 4, the agency shall reimburse the eligible lender making the loan from the 18 reserve fund to the extent the loan was guaranteed by the fund. Whenever payment of 19 the guaranteed principal balance of any insured or guaranteed loan is demanded of 20 the agency, the note and accompanying evidence of the loan must be tendered to the 21 agency in manner and form to confer good title so that the loan may be collected by 22 the agency as it may determine according to law. Neither minority nor any statute of 23 limitations may be used as a defense against collection of any loan through court 24 proceedings. 25 **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 15-62.1-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is 26 amended and reenacted as follows: 27 15-62.1-07. Fees for insurance and other reasonable costs. 28 The agency is hereby authorized tomay charge reasonable fees for guarantee and 29 insurance to students obtaining or who have obtained loans under this chapter and either actual 30 collection costs or no more than twenty-five percent of accumulated principal and interest to 31 borrowers and cosigners whose loans are in default under subsection 1 of section 15-62.1-06,

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- 1 and suchthe fees must be available to defray costs of administering the guarantee loan
- 2 program. Fees in excess of the amount required to pay the cost of administering the program
- 3 must be deposited in the reserve fund. The authority of the agency to charge reasonable fees
- 4 for guarantee and insurance and collection costs to borrowers and cosigners who are in default
- 5 applies retroactively to all borrowers and cosigners for loans obtained under this chapter
- 6 whenever the underlying note or notes were executed.
- SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 15-62.1-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is
 amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 15-62.1-10. Eligibility for participation in federal student loan program.
 - The agency is directed tomay comply with such requirements as may be necessary to enter into an agreement with the government of the United States for the purpose of procuring funds and assistance for the administration, development, and operation of a guarantee loan program. No provision of this chapter may be construed or have the effect of preventing the agency from complying with the guarantee loan program requirements of title IV, part B, of the Higher Education Act of 1965, or similar acts of the Congress of the United States or with any amendments thereto relating to the guarantee loan program. In the event that the agency guarantees student loans without federal coinsurance, the agency shall, by rule, establish terms, conditions, and standards governing the operation and administration of the guarantee student loan program. In no case, however, may the agency rules serve to further restrict eligibility requirements or loan limits from those which were applicable as of the date the industrial commission approves the guarantee of loans without federal coinsurance or the date of the termination of federal programs providing coinsurance of student loans.
 - **SECTION 5.** Section 15-62.1-16 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
 - 15-62.1-16. Collection order is equivalent to a judgment for garnishment proceedings.
 - A collection order that has become vested under section 15-62.1-21 is equivalent to a judgment, and has the same effect as a judgment secured in a court of competent jurisdiction in the amount stated on the collection order for procedures by garnishment under chapter 32-09.1 against the borrower or cosigner of any note for student loans guaranteed under this chapter.
- 30 **SECTION 6.** Section 15-62.1-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

1	15	-62	.1-1	١7.	Lien.
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- 1. The amount owing on a loan that is in default under the chapter, including principal,
 interest, and collection costs, is a lien upon all property and right to property, real or
 personal, belonging to the borrower or cosigner. The lien arises thirty days after the
 date a notice of collection order under subsection 1 of section 15-62.1-19 is served or
 the date of the final decision of the agency under section 15-62.1-20, whichever is
 later, and continues until the balance of the loan, including principal, interest, and
 collection costs, is paid in full.
 - 2. A lien created under subsection 1 of section 15-62.1-17 is not valid against a mortgagee or other lienholder, pledgee, purchaser, or judgment creditor until notice of the lien is recorded in the records of the recording district where the property subject to lien is situated.
- SECTION 7. Section 15-62.1-18 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
- 15 <u>15-62.1-18. Authority and procedure to administratively establish and enforce a</u>
 16 collection order.
- 17 If a judgment in favor of the agency has not been entered by the court regarding a defaulted
 18 loan awarded under this chapter, the agency may establish a duty to repay the defaulted loan
- 19 through a collection order using the procedures prescribed in sections 15-62.1-19 through
- 20 <u>15-62.1-22 and may enforce the collection order. Action under this section may be undertaken</u>
- 21 at the agency's discretion if the borrower is in default under section 15-62.1-06.
- SECTION 8. Section 15-62.1-19 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
- 24 <u>15-62.1-19. Initiation of administrative action to establish a collection order -</u>
- 25 Required notice.

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- An action to establish a collection order authorized under section 15-62.1-18 is
 initiated by the agency's serving on the borrower or cosigner a notice of establishment
 of collection order. The notice must be served in the manner described in rule 4 of the
 North Dakota Rules of Civil Procedure.
 - 2. The notice served under subsection 1 must state:

1	<u>a.</u>	<u>The</u>	amount of the liability for default under section 15-62.1-06 including all
2		prin	cipal, interest, and collection costs for which the borrower and cosigner is
3		<u>four</u>	nd to be responsible;
4	<u>b.</u>	<u>A lie</u>	n may be recorded against the borrower's or cosigner's property as
5		auth	norized under section 15-62.1-17;
6	<u>C.</u>	<u>The</u>	agency may proceed in garnishment under section 15-62.1-16 and chapter
7		<u>32-0</u>	09.1 against the borrower or cosigner;
8	<u>d.</u>	The	agency may provide notice of the default to a licensing entity for nonrenewal
9		or s	uspension of any license held by the borrower under subdivision c of
10		subs	section 2 of section 15-62.1-06;
11	<u>e.</u>	The	borrower or cosigner may appear at a hearing held on behalf of the agency
12		by tl	ne office of administrative hearings and show cause that a collection order
13		sho	uld not be entered or that the amount of liability for default stated in the notice
14		of e	stablishment of collection order is incorrect because, at the time of the notice:
15		<u>(1)</u>	No loan payment was more than the number of days past due for default
16			defined in the borrower's promissory note;
17		<u>(2)</u>	The borrower had entered, or was in compliance with, an agreement to
18			forbear or defer default with the agency; or
19		<u>(3)</u>	The amount of liability for default stated in the notice of establishment of
20			collection order under subsection 1 is incorrect, inaccurate, or does not
21			reflect actual payments made up to the date of the notice of establishment
22			of collection order; and
23	<u>f.</u>	If the	e borrower or cosigner served with the notice does not request a hearing
24		with	in thirty days after the date of service of the notice, a collection order will be
25		ente	ered, and the property of the borrower and cosigner will be subject to a lien
26		und	er section 15-62.1-17 in the amount stated in the collection order without
27		furth	ner notice or hearing.
28	SECTION	9 . S	Section 15-62.1-20 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
29	as follows:		

1	15-62.1-20. Hearings in administrative action to establish a collection order - Burden					
2	of proof.					
3	<u>1.</u>	A borrower or cosigner served with a notice of establishment of collection order under				
4		section 15-62.1-19 is entitled to a hearing before the office of administrative hearings if				
5		the request for a hearing is served on the agency by registered mail, return receipt				
6		requested, within thirty days after the date the notice is served on the borrower or				
7		cosigner.				
8	<u>2.</u>	If a request for a hearing in accordance with subsection 1 is made, the issuance of a				
9		collection order is automatically stayed pending the decision of the administrative law				
10		judge. If a request for a hearing is not made, the collection order is final at the				
11		expiration of the thirty-day period specified in subsection 1.				
12	<u>3.</u>	A borrower or cosigner claiming that the notice of collection order is incorrect has the				
13		burden at hearing to prove the existence of one of the conditions described in				
14		subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15-62.1-19.				
15	<u>4.</u>	Within sixty days after the date of the hearing, the hearing officer shall enter a decision				
16		determining whether default has occurred and, if default has occurred, specifying the				
17		amount of the collection order and declaring that the property of the borrower and				
18		cosigner is subject to a lien under section 15-62.1-17 in the amount of the collection				
19		order.				
20	<u>5.</u>	If the borrower or cosigner who requested the hearing fails to appear at the hearing,				
21		the hearing officer shall enter a decision:				
22		a. Confirming that a default has occurred;				
23		b. Confirming the amount of the collection order; and				
24		c. Declaring the property of the borrower or cosigner is subject to a lien under				
25		section 15-62.1-17 for the amount of the collection order.				
26	<u>6.</u>	The decision of the hearing officer is a final decision that the borrower or cosigner may				
27		appeal under chapter 28-32.				
28	SECTION 10. Section 15-62.1-21 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted					
29	as follows:					
30	15-62.1-21. Collection orders as judgments.					
31	A collection order is equivalent to a judgment and becomes vested:					

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- At the expiration of the thirty-day period described in subsection 1 of section
 15-62.1-20 if a hearing is not requested; or
 On the date the hearing officer enters a decision in favor of the agency if the borrower or cosigner requested a hearing.
- 5 **SECTION 11.** Section 15-62.1-22 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

7 15-62.1-22. Nature of remedies.

- Section 15-62.1-21 provides a remedy in addition to and not as a substitute for any other
 remedies available to the agency. Any rights and remedies the agency has against the borrower
 are available to the agency against any cosigners. Any rights and remedies the borrower has
 against the agency are available to cosigners against the agency for purposes of contesting
 default of student loan debt. All rights and remedies the agency has against any borrowers and
 cosigners apply retroactively against all borrowers and cosigners whenever the underlying note
- 14 or notes for student loans were executed.